THE WEATHER

Generally fair and cooler tonight; Wednesday, fair and continued cool, moderate north to northeast winds.

THE LOWELL SUN

6 O'CLOCK

ESTABLISHED 1878 | LOWELL MASS. TUESDAY JULY 16 1912 | PRICE ONE CENT

Strikers and Mill Men Confident

REAR END COLLISION OF FREIGHT TRAINS

Occurred at School St. Crossing This Morning But No One Was Injured

A rear-end collision of two extra freight trains occurred on the Boston and Maine railroad, directly underneath the new School street bridge at 8.27 o'clock this morning. Fortunately no one was injured.

The exact cause of the accident is not known, but it seems that the first train, running under the number 2424, which was extra from East Fitchburg, had slackened up upon reaching the bridge and that the other train, which traveled under the number 1496, as an extra from Westboro, was coming along at a fair rate of speed.

The engineer on the latter train threw the emergency breaks on, but as he could not bring his train to a stop the engine struck the caboose and raised the latter to the bridge. The roof of the buggy was badly damaged as a result of its coming in contact with the girders of the bridge. After the collision the engine when right under the car, or in the railroad vernacular, it was telescoped.

The first train was in charge of Conductor Barnes and was going to Salem, while the other was in charge of Conductor W. Decker and its destination was Mystic Junction. Both conductors held a conference and decided to back the engine out from under the caboose. This was done and the wreck crew was summoned to the scene. A dispatch was also sent to Mystic Junction and the steam derrick and crew left there at 9.50 o'clock and arrived at the scene of the collision at 10.20.

In moving the engine from under the damaged car, the latter turned turtle. The men while awaiting the arrival of the derrick directed their attention to removing the broken parts of the car and clearing the rail so that other trains might pass. The collision occurred on the main line, and it delayed travel considerably.

All the inbound trains were run over the south bound track, while the car was resting over the tracks. Upon the arrival of the crews the engine was detached from the train, and the work of replacing the caboose back on the rails was started. After the separation of the damaged buggy, both trains were made up and then started for their destination.

Agent Taft was an early arrival on the scene and he directed the progress of the work. It was some time before the track was cleared, the men, with the assistance of the derrick, working about four hours straightening out matters.

The caboose is a total wreck, the roof being caved in, and all the running paraphernalia being put out of commission.

Those who were in the vicinity at the time and heard the crash hurried to the scene. All were agreeably surprised to learn that none was injured, but it is miraculous how all escaped from the accident without injury.

Other Trains Late

The 10.33 train into the depot was 25 minutes late and the 11.06, 15 minutes behind schedule, before reaching the School street bridge, and both were delayed there a few minutes. Heavy travel is given as the cause of the lateness.

Trousers look, wear, stay in shape better—Use the "IRONLESS," $1.50.

"My Baby Was Sick

and I believe with all my heart that Ani-sen saved him. Another baby that had been changed from the breast to the bottle took sick and almost died. It was only two weeks old. I went to see it, and at my suggestion it was given Ani-sen, which did it a great deal of good." Mrs. S. A. Van Hoy, 1220 Lafayette Ave., Terre Haute, Ind.

Ani-sen is prepared by C. I. Hood Co., Lowell, Mass., and sold by all druggists at 25 cents a bottle.

INTO THE RANKS

Of modern conveniences, comes the electric range.

It especially meets the requirements of the country home—where coal or wood are the only means of cooking.

Lowell Electric Light Corp.

50 CENTRAL STREET

RUSSELL CASE

"FRESNO DAN" GIVES FURTHER ACCOUNT OF HIS MOVEMENTS

CAMBRIDGE, July 16.—Additional details of his recent movements were recited by the Fresno, Cal., claimant to the estate of Daniel Russell at the masters hearing today of the petition of the Dickinson, N. D., claimant.

The Fresno claimant is the one recognized by the Russell family as the rightful and joint heir to the property with William G. Russell, another son.

In his testimony today, he said that since his re-appearance in Melrose two years ago he had been living at the Russell house and that he had received $1200 for his expenses.

He admitted that he asked for his portion of the estate which he understood amounted to $200,000 but that he had been told to wait.

SENATOR BAILEY

ATTACKED PRES. TAFT FOR ATTITUDE IN LORIMER CASE

WASHINGTON, July 16.—Senator Bailey attacked President Taft roundly on the floor of the senate today for his attitude on the Lorimer case, which the Texas senator characterized as "officious and meddlesome." He was referring to the president's expressions on the case in pre-convention speeches and letters to Col. Roosevelt.

Drug Stores

CLOSE WEDNESDAY, 11.30 A. M.

For rest of the day for the

ANNUAL OUTING

Your Vacation

SNAP SHOTS

Carefully Developed and Printed

J. A. McEvoy, Optician

242 MERRIMACK ST.

LOWELL INSTITUTION FOR SAVINGS

1829 - 1912

INTEREST BEGINS AUGUST 3

18 SHATTUCK ST.

NEW BEDFORD MILLS CLOSED TIGHT—NO CHANGE IN SITUATION TODAY

NEW BEDFORD, July 16.—The gates of twelve cotton manufacturing plants in New Bedford were closed today and 13,000 operatives were idle as a result of the strike of weavers and loomfixers for the abolition of the grading system of payment. Determined efforts were made to extend the strike to seven other corporations. Picket lines were established but there was not the slightest trouble during the early morning hours.

The pickets were mostly members of the Industrial Workers of the World and as the employes went to work in the mills not closed by the strike the strikers tried to induce them to quit work. In a few cases the pickets persuaded operatives to remain out of the mills but there was no serious defection in the number of working mill hands.

After the machinery in the mills had been set in motion the pickets departed from the vicinity and the streets assumed a deserted appearance. At the hour of opening the mill gates and beginning operations there were no police near the mills.

The seven mills not affected by the strike have either taken no action in the grading system to determine the pay of the weavers or have removed notices of the system to determine the pay of the weavers or have removed notices of the system from the mill walls.

Of the 13,000 persons out of work in the 12 mills 8,000, it was estimated, were on strike and 5,000 have been forced out of work by the decision of the corporation officials to close their mills until difficulties are settled.

Not one of the 35,000 looms or more than 1,000,000 spindles in twelve cotton cloth mills was running today and throughout most of the mill district the appearance was similar to that on a holiday or Sunday.

The agents of the mills not affected by the strike said that they were operating under normal conditions and declared that they do not anticipate any difficulty with their operatives. Although the Industrial Workers of the World have declared strikes against all the cotton cloth mills in the city the officials of these seven mills now operating announced that all of their employes were at work. No meeting of these officials had been arranged to consider the situation, it was said.

Labor leaders expressed the opinion that the strike would be successful.

Throughout the tenement districts workers gathered in small groups and discussed the situation. Several meetings of the strikers were scheduled. One was an open air session held by the Industrials Workers of the World.

Union leaders planned to open strike headquarters at both the north and south end sections of the city. The Industrial Workers of the World called an outdoor mass meeting for this forenoon but at the Labor temple no meetings were held, the entire time being given over to the enrollment of striking weavers and loomfixers and the lockout operatives in other crafts.

The grocers of the south end held a meeting today at which it was decided to do business on a strictly cash basis during the strike. To counteract, in part, the effect such action might have on the strikers, the union leaders arranged to care for all cases of destitution among strikers.

The manufacturers are placing the responsibility for the strike on the officials of the weavers union. In a statement the manufacturers say:

"They deny the request of the commonwealth of Massachusetts to postpone action for one week pending a conference between the weavers and manufacturers as suggested by the state board of arbitration. They betrayed the weakness of their attitude when they declined to meet a committee of manufacturers face to face at a conference."

REV. MR. KENNGOTT'S BOOK "THE RECORD OF A CITY"

Some Reasons Why it Should Not be Introduced in the Schools

Having promised in our editorial of June 26, some quotations from Rev. George F. Kenngott's book, "The Record of a City," we have since looked over the work very carefully in order that we may deal with the subject in a manner that will be fair to the author and to the public at large, whose interests are involved in the proposition to have the book introduced into the schools of Lowell, the city whose "record" is supposed to be given.

At the outstart we may say that the school board deserves a word of praise for withholding action until the members should have time to examine the book inasmuch as it is

A Very Serious Matter

to place within the reach of school children any book that is misleading as to actual facts or that deals in a suggestive way with certain phases of immorality.

On the question of putting the book into the schools we have already expressed our views and in a manner that has apparently aroused the author's newspaper sponsors whom in the preface to his book he thanks for valuable assistance in the preparation of the work.

In the preface, too, the author states that the writing of the book was originally undertaken in partial fulfilment of the conditions for securing the degree of "Ph. D.," a most surprising motive for a clergyman whose chief aim might naturally be supposed to be the benefit of the city. We had given him credit for better motives; but whether he exploits Lowell and her people for his own advancement or for the good of society, we shall not stop to consider. Our concern is with the character of the work and whether it is a proper book for use in the public schools either for supplementary reading or as a reference book for teachers.

We had intended to dismiss the subject with a few quotations in support of our expressed views of the book; but as, to our astonishment, we find the work defended by our neighbor, the Courier-Citizen, we shall have to go a little farther and show that for use in the schools, the book

Is Wholly Objectionable

and that apart from any such use, its effect is to injure the reputation of Lowell and her people, to spread race prejudice calculated to set the various classes of foreigners at one another's throats rather than to unite them in one harmonious body of American citizens.

Unfortunately our author uses muckraking methods, stirring up a lot of foul odors from a little filth found here and there in the congested districts. Is this not what he does when he presents pictures of the rear or worst side of poor tenements and when he goes so far as to photograph a dilapidated water closet and present it as illustrating unsanitary conditions in the Greek district. That photograph, we believe, was taken from a house

That Had Been Condemned

and ordered vacated by the board of health. Thus the sub-normal and most degraded are held up to view, turned over and shaken before the public gaze, while the normal and the super-normal or in other words, the good qualities that would make the bad look insignificant, are to a great extent passed over in silence. Even where the author does try to say a good word for Lowell, his statement betrays the squeak of the pessimist, arising, we presume, from his utter inability to see any good in the foreign elements of our population or any hopeful sign as to their future.

This treatment, we contend, even if well meant, is calculated

To Injure Our City

with those who do not know the actual conditions; to cause some people to regard Lowell as a moral pesthole overrun with "cheap labor" and "the refuse of the teeming population" of other lands. Such a presentation of what is worst, if regarded as typical, must injure our city irreparably by preventing respectable people from coming here and even by causing prospecting industries to pass our doors to seek cities free from the vices and unfavorable conditions which Doctor Kenngott describes as peculiar to Lowell.

What would be thought of a writer who would depict the people and the conditions prevailing in the East Side of London in a way that might be regarded as typical of the greatest and grandest city in the world, the centre of civilization and probably the centre of the largest government system in the world? It is well when speaking of the submerged tenth to remember that there are still nine-tenths marching on with

Their Faces Set Towards the Light

and in spite of all difficulties and drawbacks, confident of reaching the highest and best the world has ever seen. So, therefore, we would remind every pessimist that the disease is as much in his imagination as in the things he condemns, for even as he views the latter they are rapidly improving.

What is more natural than that strange peoples settling here would, for a time, be unable to catch up with the march of progress? One cause is, that for years after their arrival here their earning capacity is small; but they soon become skilled enough to demand as much as the other fellow. Why not give them time to acquire the expert knowledge necessary to entitle them to equal wages, then see whether they improve themselves as their earnings increase? We might remind the author also, that many an immigrant who left a good home in the old land had to submit to the worst conditions for years after coming to this country; so that this off-hand method of deploring

Continued to Page 6

LOWELL POLICE

DEFEATED SALEM POLICE IN GAME TODAY

The Lowell police baseball team went to Salem today and met the police team of that city. The Lowell team won by a score of 41 to 2.

JOHN GLEASON

TO BEGIN A NEW SUIT AGAINST MRS. THAW

NEW YORK, July 16.—John B. Gleason, one of the lawyers who defended Harry K. Thaw for the murder of Stanford White, is about to institute a new suit against Mrs. Mary Thaw for services rendered in the defence of her son.

THE DRUGGISTS

TO HAVE OUTING AT BASS POINT TOMORROW

Don't be sick tomorrow, for the druggists of the city are going to close shop and enjoy an outing at Bass Point. They will go to the popular resort for an afternoon's recreation.

The stores will close at 11.45 o'clock, and the druggists will then meet in Merrimack square, where they will board special cars and proceed to the Relay house at Bass Point, where dinner will be served. After dinner they will repair to the ball field and play a six inning game. Other sports will also be held and suitable prizes will be given the winners. The prizes were all donated for the affair. The Eastern Drug company, Gilman Bros. and Carter, Carter & Meigs, wholesalers of Boston, gave pipes and other prizes, while R. G. Sullivan sent 500 7-20-4 cigars for the affair.

The return home will be made in the evening.

MORE BANK EXAMINERS

WASHINGTON, July 16.—Because national bank failures have been frequent recently Comptroller of the Currency Murray will increase the number of national bank examiners in all parts of the country.

In New York today he appointed H. E. Pollard of the Mechanics and Metals National bank, an additional examiner for the jurisdiction.

DIPHTHERIA EPIDEMIC NOT LIKELY NOW

According to Board of Health—Registrars of Voters at Work on New Voting Lists

The board of health held a special meeting this forenoon ostensibly for the purpose of discussing the several cases of diphtheria that have been reported within the last few days and incidentally to grant O. F. Prentiss leave to withdraw on his petition to build a stable in West Third street. Because of the fact that eight cultures taken this morning proved negative the board of health feels that there is no cause for alarm. All of the cases are huddled together or bunched, so to speak, and the board thinks that it has not spread beyond a few houses in Franklin street where it first made its appearance. There are only about twelve cases in all.

New Voting Lists

The registrars of voters are preparing a new voting list that must be ready by August 1. A law went into effect this year providing that boards of registrars of voters must notify all voters whose names do not appear on the list that their names have been dropped, the notices to be sent through the mails. This work was formerly done by city committees.

Housing Live Stock

Commissioner Cummings, Francis Connor, inspector of buildings, and Supt. Dowd of the charity department spent considerable time at the Chelmsford street hospital, yesterday, planning temporary arrangements for the housing of the live stock, including 22 cows and six horses and it was decided to house the animals, temporarily, in the carriage shed. The barn that was burned the other day will not be rebuilt until the insurance has been adjusted.

South Common Puddle

The pond on the South common is nothing more or less than a nuisance and something must be done to abate it. Commissioner Cummings says that the pond was cleaned out just before July 4, and that its condition at the present time is just as bad as before it was cleaned. Mr. Cummings says he will ask for money enough to put the place in shape for all time.

Edson Cemetery Bills

There is considerable money owed for the care of lots in the Edson cemetery and Commissioner Cummings will put all unpaid bills in the hands of the city treasurer this week and if he is unable to collect he will have the matter referred to the city solicitor for action.

Contagious Disease Hospital

Mayor O'Donnell says he is just as well pleased that nothing has been done towards the erection of a contagious disease hospital as the state is considering the advisability of taking over all hospitals for the care of tuberculosis.

At a meeting of the municipal council to be held July 23, the mayor will report on the question of a public sanitary, the council having left the matter with him.

SCHWARTZ CONFESSED HE KILLED CHILD

Father Told Him to Commit Suicide

NEW YORK, July 16.—Samuel Schwartz, father of Nathan Schwartz, the young man wanted by the police in connection with the murder of the child Julia Conners in the Bronx last week acknowledged today in a statement made to Assistant Dist. Atty. Nott that his son had confessed to him that he had killed the child and that he had told his son to go out and commit suicide. The father, in his statement, said he believed the boy did as he was told.

Schwartz and four members of his family were summoned as witnesses before the grand jury which today took up the investigation of the murder.

The latest information of the police was that the younger Schwartz was out of the state.

He has been missing since the day following that on which the crime was committed. The child's body was found on the morning of July 7 in a vacant lot and bore 36 wounds, evidently made by a stiletto. It was established by the police that the little girl was lured to a vacant apartment in a house near the lot in which her body was found. In investigating the case the police on discovering that Schwartz was missing looked up his record and found that he was on parole after serving part of an indeterminate sentence imposed in 1910 for a crime against a 14-year-old girl. They sought his indictment today before the grand jury, partly as the basis for extradition proceedings in the event of his arrest in another state.

CITY OF BOSTON

BOSTON, July 16.—The city of Boston was enjoined today from signing a contract with Wells Bros. Co. of New York for the building of an addition to the city hall on the grounds that the names of the sub-contractors had not been disclosed. Judge Loring of the supreme court issued the injunction. The bid of Wells Bros. was $716,000.

U. S. FOREIGN COMMERCE

WASHINGTON, July 16.—Foreign commerce of the United States for the fiscal year 1909 was greater than ever before, new high records being established for both imports and exports. The value of merchandise entering free of duty also reached an unprecedented total.

The year's trade figures made public today by the common and labor departments bureau of statistics shows that the imports were $1,653,426,174 and the exports $2,204,222,088 in value. Imports exceeded the former high record, that of 1910, by about $100,000,000.

MILITARY CONTESTS AT THE STADIUM

Brilliant Scene at the Olympic Games

STOCKHOLM, July 16.—The stadium, in which most of the field and track events of the Olympic games were decided, underwent during the night a complete transformation. Today it was found to be planted with hydrangeas and other bright flowers and studded with hedges, barred gates, and walls which had displaced the cinder path, the jumping pits and gymnastic apparatus.

A brilliant audience packed the banks of seats around the arena shortly before 1 o'clock. At that hour a long cavalcade of officers who were to compete in the military riding events entered the stadium. In their brilliant uniforms the representatives of the armies of ten nations lined up in front of the royal box and saluted the king and queen and the other members of the royal family.

As soon as they had given their military greeting the competitions were started with soldierly precision.

The fourth event, the prize jumping, in the military riding competition comprising a distance ride, a cross country ride, an individual steeplechase ride, prize jumping and prize riding, was completed in the afternoon, and at its conclusion Germany occupied first place with 118.20 points, and the United States was second with 117.49.

STEAMER LOST

BUT ALL ON BOARD WERE SAVED

NEW YORK, July 16.—The excursion steamer Rosedale, plying between New York and Rockaway beach, is reported to have sunk off Rockaway beach. All on board are reported saved.

CARL BUENZ APPOINTED

HAMBURG, July 16.—Carl Buenz, formerly German consul general at New York, afterward German minister to Mexico and later German representative on the board of administration of the Turkish public debt, was appointed today to be the representative in New York for the Hamburg American S. S. Co.

HEAVY RAINFALL

JACKSONVILLE, Fla., July 16.—Heavy rainfall without damage of any consequence was the only evidence here this morning of the storm which has been threatening the South Atlantic seaboard.

THE MEXICAN REBELS TO DESTROY RAILROADS

They Intend to Do Everything to Harass the Government Forces

JUAREZ, Mexico, July 16.—General Pascual Orozco, Jr., within the last 24 hours has ordered the Mexican Northwestern railroad destroyed between Pearson and Madera, 267 miles southwest of here, but the order has been mysteriously rescinded.

The railroad is owned by the Pearson interests, a British corporation, which likewise owns the Madera Lumber Co. Nearly all of the employes, however, numbering more than 500, are Americans. The quandary before the officials today was to whom to reply.

It was said they did not wish to ask the British government to make representations for protection, for while the property is British the employes are American. For the Pearson officials, on the other hand, to order an exodus of their employes would mean to leave the properties and supplies at the mercy of the rebels who already have looted the Madera company's storehouse of several thousand dollars' worth of goods.

That the Mexican Northwestern railroad, along which most of the rebel army now is stretched, is doomed to destruction is generally admitted for the rebels intend to harass the government forces moving northwestward from Chihuahua City. It is feared that after the destruction of the railroad and the telegraph, Americans marooned in the interior would have no redress if depredations by irresponsible rebel bands should occur.

It is doubted, however, to take no chances, and the women and children in the American colonies will be moved at once to the United States.

WOMAN IS ACCUSED OF MURDERING MEN

They Received Bottle of Whiskey by Mail, Drank it and Died

ATLANTA, July 16.—Mrs. Ida Schmidt, a young woman of Atlanta, was arrested yesterday afternoon on a warrant from Birmingham, charging her with killing Guy R. Coleman and Stephen Strickland, who took poison in whiskey sent to Coleman through the mails December 20, 1910.

Mrs. Schmidt is the second woman arrested in connection with the death of Coleman and Strickland, a tragedy which has stirred Birmingham both by reason of the prominence of the victim and of the unusual manner in which they were killed.

The first suspect arrested was Miss Olle Gunter, a nineteen-year-old girl of Elberton, Ga., who was found in Jacksonville, Fla., Saturday and taken to Birmingham. Miss Gunter was released yesterday. The arrest of Mrs. Schmidt followed immediately on the release of Miss Gunter. Both Mrs. Schmidt and Miss Gunter are members of prominent families and their friends refuse to believe that they are implicated in the death of Coleman and Strickland.

Mrs. Schmidt is separated from her husband, and both she and Olle Gunter were residing in Birmingham when Coleman and Strickland received the whiskey that killed them. The detectives are working on the theory that jealousy prompted the deed.

Coleman and Strickland were well to do and widely known. The poisoning has formed one of the most famous mysteries ever known in Alabama. Officers have been at work ever since the strange death of the two men and finally obtained information that led to the issuance of warrants for the women.

Coleman and Strickland were together in the former's office when the postman handed Coleman a package. The package contained a bottle of whiskey. Coleman opened the bottle and both he and Strickland drank. In ten minutes both were dead. The package was addressed in a feminine hand. Detectives refuse to disclose the evidence against Mrs. Schmidt.

BOYS DROWNED

WHILE ENJOYING CANOE RIDE AT SILVER LAKE, N. H.

MADISON, N. H., July 16.—Adolph Graustein, Jr., 12, the son of the prominent milk contractor, and Myron W. Jackson, 14, the son of Charles W. Jackson, both of Cambridge, were drowned last evening at Silver Lake, Newton, near here.

The canoe in which the boys were paddling overturned in the choppy waters of the lake.

No one saw the canoe capsize and it was the sight of it floating bottom up near the shore which first alarmed the cottagers.

Both boys were able to swim but were dragged under by their clothing, although the Jackson boy swam to within four feet of the bank. His body was found in but four feet of water.

The Graustein boy went down in 20 feet of water and failed to reappear on the surface.

No cry was heard at the cottages of both families which are located within a stone's throw of where the two lads went under.

Both bodies were recovered, sent over the road to Haverhill and shipped to Cambridge last night.

THE ORCHESTRAS

TO BE CUT OUT BY MANY NEW YORK THEATRES

NEW YORK, July 16.—The Association of Theatre Managers, which announced over a month ago that it would not agree to the demands for increased wages for musicians, issued a statement yesterday, naming many theatres that will do without orchestras during the coming season. The statement says:

"So far as our organization is concerned there will be no orchestras in the following theatres next season: Gaiety, Fulton, Hudson, Harris, Julian Eltinge's 42nd Street theatre, Liberty, Lyceum, Empire, Garrick and Wallack's.

"Traveling musical companies carrying their own musicians have heretofore carried on an average of 12 men at $35 a week, making the cost of the orchestra $420. Now the musical union insists that no organization carry less than 25 musicians, whose salaries shall be $75 each per week, which would make the cost of an orchestra $1875 a week instead of $420. Under the old scale the cost of carrying an orchestra for a season of 40 weeks was $16,800, under the musical union's new scale the cost would be $75,000."

All of the ten theatres mentioned are associated with Klaw & Erlanger. The Shuberts have not yet announced what course they will take in their theatres.

MATRIMONIAL

Mr. William Cameron and Miss Annie Henderson, both of this city, were united in marriage yesterday by Rev. N. W. Matthews, at his residence, 15 Ellsworth street.

THE little ones take to Clicquot Club Ginger Ale because it tastes good and "doesn't burn the tongue" like other ginger ales. There's nothing better for children except pure, sweet milk.

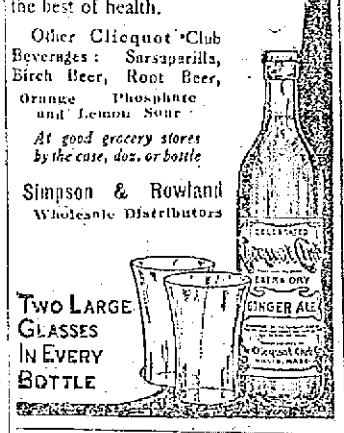
Clicquot Club (Kleeko Club) Ginger Ale

Clicquot Club is non-astringent, and so pure and wholesome—it keeps children and grown-ups in the best of health.

Other Clicquot Club Beverages: Sarsaparilla, Birch Beer, Root Beer, Orange Phosphate and Lemon Sour

At good grocery stores by the case, doz. or bottle

Simpson & Rowland
Wholesale Distributors



BLEASE UNDER INQUIRY

As to Some of His Official Acts

COLUMBIA, S. C., July 16.—Governor Cole L. Blease, who is under investigation by a legislative committee, is 43 years old. He became governor in January, 1910, and his administration

has been stormy. He is accused of accepting money from "blind tigers," and with pardoning convicts for cash. His answer to the charges has been an offer to shoot any man who believes them.

KILLED HIMSELF

EX-SENATOR SANGER FOUND DEAD IN BATHTUB.

BOSTON, July 16.—Clad in his pajamas and sitting upright in the bathtub in his suite at Hotel Ludlow, Clarendon street and St. James avenue, George T. Sanger, 60 years old, an attorney formerly a state senator and a member of the election board, was found dead with two bullet holes in his mouth shortly after noon yesterday. The bathtub was half full of water and the revolver was gripped tightly in the dead man's hand. The only reason that can be assigned for the man's act is that he had been troubled with some nervous disease. Mr. Sanger is survived only by a widow, who is at present at the Brown cottage, Manchester. Medical Examiner Leary said that it was a case of suicide.

According to the proprietor of the Hotel Ludlow, where the Sangers have lived for the past 15 years, Mr. Sanger came up from his summer place shortly before noon yesterday. He told a porter to come up to his room "in about an hour," saying that he wanted him to do something for him. When the porter went up he found the door unlocked and when no response came to his knock he walked in found Sanger dead.

Mr. Sanger had law offices at 53 State street.

FREE! FREE! FREE!

To All Who Are Troubled With

RHEUMATISM

Sciatica, Neuralgia, Lumbago, Sprained Joints, Chest or Lung Diseases, Humors, Weak or Painful Back, Kidney and Liver Complaints, Pleurisy or Gout.

We invite all who are troubled with any of the above diseases to try SPALDING'S WONDERFUL PLASTERS—ABSOLUTELY FREE

Not good after Tuesday, July 16. Hours: 9 a. m. to 1 and 2 to 6 p. m.

Spalding's Specialist will be with us all this week to explain the use of these plasters, and will show hundreds of testimonials from people who have been cured. Don't fail to take advantage of this free offer.

Spalding's Plasters are made different shapes TO FIT all parts of the body.

Cut out this Ad. and present same to Spalding's representative at our Patent Medicine department between the hours of 9 to 1 and 2 to 6, and get a trial of these Wonderful Plasters

FREE

119-123 Merrimack Street.

RIKER-JAYNES DRUG STORE

You Are Safe When You Buy at Riker-Jaynes

COAL PER TON $7.50

Confirming the opinion we have repeatedly given for months—to buy for present use only, and not stock up at the prevailing prices, as there would be plenty of coal for next winter's use, notwithstanding the attempted ill-advised scare to the contrary—we now offer you the best freshly mined coal for prompt delivery at these prices.

Broken	$7.50	No. 2 Nut	$6.50
Egg	$7.50	Old Co.'s Lehigh	$8.00
Stove	$7.50	Jeddo Lehigh	$8.00
No. 1 Nut	$7.75		

Prices subject to change without notice. Telephone 1550

William E. Livingston Co.

15 THORNDIKE STREET ESTABLISHED 1828

Summer Troubles!

For the many sudden stomach and bowel ills so common in hot weather, nothing is so safe, agreeable or speedily effective as genuine

Sanfords Ginger

A delicious combination of ginger, aromatics and French brandy. Look for the Owl Trade Mark on the wrapper, lest you get a cheap, worthless or dangerous substitute. Forty years the standard of purity, flavor and strength. Sold by all druggists and grocers.

MEN!

We Sharpen all Kinds of

Safety Razor Blades

On the Famous "ODELL" SHARPENING MACHINE

This machine will make all kinds of blades as sharp and keen as when new. In fact, we guarantee absolute satisfaction with every order.

Let our expert sharpen a dozen of your old blades and SHOW you just what this machine can do.

GILLETTE," Blades per dozen	35c
SINGLE-EDGE, Blades per dozen	25c
DURHAM-DUPLEX, Blades, per dozen	50c
"STAR," Blades each	25c

HALL & LYON CO

LOUIS K. LIGGETT, Pres.

167 Merrimack Street, Lowell

J. L. Pollard Co.

THE STORE FOR THRIFTY PEOPLE

MEN'S SHIRTS

An Unusual Value for 59c

OUR ANNUAL JULY OFFERING READY TODAY

Some thousand SHIRTS, coat styles, cuffs attached, fine light percale in pretty, neat patterns. Good wearing SHIRTS that are made well, will stand many launderings. SHIRTS that are offered in many stores at $1.00 each. Ready today at

ONLY 59c EACH, 4 FOR $2.00

East Section Left Aisle

SPECIAL SALE OF

White Lingerie Dresses

Is Now in Evidence—LESS THAN HALF PRICE

Having bought the entire stock of made up WHITE LINGERIE DRESSES from one of the foremost dress manufacturers of New York, at a big discount, as they were ending up the year's business July 1st, and didn't want to take these DRESSES into stock. Misses', Ladies', and some Junior sizes. AT HALF PRICE AND LESS.

SEE WINDOW DISPLAY.

Cloak Dept. Second Floor

ON SALE TOMORROW

Black All Wool Voile

ONLY 39c YARD

AT ONE-THIRD REGULAR PRICE

10 Pieces of All Wool Voile, 54 inches wide in jet or blue black, (5 yards will make a dress), any style. ON SALE WEDNESDAY ONLY.

AT..... 39c YARD

Palmer Street Right Aisle

Basement Bargain Department

MERRIMACK ST. SECTION

40 DOZEN

Ladies' $1.00 Shirt Waists

AT..... 49c EACH

Now on sale, 40 dozen LADIES' SHIRT WAISTS, odd lots from the maker at half prices. Shirt waist made of fine batiste and lingerie, trimmed with fine tuck embroidered front. Laces and fine embroidery, 3-4 sleeves and low neck. $1.00 value at, each..... 49c

PALMER ST. SECTION

Mercerized Plisse

One case of best quality of mercerized plisse in half pieces, large variety of patterns in light colors, 15c value, at, yard..... 10c

Cretonne Remnants

Remnants, best quality of cretonne in handsome coloring and large variety of patterns, 15c value, at, yard..... 10c

Fine Mercerized Dress Goods

Just received from the finisher four cases of fine mercerized fabric in light and medium colors, handsome goods for summer dresses, 12c to 19c value, at, yard.... 10c

Infants' Hose

200 dozen infants' lace hose in blue, pink, white, tan and black, 25c value, only, pair..... 5c

Ladies' Cotton Hose

One lot of ladies' black cotton hose, fast color, fine quality, full, seamless, 10c value, at 7c Pair, 4 Pairs for 25c

Ladies' Corset Covers

50 dozen ladies' corset covers, seconds, slightly soiled, large assortment of styles, nicely trimmed, 19c to 29c value, only, each 15c

94 DEGREES IN SHADE AT NOON HOUR TODAY

Many Picnic Parties Went to the Country and Beaches to Escape Heat of City

Several picnics and outings were held from this city today, many of the people, owing to the weather conditions, migrating to the beaches and parks to cool off and enjoy the pleasures afforded them along the water's edge.

The day started off like a scorcher, with the humidity at a point which made the weather very oppressive. The mercury kept going up, and around the noon hour 94 was reported, this being the highest mark reached. Of course this was in the shade and was received from the West Sixth street pumping station.

Despite the heat, no prostrations were reported up to the noon hour.

At 12 o'clock the thermometers at the following places, all being in the shade, registered as follows:

Boulevard pumping station	97
West Sixth street station	94
Station near Plain street	91
Campbell's drug store, Tower's Cor.	93
Henry Bros., Andover street	88

The Lucky Ones

Among those who got away from the heat of the city by enjoying trips to the different resorts were the members of the Colburn Mission church on Varnum avenue. This morning the parishioners, in charge of Mr. Palm, boarded a special electric car and proceeded to Willow Dale, where they all had a great time. The car passed through Merrimack square at 8.30 o'clock, and was well filled with merrymakers. Upon reaching the dale a program of sports was carried out and many went in bathing. They will return this evening, when the sun will cease to shine.

Three special cars with all seats occupied by Lowell people left Merrimack square at 8.15 o'clock this morning for Revere beach. The excursion was the regular mid-week trip of the Bay State street railway, and though it was first planned to send but two cars, the number increased so that another was pressed into service.

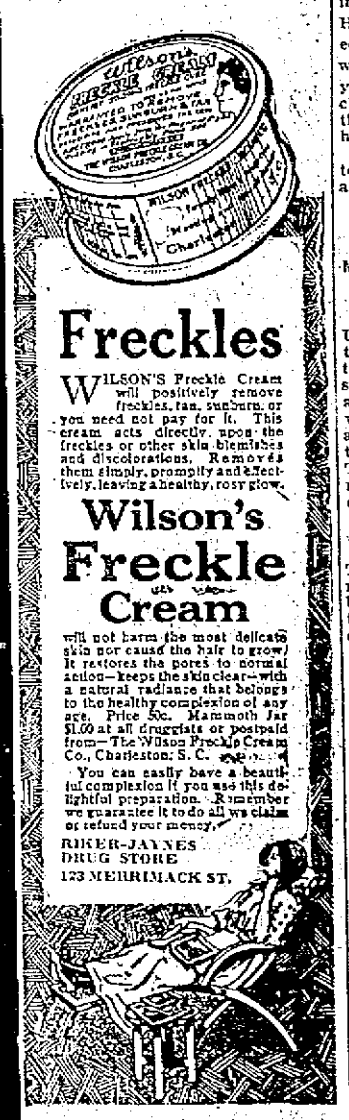
The union picnic of the Chelmsford Centre churches is being held at Willow Dale today. Special cars left Chelmsford for the park at 9 o'clock, and they will leave the park to return home at 5 o'clock. The general committee in charge of the picnic was composed of the following: Rev. C. H. Ellis, chairman; Elmer R. Hill, Frank Hindle, Sidney E. Dupee. The program of sports was arranged under the direction of Rev. E. A. Roadman, chairman, Miss Jessie Atwood, W. H. Hall and Royal Dutton.

SUSPECT TAKEN IN MURDER CASE

Declares Innocence Will be Established

WILKESBARRE, Pa., July 16.—The young man who was arrested here last night on suspicion that he may be Nathan Swartz, for whom the New York police are looking in connection with the murder of Julia Connors, said today that he was Samuel Sukont, 27 years of age, of New York. He declared that his innocence will be soon established.

Get double wear out of your trousers—Use the "IRONLESS."



Freckles

WILSON'S Freckle Cream will positively remove freckles, tan, sunburn, or you need not pay for it. This cream acts directly upon the freckles or other skin blemishes and discolorations. Removes them simply, promptly and effectively, leaving a healthy, rosy glow.

Wilson's Freckle Cream

will not harm the most delicate skin nor cause the hair to grow. It restores the pores to normal action—keeps the skin clear—with a natural radiance that belongs to the healthy complexion of any age. Price 50c. Mammoth Jar $1.00 at all druggists or postpaid from—The Wilson Freckle Cream Co., Charleston, S. C.

You can easily have a beautiful complexion if you use this delightful preparation. Remember we guarantee it to do all we claim or refund your money.

RIKER-JAYNES DRUG STORE
123 MERRIMACK ST.

W. H. K. REDMOND M. P.

May Come to Lowell U. I. L. in September

President Balfrey of the local branch of the U. I. L. states in reply to numerous inquiries that an effort will be made to secure a date on which Hon. Wm. H. K. Redmond will visit Lowell while in this country to attend the United Irish league convention at Philadelphia in the latter part of September.

There are hundreds of Mr. Redmond's former constituents in this city who would join in giving him a grand reception.

The local branch will endeavor to have him come to Lowell before his return to Ireland after the convention.

PARDON GRANTED

TO GUSTAVE HERVE THE ANTI-MILITARY AGITATOR

PARIS, July 16.—President Fallieres today on the advice of the French cabinet granted a pardon to Gustave Herve, the anti-military agitator and editor of a revolutionary organ, who was sentenced on Feb. 23, 1910, to four years' imprisonment on a charge of incitement to murder and the glorification of crime contained in an article in his paper.

Five other prisoners serving sentences for political misdemeanors were also released today.

REP. UNDERWOOD

MET GOV. WILSON FOR THE FIRST TIME TODAY

TRENTON, N. J., July 16.—Oscar Underwood of the house of representatives met Gov. Wilson for the first time shortly after noon today at the state house and went immediately into a private conference with the nominee with whom he lunched later in the afternoon. Mr. Underwood met also at the governor's office Perry Belmont, Thomas J. Ryan and Charles L. Donnelly, the latter two democratic leaders of Philadelphia.

MARSHAL FOR NEW MEXICO

WASHINGTON, July 16.—President Taft sent to the senate today the nomination of Secundino Romero to be United States marshal for New Mexico to succeed Creighton Foraker, a brother of former Senator Joseph Foraker.

MARRIAGE INTENTIONS

July 12—Vassellos Ntaoutakos, 30, operative, 580 Market street, and Demetrouia Kargakon, 22, operative, 620 Market street.

July 13—William Ryan, 28, operative, 562 Gorham street, and Annie O'Neill, 26, operative, 251 Fayette street.

Antoni Uarkurn, 22, operative, 77 East Merrimack street, and Rozia Czianis, 20, operative, same address.

July 15—George Albert Heap, 26, farmer, 39 Carter street, and Hettie Hoyle, 26, at home, same address.

Alphonse Dyer, 32, clerk, 466 Merrimack street, and Alma Labossiere, 22, operative, Holyoke, Mass.

Manuel Eugenio Gousalves, 26, operative, 9 Cherry street, and Maria Martinbra, 26, operative, 7 Charles street.

Reginald H. Sheldon, 29, superintendent, North Chelmsford, Mass., and Lumina I. Cautin, 27, stenographer, 45 B street.

Kazimus Kleckooski, 25, operative, 15 Winter street, and Mariana Tomwewicuwana, 23, operative, 3 South street.

Stanley Garage

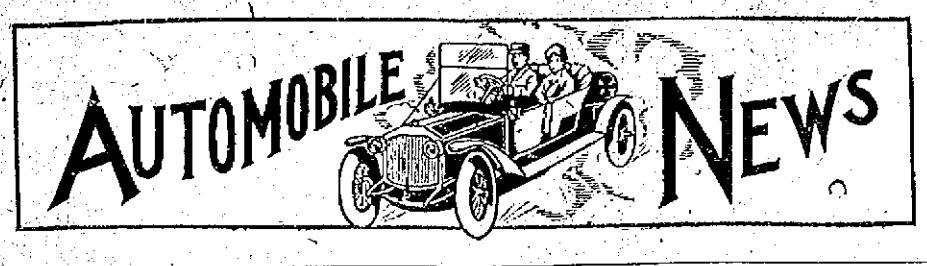
STANLEY AUTOS

Several Bargains In Used Cars From $50 Upwards

REPAIRING, VULCANIZING

Big Reduction in TIRES

THOMAS WILLISTON, Prop. 610 Middlesex Street—Tel. 2916



MOTOR CARS AHEAD OF ROADS

English Authority Criticizes Road Building in This Country

That there are plenty of automobiles, but no good roads in this country to run them on, attesting that the art of road building in America has not kept pace with the motor car industry, is the opinion expressed by Lord Montagu of Beaulieu, editor of the English motoring journal, "The Car," who has just completed an extensive trip through the Middle Atlantic states and Canada, during which time he visited many of the motor car manufacturing centers and carefully studied the road conditions during his trip which covered a period of several weeks.

In an exclusive article which appears in the current week's issue of "The Automobile," Lord Montagu, who is a noted authority on automobiling in Great Britain, relates in an interesting way the impressions he has gathered during his sojourn in this country.

"Just think," said Lord Montagu, "here in America you have three-quarters of a million cars and next year you will have a million, and yet you have no roads to run them upon. Not that you do not spend enough money; your appropriations are on a generous scale, still you put all the money in building the roads and hardly any in keeping them up. There seems to be no legislative method of obtaining money to maintain the roads after they are built. In our country the roads were built before the motor car; in many instances these came down from the early Romans. Our whole road system has gradually developed and we have a regular maintenance tax laid upon the road users. Your roads have come after the automobile and you eat up your appropriations in building, but there is no system by which you tax those who use the road, in order to maintain it.

"Why, if you had good roads throughout the country, tens of thousands of foreign tourists would gladly pay a tax of say a dollar for each 50 miles to come to the United States and view its wonderful scenery. This would mean an enormous inflow of foreign money into the country. The customs house could make arrangements with tourists who intended taking their cars out again so that there would be little expense in that direction. Now these tourists are kept away by the roads. The best roads I have seen during the time I have spent in traveling about the country have been in the vicinity of New York, Boston and Washington. Throughout the Middle West the roads are nearly all dirt and are in extremely bad condition.

"Regarding the motor car industry itself, needless to say it is tremendous; it is growing so fast that it is impossible to tell where we will end. In the cheaper cars especially the manufacturing business is tremendous, as is shown by the great number of your lower priced cars which are sold in England. We have not done much in the cheap car way, but so far have left that for you to do.

"The use of the car in England is different from what it is in the United States. You use your cars mostly for pleasure driving; we have outgrown that. Our business men use their cars to come to the office. We use them in place of the trains. In our own office there are gentlemen who come from their homes, 40 miles from town, daily in their cars. America has not reached the stage yet where automobiles are used on a large scale for purposes of utility; here they are used nearly entirely for pleasure purposes."

Lord Montagu, accompanied by his business associate, Geoffrey Marks, left for Europe on the Lusitania today.

MANY NAIL PUNCTURES

Not Followed by Sudden Deflation

It oftens happens that motorists travel on deflated tires for considerable distances without knowing that such is the case. This is generally due to the fact that punctures are not always followed by sudden deflation, but frequently allow the air to escape very slowly.

A nail which has entered the tread of a tire will not generally penetrate to the inner tube until the wheel has made a number of revolutions. When it does pierce the tube the nail remains in the puncture, so that the tire would not be deflated for hours if the wheel were not in motion.

But with every turn of the wheel the nail as it is brought into contact with the ground moves more or less in its hole and allows a small amount of air to escape. It returns to its original position as soon as carried upward again. The escape of air is hardly noticeable at first, but very soon because the nail is moved about so repeatedly, the puncture enlarges and the escape of air becomes more apparent. This takes considerable time, and in nine cases out of ten the motorist will not notice that his tire is flat until he has traveled several miles.

Oftentimes this is far enough to do much damage, for when a car is traveling on a deflated tire both tube and envelope are literally chewed between the rim and the ground. When the tire is examined it is found that the walls of the envelope are strained and the canvas torn, while the inner tube, if it be repaired and inflated, will show a thousand almost invisible cuts.

DARROW TRIAL

POLICEMAN PIEROTTE CALLED FOR CROSS-EXAMINATION

LOS ANGELES, Cal., July 16.—When the bribery trial of Clarence S. Darrow was resumed today J. P. Pierotte, a policeman in the town of Venice, again took the stand for a continuation of his cross-examination. Pierotte testified yesterday to numerous conversations with Bert Franklin in which the latter protested the innocence of Mr. Darrow. The line of cross-examination by Asst. District Attorney Ford tended to show that the prosecution believe Pierotte to have been an employ of Darrow, who was hired to "pump" Franklin after the latter had pleaded guilty to jury bribing.

THE GRAND PRIZE RACE

Many Foreign Cars Will be Entered

A campaign to secure a really representative field of foreign built cars and foreign born drivers for the grand prix race in Milwaukee on Sept. 17 is now being made by a special committee of the Automobile Club of America through its European representative, the automobile Clubs of France, Italy, Belgium, Switzerland, Canada, Austria, and R. A. C. of Great Britain and Kaiserlicher of Germany.

There are excellent chances that George Boillot, winner of the French Grand Prix June 25 and 26, will bring his Peugot to America to compete at Milwaukee. Likewise hopes are given that Victor Hemery will come over with a Lorraine-Dietrich, while it is sure that Louis Wagner will drive one of the three Italian Fiats which will be entered, the team which worked together in the Dieppe race to be kept intact for Milwaukee.

There has been a slight change made in the conditions for the running of the Grand Prix, the distance being cut from 50 laps to 47 laps of the 8.725 mile course, making the mileage of the feature event 409.075 instead of 436.25 as originally announced.

The road work is progressing satisfactorily and the course already shows much improvement. The placing of the start and finish line will not be done until the various straightaways are in a completed condition.

Look better, and saves $5 to $10 a year. Get the "IRONLESS," $1.50.

STRIKE MAY COLLAPSE

LIVERPOOL, July 16.—The dockers' strike, which began here yesterday when the workmen refused to register under the new clearing house scheme contained in the national insurance act already shows signs of collapse. The men employed by the White Star line started work again in considerable numbers this morning under the protection of the police.

The "IRONLESS" at Clothing, Haberdashers and Hardware Stores, $1.50.

DO IT NOW

Our store closes tomorrow at 11.30 a. m., on account of the annual druggists' outing. Do your buying today if possible. Get your "send out" orders in early. Howard, the druggist, 197 Central street.

CHASE TRUCKS

SOLVE YOUR DELIVERY PROBLEMS

Five Models—All Styles and Bodies, 1000 to 4000 lbs. Capacity.

Lead the world in efficiency and diversity of usage. They constantly earn repeat orders.

Send for Catalogue and further information.

LOWELL MOTOR MART—S. L. Rochette
MERRIMACK STREET.

LOCAL AUTO DEALERS

Say That Business is Keeping Up

Scores of Lowell automobile enthusiasts are this year enjoying their vacations by touring the country instead of spending their entire time at either the beach or the mountains. This makes an ideal way of spending a vacation for with the automobile a person can visit the beaches, mountains and country, spending a few days at each place and also get a good view of the scenery.

This is the time of the year when hundreds of machines from other states pass through this city. Some of the machines bear New York, New Jersey and Pennsylvania license numbers, but then there are many which come from the middle west or south. Yesterday a large car of foreign make bearing a Texas license tag passed through the square and a few minutes later a car from Illinois passed through. Almost all of the cars from other states are headed for the White Mountains.

Bert F. Tabor, the well known musician, is enjoying an automobile trip through the middle west. He left here last week in his Ford touring car for Detroit, Mich., but he intends to visit many places of interest in that section of the country before returning home.

Philip Lederman, leader of the Merrimack Square theatre orchestra, has returned after a pleasant trip through New York state. He made the tour in his Ford torpedo and reports having had an excellent time. He covered about 800 miles.

Arthur Bourke, of the Lowell Motor Mart, and Joseph Gagnon, formerly of the A. G. Pollard Co., but now representing a big shoe concern, have returned after a 600 mile trip through New York and New Jersey. They left Lowell in a Ford torpedo and went to Albany, N. Y., down the Hudson river to New York and then into New Jersey. Returning they came through Hartford, Conn., Springfield, Worcester and Boston.

A handsome Oakland model 40 touring car has been delivered to Daniel Walker, the well known contractor, through the agency of the Moody Bridge Auto Co.

The two Oakland 30's to be used by Deputy Chiefs Sullivan and Saunders of the fire department will be delivered within a couple of weeks and will be immediately put into service upon their arrival. The machines are rated at 30 horse power, four cylinders and a wheel base of 100 inches. Each machine will hold two passengers and in the rear there will be a box for rubber boots, rubber coats, etc. The cars will have red bodies with red running gear.

To do as much busines in the first six months of the present year than was transacted in the entire twelve months of the year previous is an accomplishment indeed, yet this is exactly what Harry Pitts, of the Pitts Auto Supply in Hurd street, claims to have done to date. The increase is all the more remarkable on account of the necessary absences of Mr. Pitts from the establishment. Harry is an out and out enthusiast and besides having his place of business in this city he is also interested in several business enterprises manufacturing automobile accessories out of town, which demand his attention quite frequently. When he is away from the city his local business interests are looked after by Joe McGarry, who is to a large extent responsible for the large increase in business.

The hot weather has no terrors for Tom Williston, who represents the Stanley Motor Car Co., in this city, for yesterday when the representative of this paper paid his weekly call, Tom was working hard over a Stanley, the owner of which was very anxious to have it by dusk so that he might enjoy a spin in the cool of the evening.

Deliveries of International trucks for the past week through the E. E. Smith Co., local agents, were as follows: Sam Scott, the wholesale tobacconist of Middlesex street, purchased a 1 1-2 ton truck, model M. A., and the Billerica and Lowell Express Co., John J. McSheehan, owner, received a 1 ton, model M. A.

MOTHER IS DEAD

CHILD SHE TRIED TO SAVE IS DYING

NEW YORK, July 16.—Mrs. Nelly Kelley, 28 years old, is dead, and her two-year-old baby is dying in a hospital as the result of injuries sustained when both were impaled yesterday on an iron picket fence as they fell from a fourth-story window in their home in West 12th street. Mrs. Kelley fell in a futile attempt to save her child, which had crept to the window and lost its balance in leaning out.

The baby's head was caught between two of the iron pickets, his hand was impaled on another, and he hung suspended by his neck. The mother struck a few feet away from him, the pickets catching her by the shoulder and leg. With her head only a few inches from the ground she hung unconscious. A neighbor called help and Mrs. Kelley and the baby were rushed to a hospital, but the mother died on the way. The child has a fractured skull and cannot recover.

A PERFECT

Electric Horn for $7

—AT—

Lowell Motor Mart

Merrimack Street

THANKS

The PITTS AUTO SUPPLY wishes to thank the automobile owners of Lowell for their valued patronage the past year, and trust that they have been as successful in their business as we have in ours. We still solicit your trade and give you the assurance of the same treatment as in the past. As we owe our success to you, you can feel certain that our aim will be to give courteous treatment, honest dealings and entire satisfaction, and hope, if you have any complaint, that you will tell us, and we will go a long way to make it right.

OUR MOTTO:—Please the Customer at Any Cost

HARRY PITTS SOLE PROPRIETOR

COL. ROOSEVELT

SAYS HE WILL NOT FAVOR GOING ON REPUBLICAN TICKET

CHICAGO, July 15.—All plans for avoiding the use of a third presidential ticket in Illinois by placing the names of both President Taft and Col. Roosevelt at the head of the republican ticket were declared by Medill McCormick, head of the Roosevelt forces, today to have been abandoned.

What effect Col. Roosevelt's announcement from Oyster Bay that he would not favor going on the republican ticket had in bringing about this decision Mr. McCormick refused to say.

The general opinion was that a Roosevelt ticket should be put out, the only question being what offices besides that of president it should embrace.

FELL FROM STAGING

Rufus Bewton fell from a staging while at work painting a building in Arch street yesterday, and sustained numerous bruises. He was taken to his home and today was removed in the ambulance to St. John's hospital, where he received treatment. His condition is not considered serious.

THE LAST DAY

OF FIGHT TO SECURE RELEASE OF HARRY THAW

WHITE PLAINS, N. Y., July 16.—Oral arguments were presented in Justice Keogh's court today which is believed to be their last day of the fight of Harry K. Thaw to secure his freedom from Matteawan state hospital. There was only a scattering of spectators present to hear Clarence J. Shearn, Thaw's counsel, submit his client's case to the court.

A decision is expected by the end of the month.

NOTICE!

Mrs. Agnes Mahaney, accompanied by her sister, commonly known as My Sister and I, have started on a month's trip by automobile through the mountains and Canada, and will be away about a month. Sister and I are widely known and will be glad to meet all of our old patrons and also new ones when we reopen August 25.

Sister and I,
Mrs. Josie Greenwood,
Mrs. Agnes Mahaney.

U.S. GOVERNMENT'S SUIT

Against U.S. Steel Corporation Endorsed

WASHINGTON, July 16.—Members of the house Stanley steel trust investigating committee today practically agreed to recommend the dissolution of the United States Steel Corporation in their report and endorsed the government's suit against it.

A SLIGHT BLAZE

A telephone alarm at 7.54 o'clock last night summoned a portion of the fire department to a slight blaze in a house in West Sixth street. The fire was caused by a lighted match coming in contact with a leaky gas pipe. With the exception of the scorching of the side of the wall there was no damage done.

NEW SOLICITOR GENERAL

WASHINGTON, July 16.—Frederick Lehmann, retiring solicitor general of the United States, paid his farewell call to President Taft today and introduced his successor, William M. Bullitt of Louisville. Mr. Lehmann will leave tomorrow to resume the practice of law in St. Louis.

Not Good to Eat

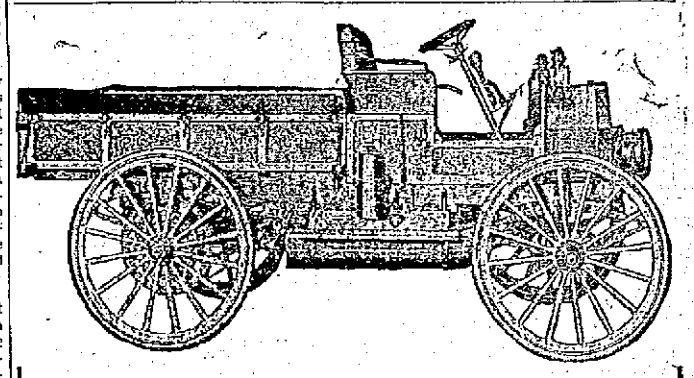
No you can't eat coal, but you will find it just as necessary as bread when it comes to cooking. Who wants to eat raw meats or vegetables. Nonsense of course—but sense—get good coal, the kind we provide summer and winter. Do you know the merits of coal from the famous Kingston colliery? If not, you have never had the best in coal.

Send me a trial order.

John P. Quinn

Office and Yards, Gorham and Dix Sts.

Telephones 1180 and 2480. When one is busy, call the other.



THE I. H. C. STILL LEADS

It's a Year Ahead In Every Detail.

AIR-COOLED, 1 TON.....$ 900.00
WATER-COOLED, 1 TON..... 1,000.00

Let Us Demonstrate It to You.

OUR AUTO DELIVERS THE GOODS.

Ervin E. Smith Co.

43-45-47-49 MARKET STREET.

Automobile Directory

Anderson's Tire Shop Agent for all leading makes of tires. Vulcanizing of all kinds a specialty. Telephone 3821. Accessories and supplies. 129 Paige st.

Auto Upholstering New tops, supplies, etc. Donovan Harness Co., Market street.

Auto Supplies A complete line at the Lowell Motor Mart, New Majestic building, 447 Merrimack street, corner Tilden street. S. L. Rochette, proprietor. Tel. 3780.

Auto Supplies—Pitts 7 HURD STREET. Open evenings. Telephones 52-1 and 52-2.

Auto Tires All makes at the right prices at the Lowell Motor Mart, cor. Merrimack and Tilden streets.

Buick Lowell Auto Corp., 81-91 Appleton st. Phone 3137.

Chase Motor Truck Lowell Motor Mart, 447 Merrimack st.

Ford Automobiles and Ford repair parts at the Lowell Motor Mart, New Majestic building, 447 Merrimack street, corner of Tilden street. S. L. Rochette, agent. Tel. 3780.

Heinze Coils Coil Parts, Spark Plugs and Magnetos at Lowell Motor Mart, Merrimack st., next to city library.

Inter-State Frank D. Donovan, 353 Market st. Tel. 1249-2, or 263-2.

International Auto wagon. E. E. Smith Co., agents for Lowell and vicinity. 43-45-47 Market st. Tel. connection.

Knox Moody Bridge Garage. —Agent— Phone 2058

Maxwell D. A. MACKENZIE, Agent. Tel. 3024. 834 Middlesex street.

Mercier's FAMOUS AUTO LIVERY. 548 MOODY STREET. Phone—Office and Garage, 1911-1; Residence, 1911-2.

Oakland Moody Bridge Garage, Corner Pawtucket and Moody Sts.

Overland M. S. Flendel, Phone 2188, Davis Square.

Pratt-Elkhart "40" New Model F. Agent for Lowell and adjacent towns. F. E. Adams, 1295 Middlesex st., Lowell. Tel.

Rambler 185 Middlesex St., Geo. F. White Tel. 852 and 1992-1

Reo Geo. F. White, Agent. Supplies, 185 Middlesex st. Tel. 852 and 1992-1

Tremont Garage Auto repairing, vulcanizing, cor. Tremont and Moody sts. P. J. McKenna. Tel. 3442-1.

BASEBALL AND FIELD SPORTS

THE SUN SPORTING PAGE

BOXING, GOLF AND ATHLETICS

LOWELL BROKE WINNING STREAK

Defeated Lawrence 6 to 4---Wolfgang Was in Fine Form

WOLFGANG

LAWRENCE, July 16.—The Lowell champs broke the winning streak of the Lawrence pennant chasers in yesterday's game, coming out on the long end by the score of 6 to 4. Lawrence had won eight games straight and the defeat came hard, especially to their great rivals, the Grays.

Wolfgang worked on the mound for the champs and he twirled a good game. Fullerton did the pitching for the home boys and on the go he was strong and it looked as if the "fans" were to witness a pitchers' duel, but when the boys from up the river got going there was nothing to it but the cheering and with Wolfgang working like an eight-day clock Lawrence never had a chance.

Lowell played a fine game in all departments and in the hitting line the fellows who won the flag last season were there strong. Jimmy Magee waved his stick in fine style and connected with four hits, two singles and a couple of doubles. De Groff got three and Halstein kept up the good work by slamming out two beauts.

Miller, who had been on the injured list for a week, returned to his old position at second base and his fielding was the feature of the game. He robbed Chase of a sure hit, by running first and pulling a wonderful one-hander and tossing the Lawrence first baseman out at first. Briggs, who is very strong on the spectacular stuff, pulled down a hummer, when he chased to the fence and got one from Halstein's bat.

Lowell started the scoring in the third inning and scored two runs after two men had been sent to the bench. Magee, the third man up, singled to centre field. De Groff was there with a fine triple and Magee scored and De Groff trotted home when Halstein sent a good one to the outfield. Miller closed the inning on a fly.

In the latter half of the inning Lawrence started out like a bunch of race horses and managed to send a man over. Jacobs singled. Braymaier fanned. Fullerton came to bat and Jacobs stole second. Fullerton then fanned. Carlstrom singled through short and Jacobs scored. Briggs singled to right and the Lawrence shortstop went to third, the former taking second on the throw. Kennedy hit a fast one to Miller, which ended the inning.

In the fourth Lowell added a few more, and they came as in the third when two men were out. The fun started when Lavigne singled and Wolfgang hit to Jacobs, who made a poor throw and the Lowell catcher went to third, while Wolfgang took second. A drive by Clemens scored the Lowell battery. Magee hit a hot one to Phoenix and went out.

Lowell got one more in the sixth. Clemens walked and stole second and then Magee came to bat. Jimmy hit one that Kennedy lost in the sun, and Clemens scored, Magee later stealing second. De Groff flied to Chase, closing the inning.

Lawrence piled up three in the 8th. After Fullerton fanned, Carlstrom singled and Briggs followed with a double. Kennedy hit to Dee, who threw high to first and Carlstrom scored and Briggs went to third. Kennedy stole. Luyster singled and two runs were scored. Phoenix grounded to Jakie, who threw Luyster out at second. Chase ended the inning by fanning.

The last run of the game came in the ninth inning, when Lowell sent one man home. Magee opened with a two bagger and went to third when De Groff grounded out. Halstein singled and Magee crossed the pan. Miller hit to Phoenix, going out at first, and Chase sent the ball to Jacobs at third, who got Halstein on a close play.

The score:

LOWELL.

	ab	r	bh	po	a	e
Clemens, cf	4	0	1	3	0	0
Magee, lf	5	2	4	1	0	0
De Groff, rf	5	2	3	2	0	0
Halstein, 1b	5	0	2	12	0	0
Miller, 2b	5	0	0	1	2	0
Bonites, 3b	3	0	0	0	3	0
Dee, ss	4	0	0	1	5	1
Lavigne, c	4	1	1	7	0	0
Wolfgang, p	4	1	0	0	4	0
Totals	39	6	11	27	14	1

LAWRENCE

	ab	r	bh	po	a	e
Carlstrom, ss	4	1	2	2	3	0
Briggs, cf	4	1	2	2	0	0
Kennedy, lf	4	1	0	1	0	0
Luyster, rf	4	0	2	1	0	0
Phoenix, 2b	4	0	0	1	5	0
Chase, 1b	3	0	0	18	1	1
Jacobs, 3b	4	1	1	1	3	1
Braymaier, c	4	0	1	1	0	0
Fullerton, p	3	0	0	0	5	0
Yates, x	1	0	0	0	0	0
Totals	35	4	8	27	17	2

x—Batted for Fullerton in ninth.

Lowell ..... 0 0 2 2 1 0 0 0 1—6
Lawrence ..... 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 3 0—4

Two base hits: Magee 2, De Groff, Briggs. Three base hits: De Groff. Stolen bases: Clemens, Magee, Halstein. Home to Phoenix, Chase, Jacobs. Left on bases: Lowell 9, Lawrence 5. First base on balls: Wolfgang 1, Fullerton 2. First on errors: Lowell 2, Lawrence 3. Struck out: Wolfgang 7, Times 1.55. Umpire: Stafford.

N. E. LEAGUE STANDING

	Won	Lost	Ave.
Lawrence	40	25	58.8
Brockton	39	30	56.5
Lynn	39	32	54.9
Lowell	37	33	52.9
Worcester	35	33	52.1
Haverhill	33	40	45.2
New Bedford	32	41	43.8
Fall River	25	44	36.2

N. E. LEAGUE RESULTS

At Lawrence: Lowell 6, Lawrence 4.
At Haverhill: Haverhill 4, Fall River 2.
At Lynn: (First game) Lynn 4, Brockton 3. (Second game), Brockton 2, Lynn 0.
At Worcester: Worcester 2, New Bedford 1.

GAMES TODAY

New England

Lawrence at Lowell.
Fall River at Haverhill.
New Bedford at Worcester.
Lynn at Brockton.

NATIONAL LEAGUE STANDING

	Won	Lost	Ave.
New York	54	15	78.3
Chicago	47	28	62.7
Pittsburgh	45	31	59.2
Cincinnati	41	32	56.1
Philadelphia	31	38	47.2
St. Louis	31	49	41.9
Brooklyn	30	48	38.5
Boston	22	50	31.2

NATIONAL LEAGUE RESULTS

At Chicago: Chicago 8, Boston 7, (10 innings.)
At Cincinnati: Philadelphia 2, Cincinnati 1.
At St. Louis: St. Louis 10, New York 6.
At Pittsburgh: (First game) Pittsburgh 4, Brooklyn 3, (13 innings.) (Second game, Pittsburgh 8, Brooklyn 4.

GAMES TODAY

National

New York at Chicago.
Brooklyn at Pittsburgh.

AMERICAN LEAGUE STANDING

	Won	Lost	Ave.
Boston	54	26	68.3
Washington	50	32	60.2
Philadelphia	48	35	57.8
Chicago	41	33	55.7
Cleveland	42	42	50.0
Detroit	40	42	48.8
New York	38	38	50.0
St. Louis	22	56	28.2

AMERICAN LEAGUE RESULTS

At Boston: Detroit 6, Boston 4.
At New York: New York 5, St. Louis 3.
At Washington: Chicago 4, Washington 2.
At Philadelphia: Philadelphia 7, Cleveland 0.

GAMES TODAY

American

Detroit at Boston.
Cleveland at Philadelphia.
St. Louis at New York.
Chicago at Washington.

AMATEUR BASEBALL

The Groves defeated the Crowley Stars Saturday afternoon by the score of 12 to 12. The features of the game were the batting of Sharkey and Taylor and the fielding of O'Hare for the Groves.

The Rangers of Centralville have organized for the season and would like games with any 15 or 17-year-old team in or out of the city. The Rangers would like games with the Tigers, Leaguers, Hudsons, Buffaloes or Crimsons for the coming Saturdays. Send all challenges to Clarence Noyes, 42 West Fifth street, city.

DIAMOND NOTES

Lawrence here today.

Wolfgang had the old spitter with him and he used it to good advantage.

Magee was the star slugger of the game, and he ran bases and fielded in fast form.

"Ben" Keveney, the fellow who operates the electric score board from the Lawrence press box, got it handed to him after yesterday's game by Philippe Stafford. During the exhibition "Ben," who is like the other Lawrence fans, thinking no more of Lowell, a game than an atom, criticized an alleged strike when Lavigne was at the bat. Stafford called him and asked what right he had in the box. They exchanged a few greetings, and the argument was reached when the "score boy" went into the club house where he had no right to be. Stafford told him about it and they fell to it with the result that both went home a few shillings. Keveney went to the station and asked for a warrant, but later withdrew his request.

Halstein continues to hit the ball where they "ain't" and is playing a fine game on the corner.

De Groff increased his batting average a little in the game, getting three regular ones.

Lowell will go to Lynn tomorrow and Lynn will come to Lowell Thursday afternoon and two games will be played. As this will be the real first Thursday afternoon holiday for the store help a big crowd is expected.

Dee is filling in finely at short and his fielding yesterday was great.

Adams Brothers, Platt and Ben, Are Two of America's Olympic Heroes

STOCKHOLM, Sweden, July 15.—Two of the most popular heroes of the United States Olympic team are the Adams brothers, Platt and Ben. The two boys gave up their positions in New York in order to go abroad to help the American team carry off the international meet here, and both have made good. Together they added eight points to Uncle Sam's winning list. In the recent standing high jump Platt finished first and Ben second. The former's winning effort for the event of 5 feet 3 inches is the best Olympic mark since Ray Ewry cleared two inches higher in the gantes at Paris in 1900.

JOE JEANETTE

HAD AN EASY TIME WITH TWO OPPONENTS

NEW BEDFORD, July 16.—Joe Jeanette, the New Jersey heavyweight, who is looking for a match with Jack Johnson, easily disposed of his two opponents here last night in two and four rounds respectively. Mickey McDonough of Brooklyn, N. Y., was completely outclassed in the opening round, and his seconds tossed in the sponge in the second session and saved their man from further punishment.

Jeff Madden made a respectable showing for two rounds, even though he was outclassed by the heavyweight title seeker. In the third inning Madden made a great rally and rushed Jeanette to the ropes with his attack. The latter floored Madden twice before the round expired, and followed up in the fourth by sending Madden over with a stiff uppercut to the wind.

FRANKLINS WON

IN THE CAMPERS' LEAGUE SERIES LAST NIGHT

The Franklins took all the points from the Corinthians in the Campers' league series on the Lakeview alleys last evening. Dow of the winners got the high total, 283. Goward, also of the winning quintet, carried off the honors for the highest single, putting up 111. The latter also was right behind Dow with a total of 252. The score:

FRANKLINS

	1	2	3	Totals
Goward	111	77	94	282
Grimwood	88	94	86	268
Fahey	89	103	70	262
Flynn	73	75	82	230
Dow	105	90	88	283
Totals	466	442	420	1328

CORINTHIANS

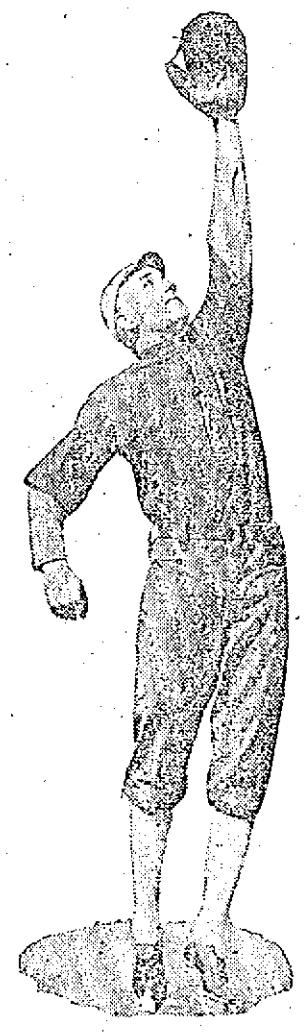
	1	2	3	Totals
Lane	84	85	87	256
Hazelline	89	84	94	267
Sub	84	77	70	231
Peavey	79	77	76	232
Slattery	78	90	82	250
Totals	389	393	411	1193

A CHALLENGE

The Independents of North Billerica are without a game for Saturday, July 20 and would like to arrange a game with any fast team, C. M. A. C., Riverside, Y. M. C. A. Independents or the Bleacheries preferred. Address Manager, Box 265, North Billerica, Mass.

"CHIC" GANDIL A GREAT PLAYER

He is Worth All That Was Paid For Him by Washington



"CHIC" GANDIL

Whether or not it pays to go into the market and bid for young players of promise, even if the prices seem high, is answered in the case of "Chick" Gandil, whose addition to the Washington Nationals virtually made the team. It is generally understood that he cost $15,000, including the assessed valuation of four players and a cash balance, the deal being similar in this sense to the one by which Russell went from Baltimore to the Athletics. Russell's purchase was a dead loss, but that was entirely the fault of the player, who put himself out of the game. So far Gandil has been a success. He has proved that he is a star fielder, and, while possibly he may not hit quite as well after he has been in a time, he shapes up like a man who should at worst bat around .280. And that kind of bingler is not found every day.

If Gandil cost $15,000 he was not expensive as far as can be judged from results to date. None of the players who were let out would be useful right now, as Cunningham was doing bench duty exclusively and Griffith was not using either Akers or Becker to any extent. The difference in receipts since Gandil joined, between what the club would have drawn without him and what it has drawn with him to say nothing of the money the club should get from now until fall, will pay what he cost and leave a balance. The club would have won some games without him, but never could have compiled its long streak of consecutive victories.

MAKES PIMPLES GO

Remarkable How Zemo Clears the Face of Pimples and All Other Blemishes

With the finger tips apply a little Zemo to the skin, then see the pimples and blackheads vanish. Zemo is a liquid, not a smear, leaves no trace, just simply sinks in and does the work. You will be astonished to find how quickly eczema, rash, dandruff, itch, liver spots, salt rheum and all other skin diseases are cured.

Zemo is put up by the E. W. Rose Medicine Co., St. Louis, Mo., and is regularly sold by all druggists at $1 for the large bottles, but you can get a liberal size trial bottle for only 25 cents. And this trial bottle is guaranteed. You surely will find Zemo a wonder. Get a bottle now from A. W. Dows Co.'s drug store.

AMERICAN ATHLETES BEST IN THE WORLD

Sweden Came Second and Great Britain Third in the Final Standing

THE FINAL STANDING

United States	128
Sweden	104
Great Britain	66
Finland	46
Germany	34
France	23
South Africa	16
Denmark	14
Italy	13
Canada	13
Australia	13
Belgium	11
Norway	10
Hungary	8
Russia	5
Greece	4
Austria	4
Holland	2

TRACK AND FIELD EVENTS

United States	85
Finland	27
Sweden	24
Great Britain	14
Canada	7
South Africa	5
France	4
Germany	4
Greece	4
Norway	2
Hungary	1
Italy	1

With the conclusion of the final track and field events in the Stadium at Stockholm yesterday the greatest Olympiad held since the revival of the Grecian carnivals at Athens in 1896 ended athletically. The games were remarkable in many instances.

The athletic and swimming events began Saturday, July 6, and for ten consecutive days track and field sports and swimming of one description or another continued without intermission, and in every event the stalwart and fleet young athletes of the United States were found fighting for victory for their country.

How well the Americans succeeded is best told in the official summary of points awarded each nation. Arrayed against the finest athletes of the world, representing 40 nations, the representatives of the United States proved themselves supreme.

The American exponents of speed and strength, as exemplified in running, jumping and the throwing of weights, won more points for their country than the men of any other two nations, and almost as many as all the countries combined.

In the summing up of all the sports, United States outranked all other nations, scoring 24 points more than her neurest rival, Sweden, whose athletes were competing upon their own hearth stones.

Great Britain, including her athletically inclined colonies, South Africa, Canada and Australia, scored a total of 108 points, but deprived of the 42 points won by her colonies, Great Britain finished in third place.

HORSES HEAVILY PLAYED FAILED TO WIN OUT

Jack London and Henry H. Were Beaten at the Grand Circuit Meet

KALAMAZOO, Mich., July 16.—The second week of the grand circuit season of 1912 opened at Recreation park yesterday afternoon with a small attendance and a program which proved to be rather ordinary, none of the four events raced bringing out such sort of contests as were seen in the majority of the events at Grand Rapids last week.

Two favorites won and two other heavy first choices were bowled over, the big smash being the defeat of the international "ringer," Jack London, who masqueraded last season through Canada and the eastern states under the name of Professor Sphinx. He was played by the talent before the start of the 2.10 trot as though he were already in, but trotted a very bad race, and shows no indications of being the "R. T. C. of 1912," a title which was predicted for him at the close of last season.

The feature event of the day was the $2000 Hotel stakes for 2.06 pacers, and in spite of his defeat last week the black four-year-old Braden Direct was first choice at $27, Sunny Jim bringing $25, Golden Seal $7 and the field $8. The first heat was a battle between the first two choices, the colt winning in 2.05¼, a new record for him. He broke in the second, which went to Eddie Dillard, but came back in the third and gave them all a beating in handy fashion. Braden Direct won the Kentucky futurity last fall, a seven heat race which lasted two days.

Tom Murphy's M. and M. candidate, Queen Worth, won her third straight victory when she annexed the 2.16 trot in very easy fashion, trotting well within herself at all times.

The Long Island trainer did not have as good luck with Jack London, who was a big favorite. The 1911 masquerader won the first two heats like a real race horse, but when Derby Boy and Dandy Wood worked into him in the third round he faded like the leaves in autumn, the veteran Knapp McCarthy, who drove race horses when "Pop" Geers was a boy, winning off the reel with the Derby Boy. In the final heat he pulled his mount to a walk under the wire in order to let Jack London inside the flag.

The $2000 stake for 2.14 pacers furnished another overrun of a favorite, Henry H., the first choice, winning the first heat easily and then being beaten by the Minneapolis mare, Pearl Patch, a daughter of the champion Dan Patch.

During the forenoon W. G. Durfee, the California trainer, worked the 3-year-old trotting futurity candidate, Manrico, a mile in 2.10, one of the best performances of the season by one of his age.

The feature of the program for today is the $3000 stake for 2.08 trotters, which will bring together the great California mare, Helen Stiles, 2.05¼, and the 1911 M. and M. winner, Anvil, 2.07¾, both winners last week at Grand Rapids.

2.16 trot, purse $1,00, 3 in 5.

Queenworthy, b. m. by Axworthy (Murphy)	1	1	1
Funny Crank, b. g. (Geers)	3	3	3
Nutline, ch. g. (Hoffman)	2	4	6
Lulu S., b. m. (E. Benyon)	6	5	2
Emily Morris, b. m. (Ray)	4	3	4
Lamarck, Jr., b. h. (McMahon)	5	6	5
Sadie Colbert, b. m. (Shively)	5	6	5

Time—2.10¼, 2.14½, 2.11.

2.07 pace, purse $2,000, 2 in 3.

Braden Direct, blk. h, by Baron Direct (Eagan)	1	8	1
Eddie Dillard, ch. h. (Snow)	3	1	3
Sunny Jim, ch. h. (Shively)	2	7	2
Don, ch. g. (Brown)	5	2	5
Kirby Star, b. m. (McMahon)	6	3	4
Ruth D., b. m. (Murphy)	4	6	8
Sarah Ann Patch, blk. m. (Cox)	7	5	7
Gold Seal, ch. m. (Kerr)	3	4	6
Ty Cobb, ch. g. (Colby)	dis		

Time—2.05¼, 2.07¼, 2.06¼.

2.12 trot, purse $1,000, 3 in 5.

Derby Boy, b. g., by Norval (McCarthy)	2	2	1	1	1
Dandy Wood, b. g. (J. Benyon)	3	3	2	2	2
Jack London, ch. g. (Murphy)	1	1	3	3	3
Rediac, Jr., blk. h. (Cox)	5	4	dis		
Fuzz Johnson, b. h. (Geers)	4	dis.			

Time—2.14¼, 2.10¼, 2.11¼, 2.12¾, 2.-18

2.14 pace, purse $2,000, 3 in 5.

Pearl Patch, b. m., by Dan Patch (H. Gray)	2	1	1	1
Henry H., b. g., (Dean)	1	2	2	2
*Baron A., b. g., (Cox)	3	4	3	5
*The Assessor, b. g. (Geers)	5	3	4	3
Danish Girl, b. m. (Rodney)	4	5	5	4
Fanny D., b. g., (Dean)	6	6	6	dr
Alice K., b. m. (McMahon)	7	dis		

Time—2.07¼, 2.06¾, 2.11¾, 2.11¾.

*—Divided third money.

THE VOGUE OF RATINE

To say that ratine is merely a vogue very inadequately expresses the hold this rough surfaced material has upon us, although at present the price renders it prohibitive to the large public, a condition that one surmises may continue, for the charm of ratine is its quality. It is impossible to imagine a ratine that is not all wool or one brought out in any way under cheapened conditions.

As the pioneer of rough surfaced fabrics there could scarcely have been found one better assured of success, while the extraordinarily straight, apparently simple styles in vogue today are most happily attuned to such a material.

Eyes and voices are both alike often raised in expostulation over the price of dress materials today. But this is foolishness, since the whole essence of a successful creation depends primarily upon the superfine quality of the stuff employed—not quantity.

GREAT BRITAIN IS RIGHT SAYS SENATOR ROOT

Claims Treaty Forbids Favor to the United States in Matter of Tolls

WASHINGTON, July 16.—Great Britain's protest that the United States has no right, under the Hay-Pauncefote treaty, to pass its own coastwise vessels free through the Panama canal, while it collects tolls from British and other foreign ships, found emphatic support in the senate yesterday.

Opening the fight over the Panama canal bills, sent to the senate by the house, in which the free provision is an important feature, Senators Burton of Ohio and Root of New York outlined the ground upon which the enemies of free American ships will fight their battle.

Both senators declared Great Britain had surrendered important rights at Panama, held under the former Clayton-Bulwer treaty, for the pledge of "equal treatment" to all ships, given by the United States in the existing Hay-Pauncefote treaty. The controversy hinges on the question of whether the United States, in its pledge to treat the ships of "all nations" equally, meant to include vessels owned by its own citizens.

Senator Root, former secretary of state, unreservedly declared that The Hague court would be called upon to settle the issue of the United States passed the bill with the free provision, which he characterized as "unjustifiable discrimination," against other nations. A decision against the United States by The Hague court, he said, would undoubtedly involve this country in the repayment of millions of dollars to the owners of foreign ships, which might have been taken in as tolls at the canal.

It was expected by the state department officials yesterday that the detailed British statement of protest to the canal legislation would arrive in New York within the next 48 hours. When it will reach Washington will depend upon whether Mr. Innes, the British charge, meets the mail steamer in New York and comes to Washington with his message, or whether it will be necessary for it to come to Secretary Knox by the way of Kineo, Me., the summer home of the British embassy.

The British argumentative statement will probably be submitted by President Taft to congress, perhaps accompanied by a special message.

Senator Burton declared his opposition, not only to the house provision for free passage of American coastwise craft, but to the senate committee's proposed exemption of vessels of American registry from tolls where the owners agree to dispose of them to the government in emergencies. He said the United States had demanded equality of access to waterways in other countries and there had been an understanding that the isthmian canal should be opened free and equal to all.

He said a clear enunciation of American policy was laid down after a controversy in 1888, when the United States, after threatening retaliation by a congressionally authorized proclamation, was accorded access to artificial waterways north of the Canadian boundary line on the same terms as the dominion citizens. He contended that American policy should not change like a kaleidoscope to suit changing interests. He agreed that an exception might be made in the interest of American warships.

EX-SEN. GRIMES

CANDIDATE FOR CONGRESSIONAL NOMINATION

Former Senator James W. Grimes of Reading has taken out papers for the republican congressional nomination in the fifth district from which Butler Ames is now retiring. Fred F. Walker of Burlington, now state cattle commissioner, is also talked of as a republican candidate.

KILLS HORSES

IN ATTEMPT TO SAVE MAN'S LIFE

PHILADELPHIA, July 16.—Two of the finest ambulance horses in Philadelphia, valued at $1500, dropped dead yesterday afternoon after making a desperate 15-mile run in an effort to save the life of a laborer.

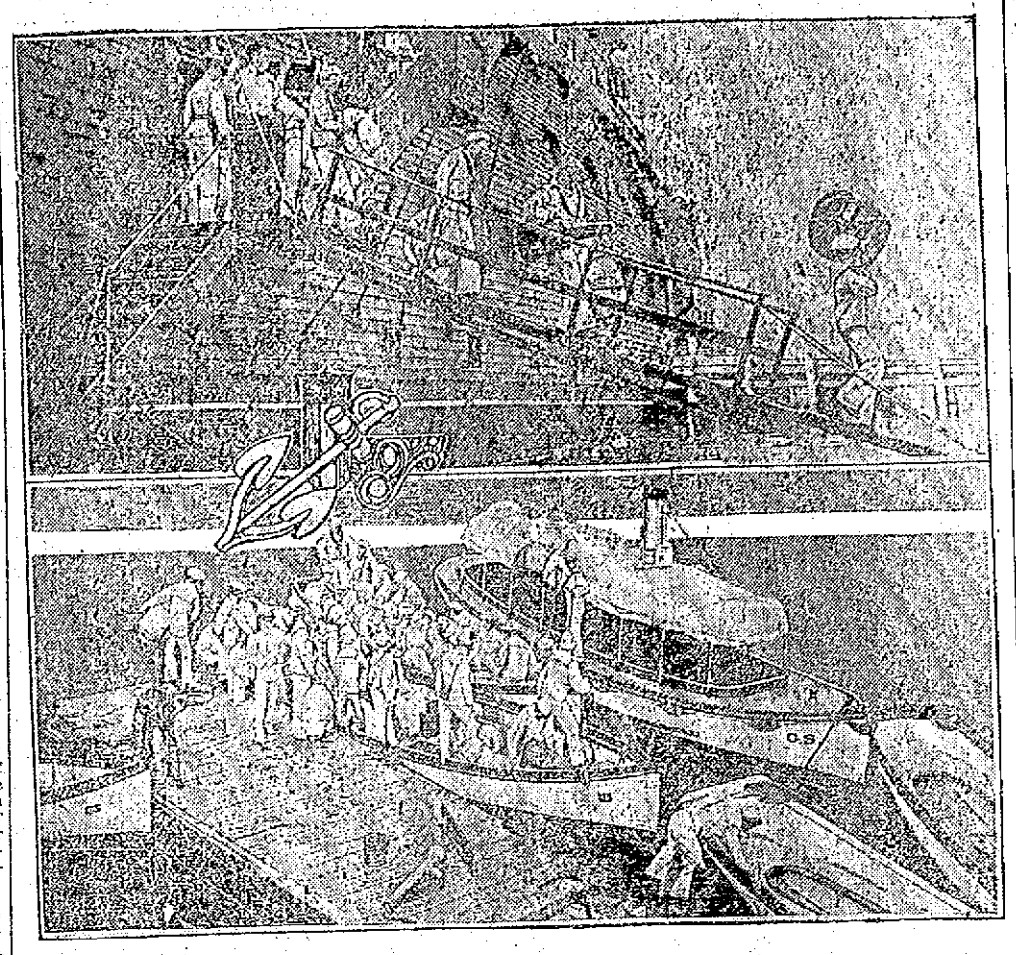
Physicians at the Hahnemann hospital were notified that Pellegrini Palladino was dying of tetanus at Clifton Heights. Ambulance Driver Gallagher kept the horses at top speed all the way to the patient. Dr. John M. Hutchinson noticed that he was on the point of death. He called upon Gallagher to get the man to the hospital even though he had to kill the team. Gallagher did. As they reached the entrance to the Hahnemann hospital both horses dropped.

The hospital physicians hope to save Palladino.

Frightful Polar Winds

blow with terrific force at the far north and play havoc with the skin, causing red, rough or sore chapped hands and lips, that need Bucklen's Arnica Salve to heal them. It makes the skin soft and smooth. Unrivaled for cold sores, also burns, boils, sores, ulcers, cuts, bruises and piles. Only 25 cents at A. W. Dows & Co.

The Naval Militiamen Are Uncle Sam's Bold Amateur Jack Tars



Upper—Leaving the receiving ship for active service. Lower—Naval militiamen embarking for the summer cruise.

Off for the high seas—also for the high C's. Notice the fellow with the guitar case in the picture? He's one of Uncle Sam's bold amateur jack tars on his way, with lots of others, to learn how the ships are handled, how the guns are pointed and fired, how the electric dynamos perform most of the work of the navy, and lots and lots of other things. Before he gets through he will have done much hard work, mental and manual. But, also before he gets back to his home he will have had some good times, in messroom and forecastle and on shore. Like all sailors, amateur and professional, the naval militiaman knows how to relax when the proper time comes. Besides, he's a favorite with the ladies. That's where the guitar comes in.

The men and officers of the naval militia stand in the same relation to the army as the national guard does to the regular army. They form a line of reserve wherefrom the government may draw officers and men for its ships in case of need. Not every man—not even every American, with his inborn theory that he can do anything with thirty minutes' training and half a day's experience—can step aboard a dreadnought or even a torpedo boat for the first time and run it successfully. It takes training and time to acquire a knowledge of the complicated, intricate, delicate piece of mechanism known as a modern warship. Pulling ropes made a sailorman in the old days, but watching a steam gauge won't do it now.

So the naval militiaman has to leave home and mother and sweetheart for a brief time each year and learn the duties of his avocation. Uncle Sam does all he can to help him.

This year's naval militia program required the militia of Maine, Massachusetts, Connecticut and Rhode Island to rendezvous at Provincetown, Mass., from July 8 to 15, on the warships Chester, Iowa, Marietta, Elfrida and Ozark. The New York, Pennsylvania, District of Columbia and North Carolina men were ordered to gather in Tangier sound, Chesapeake bay, from July 15 to 22, on the warships Rhode Island, Aileen, Machias and Chicago. South Manitou island, Lake Michigan, from Aug. 12 to 19, will see the assemblage of naval militiamen from the Great Lakes states. It was not found practicable to arrange a rendezvous for the amateur tars of the Pacific coast. The organizations of the various states made arrangements for independent cruises, the naval militia of the state of Washington making a cruise on the Pennsylvania, that of Oregon on the Maryland, the cruise period lasting from June 16 to 26, and the Californians were ordered to make the cruise on the Marblehead from July 6 to 21. Target practice of the naval militia organizations on the Pacific coast will take place later in Puget sound.

For a body only twenty-two years old the naval militia is in flourishing condition. The latest figures credit it with having 563 commissioned officers, 26 warrant officers, 1058 petty officers and 5388 men, a total of 7035. Twenty-two states and the District of Columbia have organizations, the largest being New York, with a total of 794 officers and men. The pictures show some of the New Yorkers leaving for an annual cruise.

The navy department has assigned thirty-six vessels, all small, to the various state bodies. All matters relating to the naval militia of the United States come under the cognizance of the assistant secretary of the navy, who transacts all business with the naval militia through the governors and adjutants general or quartermasters general of the states. At present the officer in the navy department in Washington in immediate charge of naval militia affairs is Commander Archibald H. Davis.

The naval militia is referred to sometimes as the naval reserve, but such reference is not a correct practice and the navy men, sticklers for correctness and propriety, do not like to have the body misnamed. The United States has no naval reserve in the sense that England has. There the naval reserve is an important part of the national defense. Every seafaring man, boatman and fisherman of the coasts of the British isles is enrolled in the royal naval reserve and may be called upon for duty in case of war. The men thus enrolled receive small subsidies from the government.

The American naval militia is under the control of the states. When the naval militia was organized, twenty-two years ago, it was intended to model it along the lines of the British naval reserve, but other counsels prevailed. At first the organization was known as the naval reserve artillery, and its purposes were the assumption of charge of the coast defense and the study of torpedo work, handling of the naval guns and laying of mines.

35 Evans Street, Buffalo, N. Y., June 6, 1912.

"I was troubled with dandruff, which caused such severe itching that I could not sleep. It sifted onto my clothes, in a very annoying way, and my hair began to disappear.

"Having tried many remedies without success, I finally bought a fifty-cent jar of Resinol Ointment, and rubbed it on my scalp twice a week, washing the hair every morning with Resinol Soap. In about a week I was entirely cured."

(Signed) FRED POLITO.

Resinol stops dandruff, itching scalp and loss of hair

Shampoo regularly with Resinol Soap. Its soothing, healing balsams insure a healthy scalp, free from dandruff and itching. This prevents loss of hair and permits its natural growth and beauty. Besides, Resinol Soap is one of the very few soaps that contains no alkali—always so drying and destructive to the hair.

In severe cases of dandruff, scalp-crusts and falling hair, a little Resinol Ointment should be gently massaged into the scalp at night, followed by a shampoo with Resinol Soap in the morning.

Sample free: Your druggist sells Resinol Soap (25c) and Resinol Ointment (50c) and recommends them, not only for the care of the hair, but for all sorts of skin troubles, pimples, blackheads, sores, boils, burns, or poison oak, poison ivy, sunburn, and itching piles. For free samples of each write to Dept. 8C, Resinol Chem. Co., Baltimore, Md.

Robillard were married yesterday, the ceremony taking place at a nuptial mass celebrated at 8 o'clock at St. Jean Baptiste church, the officiating clergyman being Rev. Charles Paquette, O. M. I. The witnesses were Messrs. Odilon Drouin and Joseph Godfroi. A wedding dinner was served at the home of the bride's mother, Mrs. Joseph Godfroi, 2 Racine place, and this evening a supper and reception will be held at the home of the bridegroom's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Odilon Drouin, 22 Martin street. Among the guests were the Misses A. Lemieux and S. Rivard of Manchester, N. H. The happy couple will leave Saturday for Hampton beach where they will spend a week. On their return they will make their home at 79 Mt. Hope street.

LANOUE—FRECHETTE

Mr. Joseph Arthur Hormisdas Lanoue and Miss Marie Eva Frechette were married yesterday. The ceremony was performed at a nuptial mass celebrated at seven o'clock in the chapel of St. Joseph's rectory, Rev. Fr. Graton, O. M. I., officiating. The witnesses were Messrs. Ferdinand Rousseau and Remi Laforest. A wedding breakfast was served at the home of the bride, 93 Pawtucket street, and at 11.30 o'clock the happy couple left for a brief wedding tour.

One of the windows in the lobby of the Bay State street railway on Paige street dropped out this afternoon when a heavy team passed by. No one was near the building at the time and outside of smashing the window to pieces there was no damage.

THE WYOMING

BIG BATTLESHIP TO HAVE OFFICIAL TRIAL TRIP

PHILADELPHIA, July 16.—The new battleship Wyoming, which left here yesterday for her official trial trip off the Maine coast, was anchored this morning at Deep Water Point, 26 miles south of this city. It was reported last night that the big warship was aground but this was denied by the Cramp company, which built the vessel. The Wyoming will probably proceed to sea on the next high tide.

CHIEF STONE

RESUMES PRESENTATION OF CASE OF ENGINEERS

NEW YORK, July 16.—Warren S. Stone, chief of the locomotive engineers, resumed his presentation of the case of the engineers of the eastern railroads when thearbitration commission met this morning. He said that when he had completed his outline of the claims of the engineers and firemen by statistics to prove that their contention for shorter hours and increased pay was justified he would call as witnesses several engineers of 18 hour trains between New York and Chicago and men who operated some of the new type of "Mallet" locomotives for heavy freight trains.

The 50 railroads involved will, through their lawyers, occupy several days presenting voluminous evidence in support of their claim that the engineers are paid all that the earnings of the roads will warrant.

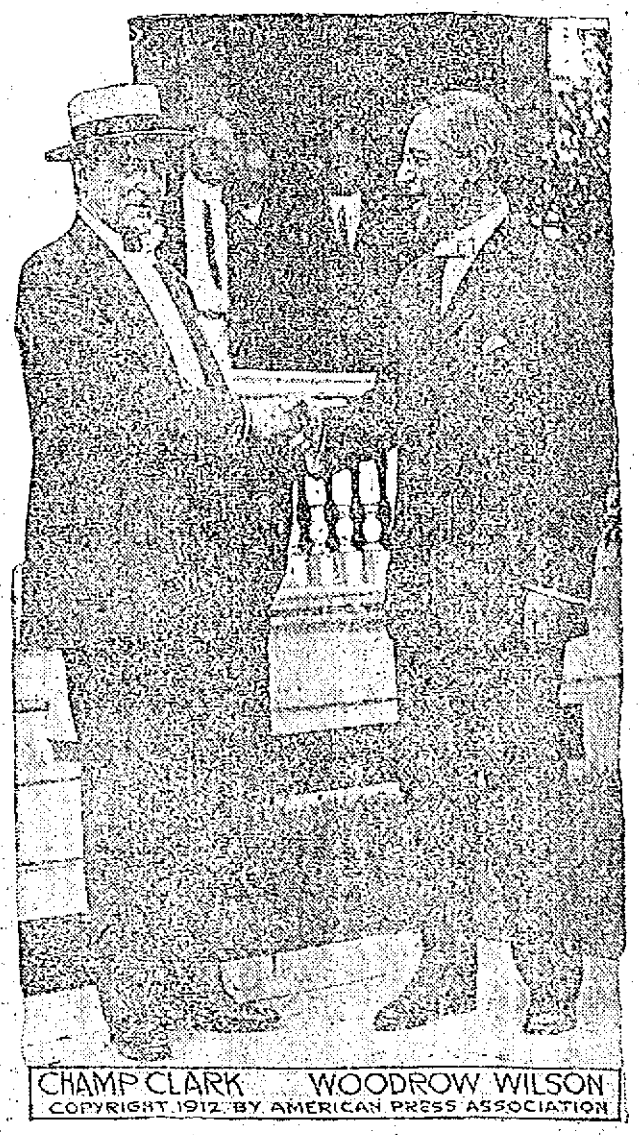
CHILD RUN OVER

BOSTON, July 16.—Carl O. Dewinger, 3 years old, was run over and probably fatally injured in front of his home, 415 Salem street, Malden, by a Malden bound Malden-Revere Beach car at 7 o'clock last night. The child, who is one of the four children of Paul Dewinger, was sitting on the back steps of his home feeding the chickens, when neighbors called to him that two of the birds were in the street.

The father told his daughter, Nellie, to go and get them. A few minutes later he heard screams from the street and a cry that someone was run over. He ran to the front of the house and saw a boy under the wheels of the car, which was in charge of Motorman Colin Chisholm and Conductor Thomas M. Paine, both of Malden. He ran out to help and found that it was his own son.

The little fellow was taken to the Malden hospital, where it was found that one leg was amputated and the other badly torn between the knee and the ankle. He was placed on the dangerous list, and his recovery is doubted.

Speaker Clark Promises to Aid Woodrow Wilson's Campaign



CHAMP CLARK WOODROW WILSON
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SEA GIRT, N. J., July 16.—Speaker Champ Clark, who came here for a conference with Woodrow Wilson, has promised to make a series of speeches for the democratic ticket after congress adjourns. Mr. Clark says he has never failed to take part in a democratic fight since he entered politics, and he will follow his usual course this year. The speaker remained at the "Little White House" for nearly two hours, and much of the time was in secret conference with Candidate Wilson.

MATRIMONIAL

The wedding of Mr. Thomas Theriault and Miss Amanda Gauthier was solemnized yesterday, the ceremony being performed at a nuptial mass celebrated at 6.45 o'clock at St. Jean Baptiste church, Rev. Antoine Amyot, O. M. I., officiating. The young couple were attended by Messrs. Alfred Theriault and Evariste Montbleau. After the ceremony the bridal party repaired to the home of the bride's mother, Mrs. Antoine Gauthier, 98 Gage street, where a dainty breakfast was served. This evening a reception will be held at the home of the bridegroom's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Alfred Theriault, 48 Circuit street, South Lowell, where Mr. Joseph Desrosiers and Miss Marie Louise Desbiens will act as best man and bride of honor, respectively. The happy couple will leave Saturday for a brief honeymoon trip and on their return they will make their home at 98 Gage street.

DUCHARME—LAFLEUR

Mr. Joseph Raoul Ducharme and Miss Marie Elise Lafleur were united in the bonds of matrimony, the ceremony being performed at a nuptial mass celebrated at St. Joseph's church at 7 o'clock by Rev. Fr. Baron, O. M. I. The witnesses were Messrs. Hildege Ducharme and Edmond Pinard. After the mass a breakfast was served at the home of the bridegroom's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Hildege Ducharme, 324 Aiken street, where a reception will be held this evening. Mr. and Mrs. Ducharme will make their home at 324 Aiken street.

DROUIN—ROBILLARD

Mr. Philippe Drouin and Miss Maria

BEAUTIFUL HANDS AND ARMS

A FAMOUS BEAUTY GIVES HER SECRET TO THE WORLD

A Free Prescription You Can Prepare at Your Own Home

Many women take perfect care of their face and clothes, yet neglect their hands. Rough, red hands are almost as unattractive as ill-kept teeth.

It is a simple, easy matter to keep your hands smooth and beautiful. The following prescription, which you can compound at your own home, is famous for the marvelous, instantaneous result it gives:

Get from your druggist one ounce of Kulux Compound. Put it in a two-ounce bottle, add quarter of an ounce of witch hazel, fill with water and shake well.

You will be surprised at the result when applied to your hands, arms or neck. Blemishes of every kind disappear as if by magic. Freckles, tan, rough skin, coarse pores, yield instantly to this application. This is the private prescription of a famous Parisian beauty.

BRIGHT, SEARS & CO.
WYMAN'S EXCHANGE
Bankers and Brokers
SECOND FLOOR

Health and Beauty Advice

BY MRS. MAE MARTYN

Alea M.: A plain quinzoin hair-tonic will quickly stop the irritation and soothe your tender scalp. To prepare, pour 1 ounce quinzoin into ½ pint alcohol and to this add ½ pint water. Using this quinzoin tonic regularly banishes dandruff and excess oiliness, makes the scalp healthy and induces an abundant growth of even-colored, fluffy, brilliant hair.

Myra S.: I know you feel uncomfortable carrying around so much fat this hot weather, but if you dissolve 4 ounces parnotis in 1½ pints hot water and take a tablespoonful before meals you will soon regain your former weight and shapely figure. The parnotis treatment is quite harmless and dissolves the fat without any present or future ill effects. After your weight is where you want it, your flesh will be solid and the skin free from wrinkles. Then, too, this method does not call for dieting or violent exercise.

Bride: The skin on your hands and face will be of a velvety softness and free from blemish if you apply each day a plain almozoin cream-jelly made by adding 1 ounce almozoin to ½ pint cold water in which has been stirred 2 teaspoonfuls glycerine. This cream-jelly is elegant for ridding the skin of pimples, blackheads, freckles, lines and that "muddy" condition. It also rounds out hollows and lends a charming tint and youth-look to prematurely aged skins. You will find the almozoin cream-jelly far superior to anything you ever used, and it positively will not grow hairs.

Ethel: Use a delatone paste and you will be quickly rid of those annoying hairs. With some water mix enough powdered delatone to cover the hairs not wanted. Apply, and after 2 or 3 minutes rub off and wash the skin. This removes every trace of hair and leaves the skin firm and smooth.

Mrs. Bob—Straggly eyebrows can be made to come in thick and silky if pyroxin be applied occasionally with forefinger. For short lashes, apply pyroxin at lash roots with forefinger and thumb and they will come in long and curly. Be careful and don't get any pyroxin where no hair is wanted.

Edith: Aching eye-muscles do not indicate a pressing need for glasses. Try this harmless eye tonic and I am sure you will find prompt relief: In 1 pint clear, cold water dissolve 1 ounce crystos, then each day put 2 or 3 drops of this in the eyes. The crystos eye-tonic is especially nice for granulated lids and to remove foreign particles. To dull eyes it gives a delightful sparkle and expression.

Aledo: Perspiration will not cause your hair to become "mussy" and unmanageable if you shampoo frequently with canthrox. Just dissolve a teaspoonful of canthrox in a cup hot water and you will have sufficient mixture for a thorough cleansing. Canthrox creates a wealth of thick, creamy lather that gently and completely removes every atom of dust, dandruff and excess oil. Its use keeps the scalp clean and healthy and insures an abundance of brilliant hair, even in color and of a soft, silken fluff. After a canthrox shampoo the hair dries quickly and is easy to do up in any style.

Mrs. R. M.: You must discard powder and greasy creams, because these clog the pores and cause the skin to grow rough, blotchy, oily and freckled. Using this simple, inexpensive lotion will soon clear your skin and give to it that delightful youth-tint so much admired. Into ½ pint witch hazel (or hot water) stir 2 teaspoonfuls glycerine, then add 4 ounces spermax. Apply sparingly to the skin and rub lightly until dry. The spermax lotion is invisible when on and imparts a velvety smoothness to the skin. It is especially fine for hot weather, because perspiration does not spot it, nor does it rub off.

O. L. R.: Your system craves a cleanser and tonic. Into ½ pint alcohol pour 1 ounce kardene, then add ½ cupful sugar and hot water to make a quart. A tablespoonful before meals is the dose, and a course of this treatment will eliminate all poisons from the body, build up waste, worn tissues and give to you full health, strength and energy. This tonic is particularly good for lost appetite and that tired, "all-gone" feeling. Keeping the kardene tonic handy for emergency use often avoids serious sickness and doctor's bills.

Chafin and Watkins Again Serve as the Prohibition Candidates

EUGENE W. CHAFIN AARON S. WATKINS

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., July 16.—Chafin and Watkins will be the cry of the prohibitionists again this year, the same as four years ago. Mr. Chafin was born in East Troy, Wis., Nov. 1, 1852. He was admitted to the bar in 1876 and practiced in Waukesha for a quarter of a century. In 1900 he became superintendent of the Washingtonian home, an infirmary for topers in Chicago, where he remained four years. He removed to Arizona in 1909 and now lives in Tucson. Mr. Watkins, the candidate for vice president, was born in Rushsylvania, O., Nov. 26, 1868. He became a public school teacher in 1883, entered the ministry of the M. E. church in 1893 and has since been engaged in religious, educational and platform work. He has twice been the prohibition candidate for governor of Ohio.

MR.. KENNGOTT'S BOOK

Continued

the social and industrial conditions of foreigners here is all wrong.

Rev. Mr. Kenngott does not seem to understand the ambition to rise to better conditions that inspires all these people, for he says:

"The Greeks have driven the Irish from the 'Acre' and have opened their attack on 'Little Canada.' Whoever holds these two strategic centres wins in the economic conflict even though it may be at the cost of health, comfort, life itself."

Thus he represents the Irish and the French as fighting to hold the "Acre" and "Little Canada," or in other words to cling to the worst home conditions whereas they are both

Doing Exactly the Opposite

and have been for years. They long ago deserted the "Acre" and "Little Canada" almost entirely and were glad of the ability to do so. If some later class of immigrants had not come to occupy the tenements most of them would now be empty. So far as the Irish and French are concerned any class is welcome to these districts.

That it is necessary to turn the "slums" inside out, as Mr. Kenngott has tried to do, we deny. We deny also that his work in this respect will bring about a remedy, for the remedies he suggests have been proposed long ago, partly by the press and partly by other clergymen. In this respect he has no original idea to offer. The Sun has repeatedly advocated a greater diversity of industries and better homes for the people who reside in the congested districts, while Mr. Kenngott's other remedies—no-license and the application of the gospel to make Lowell a "holy city"—have been advocated by clergymen for a generation past.

But our chief aim in this article is to show that Mr. Kenngott's book

Is Not Suitable

for use in the schools. In our judgment, no book should be used in the schools—

(1) IF IT MISREPRESENTS, MALIGNS OR DISPARAGES THE CITY OF LOWELL.

(2) IF IT WOULD INSTIL RACE PREJUDICE OR STIR UP SOCIAL HOSTILITY TO ANY CLASS.

(3) IF IT GIVES THE SLIGHTEST SUGGESTION OF IMMORALITY IN ANY FORM.

Now if we can show a single line in the entire book offending against any of these three principles, then the book should not be adopted in the schools.

As we do not know what action the school board will take in regard to the matter, let us assume that the book has been introduced and let us then select from its pages a few of the "salutary" lessons which may be chosen for the instruction and moral guidance of the pupils:—

LESSON NO. 1—Kenngott On Church Going (Page 200)

"There are seventy churches. Over fifty of them (non-Catholic) are seeking to satisfy the religious needs of about one-fourth of the population, while eighteen (Roman Catholic, Greek Orthodox and Jewish) are doing the same for the remaining three-fourths of the population. The fact is, however, that there are many so-called Catholics who rarely go to church and there are many non-Catholics who have no church affiliations. An average of scarcely one-fourth of the Protestant population goes to church and the rest of the population does little better. Christmas and Easter may attract larger congregations, but, perhaps, not more worshippers. This does not mean that the people of Lowell are less religious than in the early days, though the forms and ceremonies of religion may have less influence than formerly."

If there is any phase of life in Lowell on which Rev. Mr. Kenngott should be an authority, surely it is church-going, for he has had the very best opportunities of observing it throughout the city; and hence, when he errs on this what can we expect of his conclusions on other matters with which he is less familiar? This whole paragraph is calculated to persuade the reader that Lowell is

An Irreligious City

that while we have many churches, the people pay little attention to them, which in spite of Dr. Kenngott's opinion is very far from the truth.

Here is a statement, however, that is so palpably false, at least as regards what he terms "the rest of the population," that it indicates gross ignorance of the facts:—

"An average of scarcely one-fourth of the Protestant population goes to church and the rest of the population does little better."

If 75 per cent of the people do not go to church the inference is that they do not belong to any church but to the various non-church going classes such as heathens, infidels, agnostics, free lovers and societies or bands of anarchists, who depise both God and man. What respectable family, think you, dear reader, would care to live in such a city? Is a publication like this, even if true, calculated to help a city? But

We Assert That It Is False

and a calumny upon Lowell and her people. Fully 90 per cent of the Catholic people of our city attend church regularly and the other Christian bodies are good average church goers. The Jews are noted for their devotion to their religion in Lowell.

If instead of working for the last fifteen years on this book in order to secure a degree from Harvard, Dr. Kenngott had labored with the people to induce them to attend church more regularly, surely he could have changed the situation, particularly among those for whose religious guidance he is morally responsible.

LESSON NO. 2—Kenngott on the Lowell Hotels (Page 100)

"Several months ago, on a Sunday, between the hours of 7 a. m. and 9 p. m., over a thousand men were counted as they went into a 'hotel' which had no proper facilities for furnishing meals and had only a few rooms for lodging. Other 'hotels' were found, which had no cooking apparatus in order, whose 'cook' was always sick when called for, and whose 'menu' consisted of a small quantity of pigs' feet, old ham, dried beef and mouldy cheese. The 'Sunday dinner' consisted of a small sandwich, that had served many another customer, and was dry and hard. Several of the hotels gained a bad reputation as houses of assignation. Bottled liquor was sold by these hotels openly on Sundays and legal holidays, to be drunk off the premises. The police board sought to stifle criticism by its arbitrary acts, and the liquor laws were declared to be better observed in the breach than in the enforcement."

We are not going to defend the hotels for any breach of the liquor law. We never did so and never defended the liquor business anywhere. We wish the people who are in it were out of it for their own good, but our credulity is seriously taxed in swallowing the statement that one thousand people entered any of the twelve hotels to which he refers, between 7 a. m. and 9 p. m. on a Sunday.

If 1000 entered one hotel in fourteen hours on a Sunday, we are justified in assuming that in the seventeen hours from 6 a. m. to 11 p. m. the number was over 1200. But no hotel had a monopoly of the Sunday liquor business. Indeed the patronage was then and is now pretty equally divided so that if 1200 entered one hotel during business hours on Sunday, then doubtless about the same number entered each of the eleven other hotels referred to by Mr. Kenngott, making in all 14,400, or more than half the adult male population of the city; for the assessed polls in Lowell in 1909 numbered but 26,400

Is it a fact that over half the men of Lowell visited the hotels on Sunday for drink, or is Mr Kenngott's statement a gross exaggeration? The reputation of Lowell is involved in the answer to this question.

As to the hotels or any of them being now or having been houses of assignation, keeping a supply of loose women to be furnished on demand or receiving such women to fill engagements

For Immoral Purposes

we find the charge branded by those who know, as absolutely false. Lowell has been noted for the absence of disorderly houses and we are informed by police authorities that no place of the kind ever ran more than three months in this city without being cleaned out by the police.

The Lowell hotels, we understand, are conducted at least as well as the hotels of other cities throughout the state, and while none of them can be called first class yet we believe they are as good as can be found in the average city like Lowell and a good deal more respectable than those found in almost any other manufacturing city of the state.

But the fact remains that a great many people who do not know the author except by reputation as a clergyman and a sociologist honored by Harvard college, will naturally accept his statements as true. Thus the

Reputation of Our City

is injured and we might expect that no self-respecting person who believed this charge against the hotels could enter one of them without a sense of shame and degradation.

Will it be any wonder, then, if strangers and especially commercial travelers do not care to stop overnight in our hotels since this reputation has been sent out over the state by Dr. Kenngott in his book and in the papers by which it was so favorably reviewed?

How would this lesson serve for the delectation of the school children? How would the teachers like to explain what it all means or how would the parents of the children like to have them read such a lesson? Of course the children, like a great many others, would be inclined to believe implicitly the author's statements, knowing that they are made by a clergyman and a sociologist whose deductions the Courier-Citizen, without going into particulars, says are "scientific" and of course correct.

But in regard to the reliability of statements made by some clergymen, we might here remark that the late Rev. Dr. Dana once made a statement in his pulpit that a certain saloon was the hell of Lowell, and when the reverend doctor was called upon to prove the charge, he simply said he knew nothing about the saloon in question except

What He Had Heard.

Some people, not excluding clergymen, are inclined to believe everything they hear, but that is a very dangerous practice especially for a sociologist, and certainly one that is not scientific.

LESSON NO. 3—Kenngott Quotes Disparaging Article On Lowell (Page 20)

"An article on 'Lowell' in the 'Report of Enquiry' by the London board of trade on the 'Cost of Living in American towns,' has this to say:

"'The importance of the city is directly derived from its manufactures, its commercial and financial activities being of small account. The centre of the largest enterprises is exercised almost entirely from Boston, and it is from that city that the goods manufactured are sold and distributed. These facts react upon the appearance of Lowell, which is characterized by an absence of large office buildings, the small commercial and professional business which the city transacts being concentrated mainly in two streets, which also form the chief shopping thoroughfares. Unless it be the imposing line of mills on the water front, seen to good advantage from the bridge, there is little in Lowell to impress the ordinary visitor. Some of the residential portions of the city, are, however, very attractive, thanks chiefly to the abundance of trees, while the surrounding country, particularly along the Merrimack valley, is of marked beauty.'"

This is quoted by the author from a report belittling our city and its "two business streets"; but Dr. Kenngott may consider it complimentary as he does not say whether it is just or unjust. Wouldn't this be a very fine conception of the city of Lowell to have impressed upon the minds of our school children? Why should a disparaging view by a foreign delegation be sent down to future generations without a word of criticism or explanation?

We may say here that when the London writer came to Lowell Rev. Mr. Kenngott was one of the gentlemen from whom he sought reliable information.

LESSON NO. 4—Kenngott On the Blight Of Lowell (Pages 225-6)

"The textile corporations have sold their tenements and boarding houses. Rents have been doubled and trebled; the native Americans have moved into the suburbs or gone to other cities; the foreigners from the far east have crowded into these once happy homes and transformed them into caravansaries. The mill agents no longer control or supervise these houses to any great extent; the corporation streets, once well cared for, have no master and have become the dumping ground for the refuse of a teeming population. The Greeks crowd the French-Canadians; the French-Canadians the Irish, the Irish the native Americans, each earlier race giving way before the lower standard of living of the latter.

"The profits of the textile corporations flow largely into the pockets of absentee landlords, and the wages of the employes, after supplying the barest necessities, go in foreign remittance to the friends across the sea."

Oh! what a wail. Alas! for the "native" American about to be crowded off the earth by the horde of foreigners, "the refuse of a teeming population." Really if it were not for the beautiful science of sociology and this prophet who has lifted his head in our midst, we should never have dreamt of such impending calamities. Why not have the school children commit this lesson to memory as a sociological concept of local conditions?

LESSON NO. 5—Kenngott On the Battle Of Standards (Page 102)

"Each new alien race has brought a lower standard of living. This has shown itself in the overcrowding of tenements, in the use of cheap and often insufficient food, and in the absence of the simplest comforts of life. Each new alien race under the impulse of larger wages here than in the homeland spends much of its energy in reproduction, until, becoming acquainted with the high standards of the new land, it raises its standard, only to be in turn assailed by a new race with again a lower standard; and so the battle of the standards continues. Thus at present, the Greeks, receiving in actual wages five times as much as in their own land, where they lived as farmer or shepherd, are beating at the gates of the French-Canadians, who have steadily raised their standard of life. Each race withholds its increase under the depressing influence of newcomers."

Can it be that Dr. Kenngott is opposed to large families, while one of his brother ministers, but a few days ago, urged as a reason for resigning, the fact that while the membership of his church is exposed to the rapacity of death, there is no adequate reimbursements by birth or migration? Unrestricted reproduction is a baneful custom in the opinion of some writers, and we can see wherein the Malthusian theory might be promoted by having it impressed upon

The Minds of School Children

so that the latter when grown up may not fall into what some reformers would call the grievous mistake of having large families.

But we would respectfully ask Dr. Kenngott what would ultimately happen to Lowell if the aliens were kept out and if at the same time those who are already here practiced the Malthusian policy under the improved methods of race suicide? Verily we do not see much room for discussion as to the comparative merits of a large family and no family at all.

Lest we should be misunderstood we might state that Rev. Robert Malthus, who lived several hundred years ago in England, alarmed the nation at the prospect of impending doom as a result of the population increasing faster than the food supply obtained from the soil. He laid down rules for reducing the number of children. He did not realize that the English people by their commercial enterprise could draw supplies from every quarter of the globe. Had the Britons followed the teachings of Malthus, England as a nation would long ago have vanished from the earth. For this reason we would calm Rev. Dr. Kenngott's fears in regard to the dangers of "reproduction" as we know that although many families do live in poverty yet they are gradually rising to better conditions and the time will come when the children of the foreigners now so much dreaded will be

The Mainstay of the State

and the men most ready to give their lives if necessary in defense of the American flag.

LESSON NO. 6—Kenngott On the Instability Of Our Population (Page 233)

"The very fact that the city is so dependent on the cotton mills with their low wages, has led to a great mobility of population. The procession on Merrimack street on a Saturday night is but an index of the procession to and from the city. That scarcely one-seventh of the entire population are voters is another indication of the same instability of the inhabitants, who do not stay long enough to gain a residence and become voters. Many have no interest in the city except to draw nourishment from its mills. When the cotton mills fail, shut down, shorten hours, or reduce wages, the employes must either suffer and wait, or move on to some other city, for few doors of opportunity for remunerative labor open before them in this city. For that reason, few of the operatives in the mills buy or build homes, which would serve to anchor them and make them less mobile."

Everybody in Lowell knows that on Saturday night in good weather the procession on Merrimack street includes a mass of people passing to and fro as closely as they can crowd on the sidewalks, and Mr. Kenngott tells us that this is an index of the procession to and from the city, implying of course, that as soon as the people and foreigners too, arrive here and look around for awhile they move out to Lawrence, New Bedford, Fall River or some other mill cities, any of which this author by implication sets above the city of Lowell. But let us examine his statements that the mobility of the population is shown by the alleged fact that scarcely one-seventh of the entire population are voters.

The population of Lowell is 106,294. One-seventh of that number is 15,184, and the voting list of our last election showed 15,507 voters. But our author may say that he dealt with the population of the city and the voting list of 1909. The population in 1909, according to the previous census was 94,889 while the number of voters then was 15,466, or 1911 more than one-seventh, whereas Dr. Kenngott says the number of voters is less than one-seventh.

The board of health in 1909 estimated the population at 96,380. Even with that population the voters are 1698 more than one-seventh of the whole, so that Mr. Kenngott in this statement is wrong no matter how he may twist the figures. But neither the press outside Lowell nor the department of ethics at Harvard knows anything of these misstatements which seriously misrepresent and tend to injure our city. Our school children should not be taught what is false and misleading.

In point of stability of population and the percentage of voters Lowell stands

Ahead of Most Mill Cities

as we shall prove by incontrovertible figures.

Let us make a comparison of Lowell and each of the cities mentioned in the following table to see which has the highest percentage of voters, the population in each case being that of the

Continued to page seven

CADUM

for pimples and other skin troubles

It is truly remarkable how Cadum makes pimples disappear. No matter how many remedies you have tried, you can take fresh courage, because Cadum is different from anything else. It is antiseptic, destroys disease germs and begins healing with the first application. Trial box 10c. Large box 25c. At druggists.

FOR PROGRESS

A CLEAR TRACK

In addition to the fourteen and a half millions spent for completed improvements there are

$15,576,411.24 authorized for improvements now under construction; of which over half are finished today.

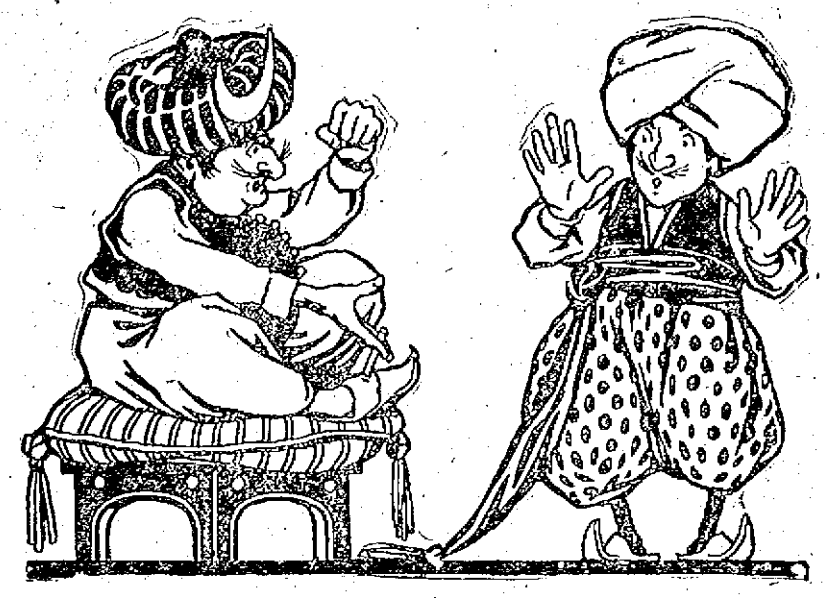
Of This New Fifteen Millions

the equipment of passenger cars to meet the requirements of the Safety Appliance Laws will require $37,625.00

More Facilities, More Efficiency

The BOSTON and MAINE Railroad

TALES of the TURKISH TROPHIES



TALE 7 - THE GARDENER

"WHAT style of fish is cooking in the Royal Kitchen?" asked the Kink, as he noted smoke coming through the study window.

"It is not fish, sire," said the Royal Secretary. "It is the new gardener. He is smoking a pipe"

"Have I not commanded that only Turkish Trophies be smoked within the Palace Grounds?" roared the Kink.

"Run the lawn-mower over the gardener and turn the hose on him. He needs pruning."

"It's a pipe," said the secretary, gleefully.

S. ANARGYROS MAKER A CORPORATION

TURKISH TROPHIES CIGARETTES

HAMILTON KING GIRLS on LEATHER and SATIN

(10 X 12 in.) (7X9 in.)

GIFT-SLIP in each PACKAGE

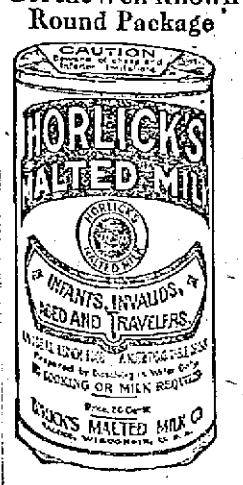
10 cents for 10 — Why pay more?

For your Health's Sake

do not take

Substitutes or Imitations

Get the Well-Known Round Package



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We do not make "milk products"—Skim Milk, Condensed Milk, etc.

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The most economical and nourishing light lunch.

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MR. KENNGOTT'S BOOK

Continued

last censur and the number of voters that at the last election excepting in case of New Bedford which is credited with a number registered up to April, 30, 1912, an advantage in New Bedford's favor:—

	Population.	Voters	P. C Voters
Lowell	106,294	15,507	14.6
Fall River ..	119,295	16,123	14.35
Lawrence ...	85,892	11,678	13.6
New Bedford	96,652	12,644	13.08

Lowell, therefore, so far from being behind the average city in respect to the percentage of her voters and the stability of her population is shown to be ahead and thus a false charge, highly

Derogatory to Our City

stands refuted in spite of the fact that it is vouched for as scientific by the literary lights of our neighbor, the Courier-Citizen.

This libel upon Lowell is further contradicted by figures given by William S. Southworth, former agent of the Massachusetts mills. On page 162 of Mr. Kenngott's book it is shown that out of 2267 operatives 1,400 have worked less than five years and 1,045 between one and five years, with 867 five years or over. The fact seems to be that there is quite as much if not a great deal more permanency among mill operatives than among ministers of the gospel; and if they, too, after prayerful consideration decide to go where they can get more money we do not see why anybody should charge them with instability or lack of permanency.

LESSON NO. 7—Kenngott On Cheap Labor (Page 169)

"Southern competition in the textile industries during the last decade, with the immediate advantages of child labor, long hours, proximity to the sources of raw materials and coal, put all the northern cotton mills at a disadvantage. With the lessening margin of profit, Fall River, New Bedford and other tidewater cities in the north gained an advantage over the inland cities through cheaper transportation of cotton and coal by water, while the inability to increase the power of the Merrimack river to meet the large demands on it caused the Lowell mills to depend more and more on coal transported by water and rail at large expense from the far-away coal fields. High capital costs led to the employment of cheaper labor, and the Greeks and Polanders were introduced as unskilled laborers."

The effect of this statement is to show that Lowell as a textile city is unable to compete with Fall River and New Bedford and that it was this disadvantage which led to the employment of Greeks and Poles. We do not agree with this statement inasmuch as Fall River, New Bedford and other mill cities supposed, according to this author, to have advantages over Lowell, have

Just as Much Cheap Labor

as we have and some of them a great deal more. Our school children should be taught the truth.

If the per capita savings as shown by the local savings banks is any indication of the thrift and skill of Lowell mill operatives, then it would appear that after al. Lowell does not suffer from cheap labor as Mr. Kenngott tries to show. In the reports of the savings banks of Lowell given on page 192-193 of the book, it appears that in per capita savings Lowell leads Fall River, Cambridge, New Bedford, Lawrence and Lynn and shows a total amount of savings higher than any of these cities and equalling that of the city of Springfield. These figures do not support Mr. Kenngott's contention that Lowell is the battleground of "cheap labor."

LESSON NO. 5—Kenngott On Local Greek History (Pages 30-31)

"The great majority of these Greeks come from Mani or Laconia, the mountainous central and western peninsula of Greece, rocky and barren. Only by the most careful terracing can olive trees be made to grow on the hillsides, and this is the only district of the Peloponnesus where the vine is not cultivated. The inhabitants of this region claim to be the purest blooded descendants of the ancients of any of the modern Greeks, and pride themselves on their language and independent spirit. Unfortunately they still maintain bloody vendettas. At any time, without the slightest warning, a little village is likely to be disturbed by a volley of revolver shots. Everybody rushes indoors, barricades the house, and remains within for a day or so until the excitement is over. Among the other Greeks, and the foreigners living in the kingdom, the Laconians have the reputation of being a rather reckless and turbulent lot. Such then is the source of the main body of Greek population in Lowell. But there are now representatives from almost every part of the Greek world. Recently Macedonians have been coming in large numbers. The Greek colony of Lowell is probably the most exclusive and distinctively Greek settlement, of any considerable size, in the United States.

The above is quoted in Mr. Kenngott's book, but as it is apparently approved by the author it is to be regarded as his own, especially in the hands of children. That is certainly a very prejudiced account of the origin of a people whose illustrious past shines out conspicuously in the history of nations.

In another chapter, relative to the Greeks, their methods of finding employment, their amusements and their vices, the author says:—

"The Greeks in Lowell have suffered little from the padrone system, though many have come 'numbered and tagged' in charge of some leader, to friends already here. There are several Greek agents who act as interpreters, find places in the mills for the new arrivals, and receive a generous fee therefor. These agents are in league with second-hands and others in some of the mills, and they occasionally exploit the ignorant immigrants. Five dollars is the customary fee for 'finding a job,' and it is to the interest of the interpreter and his accomplice in the mill that the job should not be held too long, in order to give another Greek a chance to earn some money, and, incidentally, to furnish business for the interpreter, who usually dresses well and speaks several languages fluently. The mill agents are doing their best to break up this system."

Is that a fair statement of the industrial conditions among the Greeks? We do not believe so and we challenge any proof in support of the charge.

Here is another statement which may be still more objectionable to the Greeks:

"The Greeks are, in general, a law-abiding people. They are addicted to gambling with cards, and much of this is carried on in hidden ways, in the numerous coffee houses, and the police make occasional arrests. The absence of home restraints and family ties lead to sexual vice. Loyalty to their own native towns and districts leads to feuds and rivalries, and cases of assault and battery are not infrequent. Drunkenness is not yet common among them, though tendencies in that direction begin to appear."

Would not this be nice reading for the school children of Lowell?

The following is also of interest in relation to the Greeks and we are inclined to believe that the case referred to as witnessed by a physician was an exception and not the rule:—

BATHROOMS UNKNOWN—Page 55

"Only by a personal visit can one understand the housing conditions of some of the Greeks and Syrians. Often they are crowded in close and narrow quarters, with three or four in a room, little or no ventilation, rooms often without windows, no facilities for bathing, no opportunity for drying clothes except in the crowded kitchen, and with extremely bad toilet accommodations. Many of the Greeks have a common commissariat, and often live in poverty, filth and disease. This is due, in large part, to the fact that in this population of nearly 9000 there are 6509 men and boys over fourteen years of age. A physician, who called recently to attend a Greek woman, found her lying on a cot, in a room with four men asleep on the floor. Five and six are sometimes in a room where there is sickness, with scores of others coming in to give their condolence. Worse conditions can hardly be imagined than in certain old wooden tenement houses in the Greek district, where bathtubs and bathrooms are unknown."

The greedy American owners of the property, not the Greek tenants, are responsible for the lack of bathtubs in the tenements; but we would inform Mr. Kenngott that for several years there has been a Greek bathhouse with a considerable number of tub and shower baths, running at 463 Market street. Following the custom of their ancestors, the modern Greeks are devoted to baths and bathing and they have established a general bathhouse to serve until such times as they can afford more modern homes. Mr. Kenngott should tell the truth about them.

Here is another wail about lack of local interest among the Greeks and about cheap labor:—

EXPLOITING THE MILLS—Page 44

"One reason why there is not a larger co-operation among the residents of the city for any definite end is, that so many of the recent immigrants do not have sufficient interest in the country or the city to become citizens. They have come here to exploit the mills and city for their own ends, hoping to return to their native land. Indeed, a large body of Greek young men have organized a military company for the defence of Greece against Turkey, and within four days $9000 was raised for the Greek navy.

"It is evident that a great change has come in the population of Lowell in the last decade with the introduction of the cheap labor of the east. New social conditions have arisen, evidenced in the housing and in the standard of living."

Apparently Rev. Mr. Kenngott has no faith in the men who are still devoted to their native land. When the Greeks formed a military company to fight for the fatherland and contributed $9000 within four days they showed something of the old Spartan spirit. If Uncle Sam needed their service they would do the same.

LESSON 8—Kenngott On Local French History (Page 51)

"When immigrants arrive in the city and for many years after, they have a tendency to crowd into the wooden cottages of the Acre and the great tenements of Little Canada. The Irish showed this tendency first, but there is now no particular Little Ireland in Lowell. The French Canadians live for the most part in Little Canada, Centralville, between Salem street and Ford street and on Middlesex street and its vicinity. During the last few years the French have moved from the centre to the various parts of the city. The Branch street Baptist church in the Highlands has recently been purchased by French Catholics. Nearly all are associated with the Roman Catholic church. There may be a thousand or more who are non-Catholic according to the reports from the French Protestant clergyman."

Page 122—"The rents which are fairly uniform in the tenements, averaging about eight dollars a month for four or five small rooms including the kitchen, consume from eight to 25 per cent, averaging about 15 per cent of the combined earnings of the French Canadian families. The size of the family makes but little difference to the size of the tenement, number of rooms occupied or rent paid. The tenement is a sort of a Procrustean bed.

"The native Americans have left the mills, largely because they could not or would not lower their standard of living, including food and housing to the plane of the immigrants. The Irish have given way largely to the French Canadians in the mills. Can the French Canadians maintain their place in this battle of the standards with the Greeks?"

Page 117—"One fears to imagine the holocaust which may some day occur in the immense overcrowded wooden caravansaries of the French Canadians, with their often overheated cook stoves and their kerosene oil lamps, or in the old ramshackle wooden tenements of the 'Acre' where the teeming Greek population is pressing so closely upon the French Canadians and nearby Little Canada, in the fierce competition for the mill work and in the battle of the standards of living."

We cannot believe that the French people of this city would approve of having these statements instilled into the minds of the children attending the public schools.

Mr. Kenngott repeats in several places that the native Americans have left the mills, having been driven out by the foreigners, meaning the Irish, French, Greeks and other races. That is sheer nonsense. The so-called native Americans are still in the mills so far as they care to be, in various clerical and other capacities; and the claim that the Yankee girls were similarly driven out is equally absurd. They were not numerous enough to do the work and the manufacturing companies being obliged to hire somebody to run their machines, employed the foreigners that came to our shores. Had no foreigners come here it is very evident that while Mr. Kenngott's melting sympathy for the Yankee girl and the native American might have been fully gratified, there would be no line of big mills along the Merrimack river today, nor would the city of Lowell have reached the degree of progress, prominence and enterprise which it holds among the cities of New England.

LESSON NO. 10—Kenngott On Local Irish History (Page 29)

"Lowell had its 'foreign problem' and its 'housing problem' early, and the contrast between the rich and the poor was striking, even in 1833, seven years after the incorporation of the town, when 'The Acre' was established, as the following report shows: 'In the suburbs of Lowell, near the canal, is a settlement called New Dublin, which occupies upwards of an acre of ground. It contains not far from five hundred Irish people, and about one hundred cabins, from seven to ten feet high, built of slabs and rough boards, a fireplace made of stones in one end, topped out with several flour barrels or lime casks. In a central situation is the schoolhouse, built in a similar style, turfed up to the eaves, with a window in one end, and small holes in two sides for the admission of air and light—all this under the eye of capitalists having their seven millions invested in establishments alongside of them.'"

KEEPING IRISH BLOOD UNMIXED

Page 99—In our analysis we aim to keep the blood unmixed so far as is possible and place the individual with the racial group to which he is related by blood. A child born of one or both parents of Irish blood is placed in the Irish racial group whether or not he or his parents are natives of this country and this system of classification is followed in all cases."

TWISTED POLICE RECORDS

Page 103—"Care has been taken to find the exact number of arrests for the various nationalities, according to foreign birth and foreign parentage; and in some cases the names have been relied upon to reveal the nationality. The records of the board of police give simply the nationality of the person arrested according to his birthplace. The figures show clearly, however, the tendency of the Irish to intoxication, so that there are three times as many arrests proportionately for drunkenness among the Irish as among any other race and as many as all the other races put together."

That the early Irish came here penniless and lived in primitive conditions nobody will deny. But if Mr. Kenngott described contemporaneous conditions, even what he quotes would not seem so outlandish. There is little in his book to show that the Irish are any better off today except what is said of Mr. Flynn's block, the "Hotel Philadelphia," on Elm street, and the fact that he owns 120 tenements; and care is taken to say that Mr. Flynn is a man of Irish parentage.

We are not told the parentage of the men who built the great blocks in Little Canada or of the owner of the Greek tenement condemned by the board of health and from which Mr. Kenngott secured photographs of a filthy water closet, for the enlightenment or his readers!

Is it not just as important to the people of Lowell to know the parentage of the men who built the other mammoth blocks as to know the "racial group" that produced the great and mighty builder of the "Hotel Philadelphia?"

From wrong premises come wrong conclusions and from

False or Uncertain Data

no writer can draw accurate statistics. We have quoted sufficiently from Dr. Kenngott's book to show the spirit with which he assails the Irish racial group as he calls it in his "Record of a City." We did not bother looking up the errors of his figures on the death rate among the Irish as Dr. Kenngott cannot convince anybody that the Irish are all dead or about to die. Yet we confess that a disinterested reader who would place any credence in his absurd statistics of death rate and police record among the Irish would naturally conclude that the higher the death rate among this racial group the better it will be for the city.

Dr. Kenngott starts out to trace all the prisoners arrested back to the original races from which they sprang or as he puts it to keep the blood unmixed. This Dr. Kenngott does with the Irish and he does it with a vengeance, for in the Irish group he undoubtedly places people who do not belong there at all. Any prisoner whose name Dr. Kenngott thinks is Irish is classed with the Irish even though his ancestors have been here for a hundred years regardless of where he was born, whether in Canada, Australia, South America, Asia or Africa. If he applied the same rule to all we should have no complaint to make but he does not and the method he adopts multiplies the arrests which he calls Irish and cuts those of the other English speaking races in halves.

Does he attempt to trace the latter to their racial origin? Oh no, he classes these as Natives if they were born here, and thus he fails to do as he promised to do "in all cases." Why this discrimination, Mr. Kenngott?"

Mr. Kenngott has thus evolved

A New Nationality

which he calls "Natives." He does not tell how long a person's ancestors must reside here before he can belong to Mr. Kenngott's new nationality. Indeed it appears from Mr. Kenngott's statement that if an American citizen whose ancestors fought at Bunker Hill still bears his Irish name, he can never become "Native." With the other English speaking nationalities it is different.

This segregation of one particular element of the population is one of the greatest absurdities in Rev. Dr. Kenngott's book and that is saying a great deal. Neither the state nor federal census bureau ever undertook to do this because they knew it was impossible to do it fairly or thoroughly and what they cannot do, no sociological bungler like Mr. Kenngott need attempt lest his prejudices might prompt him to stigmatize a particular nationality. Were we to judge of the Irish racial group by Mr. Kenngott's statistics we should be forced to conclude that this element is physically and morally the most worthless of our entire population, yet the Irish possess certain sturdy virtues that cause them to respect their marriage vows, that keep them out of the divorce courts and, so far as we know, with all their faults they have seldom figured in capital cases calling for the attention of the state executioner.

We freely admit that the weakness of the Irish people is too frequent indulgence in intoxicating liquors. We admit that too many of them frequent the barrooms and when they get slightly intoxicated they are not inclined like other peoples to go quietly home and sleep it off. They get boisterous and as a result too many wind up in the police station. But although the number of arrests are numerous the statement that there are three times as many arrests proportionately for drunkenness among the Irish as among any other race and as many as among all the other races put together

Is Glaringly False

which is most damaging to the Irish people as a whole. We wonder whom he employed to count the Irish drunks? In the police court record for drunkenness for the year 1909 Mr. Kenngott gives the total number of arrests as 3518 and of this number he credits the Irish nationality with 2019. By his own special method he includes in this the names of all he sees fit to designate as Irish. When did Mr. Kenngott become an authority on Irish names? We have looked up the records in this particular case. We employed an expert on Irish names to go over the record and he finds that the highest number who can at all be classed as Irish is 1600. Where did Mr Kenngott get the other 419 except by including names that are not Irish? Even our neighbor, the Courier-Citizen, can hardly claim that this is scientific.

Then we take the record as we find it in the police station where the distinction is given on the place of birth alone. In that case the number of arrests for the Irish is 957 and those born here listed as Americans regardless of their race origin 1482. Now we take the English and on the record of the police station this nationality is given 262 arrests of people who gave their birthplace as England. Turning to Mr. Kenngott's record on page 105 of his book for that year he gives the English exactly 164 arrests or 65 less than the actual number. We cannot explain the discrepancy in either case nor is it material as the whole

Calculation is Unfair

because it is based upon guess work and a juggling comparison of all the arrests in the Irish racial group with but a part of the arrests in each of the other English speaking groups.

The drunks of Irish nativity and Irish names furnish 811 arrests or 23 per cent. of the whole.

The regular statistics at the police station show that the Irish arrests for drunkenness are 21.2 of the whole, but Mr. Kenngott makes it appear that the percentage is 57.3 of the whole or more than double the actual figures. Counting in all the names that seem to be Irish regardless of birthplace, the percentage would be 45 and not 57.3 as his figures show.

What would be thought of a fruit dealer, who to discredit Florida oranges as compared with the California product, should exhibit the refuse of a whole carload of Floridas as against the refuse of half a carload of the Californias, claiming that in the latter case the refuse represented a whole carload? What the fruiterer did to the Floridas in this case, Mr. Kenngott practically and we hope unwittingly does to the Irish when he follows out racial groups in one case and in the other segregates the native groups into a separate nationality which he calls "Natives." Following out his plan to its logical conclusion the only real natives are the Indians.

PRESS REVIEWS HIGHLY DAMAGING TO LOWELL

This book has been reviewed by numerous papers in Boston and elsewhere and in a manner decidedly calculated to injure Lowell by representing it as the home of cheap labor, the mecca of eastern races, a city overrun with the "refuse of a teeming population."

In order to show how the book has been exploited in the press of other cities at the expense of Lowell's reputation we may cite the review in the Boston Herald of Sunday, April 7, 1912, a paper this is not in the category of the "yellows." A whole page was given to the book with many of the illustrations reproduced. Across the top of the page is this quotation, which we submit is neither complimentary nor true of Lowell:

"They (meaning the mills) have builded their Tower of Babel on the Banks of the Merrimack, and the Pride of Life, the Thirst for Gold, the Demand for Cheap Labor have brought hither a Confusion of Tongues that no Pentecost of Love has yet Transformed into a Harmony of Single Devotion and United Effort."

Underneath this is a line across the entire page in large type as follows:

LOWELL BATTLEFIELD OF CHEAP LABOR

The other part of the heading reads: "An analysis of conditions there by Rev. George F. Kenngott, who has spent 15 years in gathering the data—the case of many workers pitiable and deplorable."

That was a damaging advertisement for the city of Lowell spread broadcast throughout the country. No one can calculate the real injury which that article has done to our city, its people, its industry and its trade.

What better invitation could be extended to the I. W. W. leaders than that heading in the Boston Sunday Herald and the heading was fully sustained by the articles and the pictures by which it was illustrated. All taken from Doctor Kenngott's book.

The average American reader is thus led to believe that Lowell above all the other cities of New England is the mecca for all the racial dregs of the world. Mr. Kenngott asserts that there are forty different races in this babel of tongues. Chief Pidgin informs us but 21 of the nationalities are represented by 254 persons and eleven nationalities by 35 persons so that it is hardly correct to represent Lowell as a babel in which the "confusion of tongues" renders the people unable to understand one another. A vast majority of the foreigners in Lowell at the present time can speak more or less English or at least enough to get along.

Of course papers outside of Lowell cannot be expected to contradict an author writing about his own city and unless a local paper points out what is wrong the mis-representation will go unchallenged to be quoted to our discredit all over the country and even by historians in future ages.

If any local paper undertakes to defend the book let it bear part of the odium attached to such a gross libel upon Lowell and her people. We do not approve the work as fair or truthful and we contend that we have proved conclusively that it violates every one of the three principles laid down as making a book objectionable for use in the schools. It grossly disparages the city of Lowell; it has references to immorality and certain vices that should not be brought to the attention of children; and lastly it has highly unfair statements regarding certain nationalities which it would be very wrong to teach our school children.

The public school is the one place where the races meet

Upon An Equality

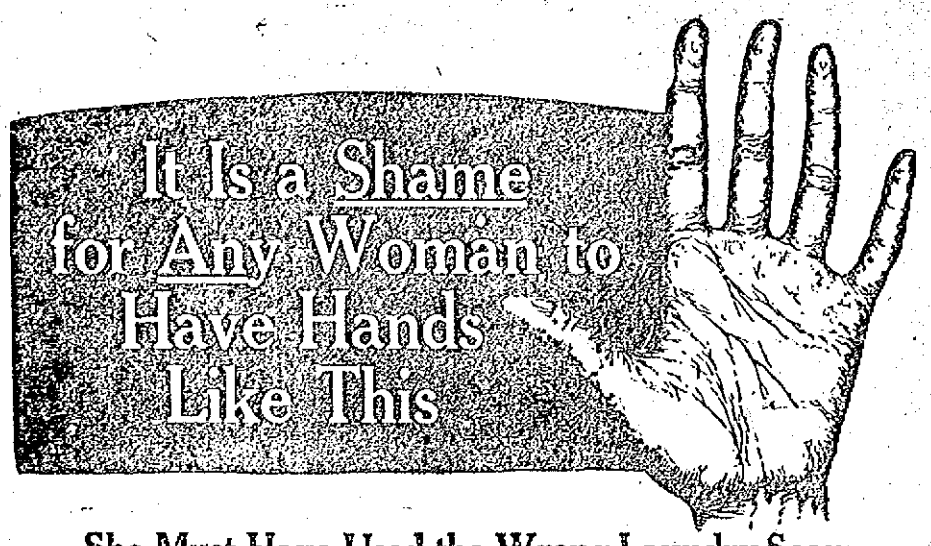
and if we supplied the pupils with Mr. Kenngott's estimate of the various races, we can easily imagine how readily they would cast up to one another the nasty things now put into their mouths from this book. We will say, however, that if about one-third of the book were eliminated the rest of it would be harmless although of little historical value as it consists mainly of a conglomeration of statistical matter culled from annual reports and interlarded with the one sided views of the author.

We stand firmly opposed to the introduction of any such rubbish into the public schools in which the various races should be moulded into one body of American citizens in which there will be

No Hyphenated Americans

but one composite body of citizens having equal rights and equal burdens before the law and all devoted to the one starry banner which holds out the promise of liberty to the oppressed peoples of the earth provided they respect our laws, and are loyal to our flag and our constitution.

Mr. Kenngott is a very amiable gentleman for whom we entertain the most friendly feelings but we candidly believe if his book had never been written the city would have been saved a good deal of ill repute; or, had the whole edition been offered as a contribution to one of the Fourth of July bonfires the city might well rejoice at getting rid of such an alleged "Record."



She Must Have Used the Wrong Laundry Soap

Why, such hands call forth *pity* from other women!

They judge her by her *hands*. It shows that she works *too hard* with the *wrong* kind of laundry soap.

If she used "Welcome" Soap her hands would be *soft* and *white*. The washing would be out *early*. And the colors and dainty fabrics would be *preserved* rather than *destroyed*.

There is just enough Borax in "Welcome" Soap to soften the water perfectly and to protect the clothes and hands. In fact, there is more Borax used in "Welcome" Soap during *one* year than in *all* other soaps manufactured in New England in *five* years.

There is twice as much "Welcome" sold in New England stores as any other soap. A big cake 5c. Of your Grocer.

Welcome Soap

"For Generations the Choice of New England Women"

Manufactured by LEVER BROTHERS COMPANY, Cambridge, Mass. (27)

OLIVE OIL FOR CONSTIPATION

If you only knew how easy it is to get rid of constipation, you would become a convert to the Pompeian Olive Oil habit immediately. While more people suffer from this trouble, and are compelled to almost daily resort to the use of cathartics, purgatives and pills of all kinds, this is possibly the easiest trouble to correct. Olive Oil, if it is absolutely pure, is the best laxative known, and the one which thousands of physicians recommend. In Pompeian Olive Oil you get the purest possible, being from the first pressing of selected, hand-picked, ripe Italian olives. It is not chemically treated or adulterated in any way. Simply the pure olive oil itself. That is why Pompeian gives you the sweet, nutty flavor lacking in other kinds, and without the least greasy taste.

A teaspoonful of Pompeian Olive Oil taken with each meal acts as a gentle laxative. The bowels will be kept open naturally and you will not suffer any more from constipation. In addition it is the greatest health-food known, will keep away many diseases, build up the body, keep your complexion clear and give you health and strength. Thousands of healthy men, women and children today owe their health to the use of Pompeian Olive Oil at all their meals.

Pompeian Olive Oil is sold by druggists and grocers. Full one-half pint cans, 25 cents; full pint cans, 50 cents; full quart cans, 90 cents.

DANDELION

TABLETS AND PILLS

A Miracle as a Blood Purifier

Say thousands who have used them. A positive cure for Rheumatism, Constipation and Foul breath. Best remedy for Liver, Kidney and Stomach. Eliminates all poisons from the system, without griping. Purely vegetable and guaranteed under Pure Food and Drug Law. Free samples upon request to SCHENCK CHEMICAL CO., 54 Franklin street, New York. 25 cents a box at

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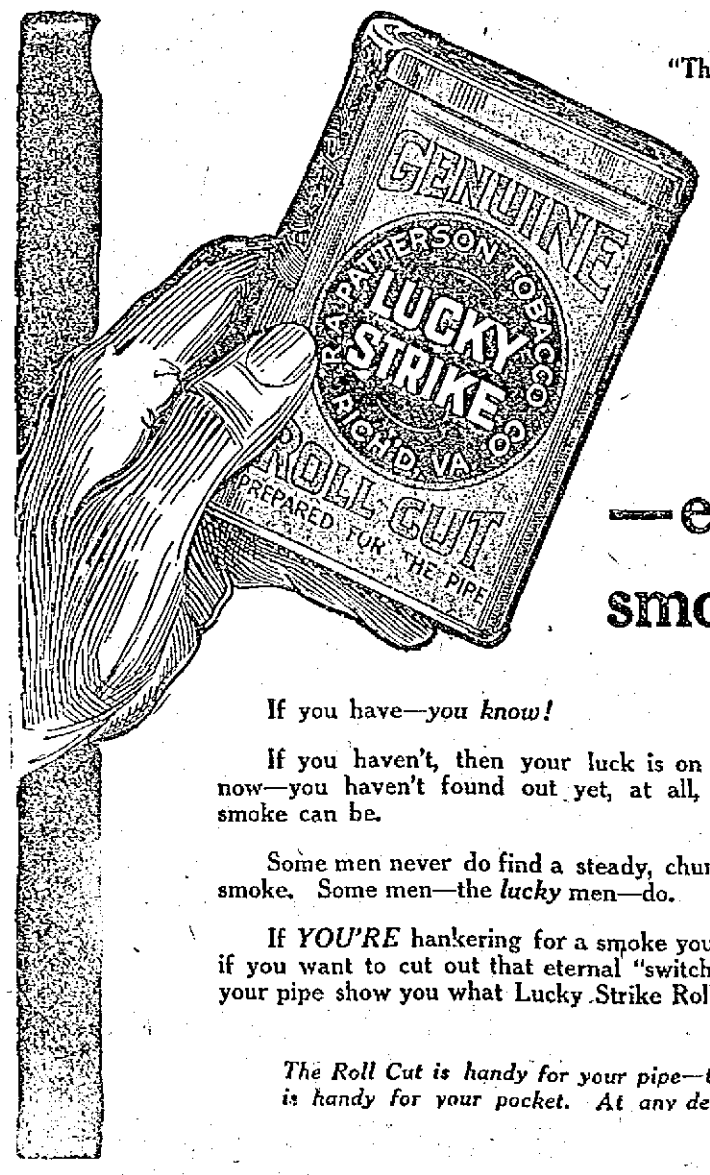


"The tobacco that doubled the value of a dime"

—ever smoke this?

If you have—*you know!*

If you haven't, then your luck is on its way right now—you haven't found out yet, at all, how good a smoke can be.

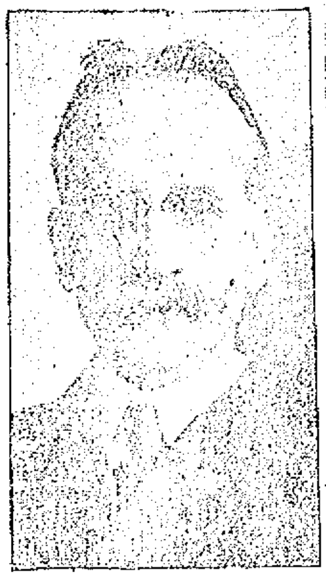
Some men never do find a steady, chummy, life-long smoke. Some men—the *lucky* men—do.

If *YOU'RE* hankering for a smoke you can *tie to*—if you want to cut out that eternal "switching"—just let your pipe show you what Lucky Strike Roll Cut can do.

The Roll Cut is handy for your pipe—the can is handy for your pocket. At any dealer's— 10c

A.O.H. DELEGATES REACH CHICAGO

James O'Sullivan Being Boomed For State President



JAMES O'SULLIVAN

The Ancient Order of Hibernian contingent from Massachusetts to the national convention in Chicago, which opened this morning, made the first leg on its journey to the Windy city, arriving in Montreal on Sunday morning at 7.15 o'clock.

The delegation were in high spirits when they reached the King's dominion, the delegates numbering [illegible] from the New England states including about 60 women. Breakfast was served at the Queen's hotel, Montreal, after which special cars were provided for the company by the brother Hibernians of Montreal and proceeded to St. Patrick's church where a special mass was celebrated and also a special sermon was preached in honor of the occasion. The company was augmented by a contingent from Canada and also part of the New Jersey delegation, and left Montreal at 10.30 a. m. Toronto for Chicago by way of the Grand Trunk railroad. Jeffrey Sullivan, the state delegate of Massachusetts, is in charge of the party and is looking after their interests.

There are many candidates spoken of for national honors. Massachusetts will be a big factor in the convention owing to the large number of delegates. Many friends of James O'Sullivan of Lowell are requesting him to stand for national president. Mr. O'Sullivan has refused all overtures in this direction. Patrick Carney of Worcester has a boom on for national secretary; Matthew Cummings of Neponset is mentioned as a candidate for national director.

It is hard at this early date to give any outline as to the chances of the prospective candidates. As soon as Chicago is reached and the Massachusetts men meet with the delegates from the various states throughout the country, an outline will be had, and statements made, many of which no doubt will be broken.

IN TORONTO

(Special Correspondence)

TORONTO, Sunday, July 14, 1912.—The Massachusetts delegation of the A. O. H. left Montreal at 10.40 Sunday morning, well pleased with their visit to that ancient city. The A. O. H. of Montreal treated all the delegates most royally. The services at St. Patrick's church will long be remembered. Never was such homage paid to any body of men as that shown by the pastor of the church, Rev. Fr. McCabe. The music was most inspiring; all the most patriotic Irish airs were rendered by the boys' choir of 250 voices. This church was erected in 1847.

The journey from Montreal to Toronto was very sultry en route on train, notwithstanding the special extra fans that were placed in the carriages for the benefit of the delegates.

Among the surprises of the day was the announcement of Capt. John Dillon of Boston, state president of the A. O. H. of Massachusetts, that he had withdrawn from the race as being a candidate for re-election. When the announcement was made by the captain it caused many conjectures as to who his successor would be. The consensus of opinion among the delegates from the Old Bay State as to the logical candidate to succeed Mr. Dillon was James O'Sullivan of Lowell. In all probability Mr. O'Sullivan will throw his hat into the ring as soon as it is learned how the national convention in Chicago will terminate.

Patrick Cannon of Clinton is out hustling to get every man in line for his boomlet for national secretary. Mr. Cannon is one of the rare Hibernians met nowadays. He belongs to the old school and is not trained as a diplomat for a big deal like that which he has entered upon. Mr. Cannon hopes for the best, and his friends pray for his success, which at this time looks very doubtful, owing to the many other slates made, and some agreed upon by the leaders.

Jeffrey Sullivan of Fall River has declared himself as a candidate for state secretary of the A. O. H. of Massachusetts for the third term, to succeed himself. Mr. Sullivan stands high in the councils and friendship of the majority of the officers of Massachusetts, and it is believed that he can pull through for the third term.

Toronto was reached at 8.15 p. m. A large delegation of Irishmen and Irish women, with their friends of other nationalities, were at the station to meet the Irish-American train as it steamed in, and a cheer went up that was heard for many blocks away. The citizens of Toronto welcomed all hands with a truly hearty welcome, and as the train departed an hour later there were many handshakes and farewells given, with a wish for their God-speed to the City of the Jungle on the shores of Lake Michigan.

DELEGATES REACH CHICAGO

CHICAGO, July 16.—With a burst of Irish melody and a flash of green the Ancient Order of Hibernians, represented by delegations from every state in the Union, descended upon Chicago yesterday for the biennial convention of the order.

The New England delegation of 176 people in the Hibernian special arrived at noon yesterday and marched to their headquarters in the Hotel Lasalle, headed by a band.

There is keen rivalry for the various national offices, New England having several candidates in the field, who were busy shaking hands and getting acquainted with delegates last night.

The principal contests are being made by P. F. Cannon of Massachusetts and Philip J. Sullivan of Connecticut for the office of national secretary and Mrs. Ellen Ryan Jolly of Rhode Island for first national president of the Ladies' Auxiliary.

One of the incidents of the journey west was the presence on the Hibernian special of John J. Dwyer and his bride, who chose this occasion for their wedding tour. They hail from Webster, Mass.

Col. John McCarthy, ex-adjutant general of Massachusetts, towering head and shoulders above the throngs in the hotel corridors, is a fine example of the destroyer of a hoodoo. He left Massachusetts on the 13th day of the month, found himself assigned to berth 13 in the sleeper, and when he arrived in Chicago discovered that his room in the hotel is No. 1323 on the 13th floor.

Despite this formidable combination, Col. McCarthy is having the time of his life.

It is expected that the convention will draw from 8000 to 10,000 visitors to the city during the week.

GIRLISH COMPLEXION NOW EASILY ACQUIRED

"A skin of blended snow, cream and rose" is the way an Ohio correspondent describes her newly acquired complexion. She is one who has adopted mercolized wax in place of cosmetics, massage, steaming and other methods. Many who have tried this marvelous wax report that its effects are quite different from those of any other treatment. It produces a complexion of exquisite girlish naturalness, rather than one bearing evidence of having been artificially "made over." One that is indeed "Nature's own," the result of gradually absorbing dead particles of surface skin, permitting the younger, healthier skin beneath to show itself and giving its pores a chance to breathe. Mercolized wax, procurable at any drug store in original one ounce package, is put on at night like cold cream and washed off in the morning.

I have also had many favorable letters from those who have tried the wrinkle-removing face bath which I recommended recently. If any have mislaid the formula, here it is: 1 oz. powdered saxolite, dissolved in ½ pt. witch hazel.—Julia Orff in The Clubwoman.

The Daintiest Desserts for Hot Weather Can Be Quickly and Easily Made in the

White Mountain Ice Cream Freezer

TRIPLE MOTION

Every part that touches the cream is covered with pure block tin.

SIZES 1 TO 25 QUARTS

CROQUET SETS

Hard Wood, Well Made
Handsomely Finished

Bartlett & Dow

216 CENTRAL STREET.

WANTED

Young lady at once to operate our electric cut out border machine in window. Apply to Mr. Wilson, local manager, United Wall Paper Stores of America, Nelson's Dept. Store.

WHEN YOU ARE HUNGRY AND WANT A REAL

GOOD DINNER

TRY THE

LOWELL INN

ALLAN LINE

GLASGOW—DERRY—BOSTON

ONE CLASS CABIN SERVICE.

No Cattle Carried

FORTNIGHTLY SAILING —POPULAR STEAMERS

Rates Glasgow or Derry, $45; Liverpool, $45.??; London, $51.25; Stockholm, $64.75; Paris, $62.25.

Send for Booklet, "Great Britain on $2??."

THIRD CLASS AT LOWEST RATES

DENIS MURPHY, 13 Appleton St.
FREDERICK E. LEEDS, 5 Bridge St.
H. & A. ALLAN, 99 State St., Boston.

DROWNED

All your sorrows, if they are caused from Piles, Old Sores or a Skin Disease, by using St. Thomas' Salve Price 35c. All Druggists.

All the Silk Dresses, some 75 in the lot, at two prices, **$5.00** and **$8.75**

25 Dozen New Lawn and Middy Style Waists—Today **95c**

A Remarkable Purchase of 649 Summer Dresses

FROM THE WELL KNOWN FIRM OF BEGG, HIRSCH & CO. THEY WISHED TO MAKE FALL SAMPLES. WE DID NOT NEED THE DRESSES, BUT THE OFFER WAS SO RIDICULOUSLY LOW, THAT WE ACCEPTED THEM. LAWNS, LINENS, TISSUE, VOILE, SILK, A VARIED ASSORTMENT. THE PRICES TO YOU ARE COST OF MAKING ONLY.

DRESSES —AT— **$1.97**

About 230 Fine Dresses, made to sell at $3.00, $4.00 and $5.00. A big variety of styles and colors All sizes....... **$1.97**

DRESSES —AT— **$2.97**

Voile, Tissue, Norfolk, Pique Dresses. All kinds. $4.00 and $5.00, at.......... **$2.97**

DRESSES —AT— **$3.97**

All Over Hamburg, Tan, French Linen, Striped Lawns, Voile and Tissue. Dresses similar to what we have been selling at $7.00 and $8.00.

50 DRESSES MADE TO SELL AT $2.00.......... **$1.00**

$12.50 PURE LINEN SUITS FROM OUR OWN STOCK, NOW **$5.00** and **$7.67**

New York Cloak and Suit Co.

12-18 JOHN STREET

REST AND HEALTH TO MOTHER AND CHILD.

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP has been used for over SIXTY YEARS by MILLIONS of MOTHERS for their CHILDREN WHILE TEETHING, with PERFECT SUCCESS. It SOOTHES the CHILD, SOFTENS the GUMS, ALLAYS all PAIN; CURES WIND COLIC, and is the best remedy for DIARRHOEA. It is absolutely harmless. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup," and take no other kind. Twenty-five cents a bottle.

AN ASSAULT CASE IN POLICE COURT

One Man Called Another a Scab

Adolphe Dhenwe was arraigned before Judge Fisher in police court this morning on a complaint charging him with assault and battery on Fred De-Middleaer. He entered a plea of not guilty, but after testimony had been offered by the government the court found him guilty and ordered him to pay a fine of $10. He was also charged with drunkenness and after being found guilty of that offense an additional fine of $2 was imposed.

Dhenwe and De Middleaer live in the same house in Prince street and according to the testimony of the complainant as he was entering the house about 11.30 o'clock Saturday night the defendant called him a scab and then struck him in the face.

Neglected His Children

John Bennett was charged with failing to provide proper support for his two minor children who are now in the hands of the state board of charity. He admitted that he had not paid towards their support lately but said that it was owing to the fact that he had been sick and was unable to work.

Bennett's wife is dead and shortly after her death his two children were turned over to the state board of charity and the understanding was that he was to contribute towards their support, which he has failed to do.

After Edwin R. Sparrow, counsel for the state board, explained the case to the court Judge Fisher ordered the man placed on probation.

Neglected His Wife

Alfred Morse, charged with neglecting to provide for his wife, was placed on probation on condition that he pay her $5 a week.

Drunken Offenders

Annie Donahue, charged with drunkenness, was sentenced to one month in jail. John H. Donahue and John E. Snell were fined $6 each and two first offenders were fined $2 each.

THE LATEST TAN EFFECTS

LOWELL WOMAN EXTINGUISHED FIRE

That Was Started by Lightning

MILFORD, N. H., July 16.—During a fierce electrical storm yesterday lightning struck the large summer boarding and farmhouse owned by Mrs. Martha Jewett, on Federal hill.

In the first shower the lightning struck the large barn, doing much damage but not setting it on fire. A few moments later it struck the house and entered the bedroom occupied by Miss Alice Bassett of Lowell.

It set fire to the room, but Miss Bassett, although partly stunned, grasped a pitcher of water and put out the flames. The house was considerably damaged by the bolt.

Porter Colby sustained a broken ankle when he attempted to close the large doors of his barn. The wind blew a heavy limb from a tree, which struck Mr. Colby on the leg.

JUDGE HANFORD

ALLOWS APPEAL OF CASE OF LEONARD OLSSEN

SEATTLE, Wash., July 16.—Judge C. H. Hanford of the United States district court has allowed entry of the appeal of the case of Leonard Olssen, the socialist, whose naturalization he recently revoked on the ground that he had deceived the court as to his attachment to the constitution of the United States.

ANOTHER SENTENCE FOR LOWELL MAN

Ganley Had Just Completed a Term

NEWBURYPORT, July 16.—In police court yesterday, James Ganley of Lowell was sentenced to two months in jail for the larceny of $18 from a Newburyport hotel in April. Ganley stopped at the hotel the night before the money was stolen, and was in the office alone for a few minutes while the clerk had his attention called somewhere outside. When the clerk returned Ganley was gone, the cash drawer was open, and $18 was missing.

The police traced Ganley to Lawrence, where it was found that he had been sentenced to the house of correction for larceny. He served three months, his time being up a few days ago. An officer from this city met him at the jail when he was discharged and brought him here.

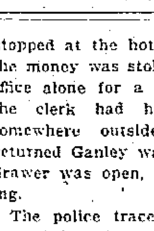
THIS WOMAN'S TROUBLES GONE

Terrible Cramps, Dizzy Spells Nervousness, Misery—Her Story of How She Got Well Again.

Hindsboro, Ill.—"Your remedies have relieved me of all my troubles. I would have such bearing down misery and cramps and such weak, nervous, dizzy spells that I would have to go to bed. Some days I could hardly stay up long enough to get a meal.

"The doctor's medicine did me no good so I changed to Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and got good results from the first bottle. I kept on taking it and used the Sanative Wash with it, until I was well again. I think every woman who suffers as I have, could take no better medicine."—Mrs. CHARLES MATTISON, Box 58, Hindsboro, Ill.

Testimony of Trained Nurse.



Cathlamet, Wash.—"I am a nurse and when I do much lifting I have a female weakness, but I take Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and I cannot say enough in praise of it. I always recommend it for female troubles."—Mrs. ELVA BARBER EDWARDS, Box 54, Cathlamet, Wash.

The makers of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound have thousands of such letters as those above—they tell the truth, else they could not have been obtained for love or money. This medicine is no stranger—it has stood the test for years.

Small accounts solicited and appreciated. Old Lowell National Bank.

Have You Seen the Ivory Smile This Week at HALL & LYON'S CO'S?

[illegible]

(Pinaud's Products Co., New York)

THE IRISH LEAGUE CONVENTION

Call Has Been Issued by President Michael Ryan

National President Michael J. Ryan of the United Irish League of America has issued the following call for the sixth biennial convention of that organization, which will open in the Academy of Music, Philadelphia, on Sept. 23, and last for three days.

William H. K. Redmond, M. P., brother of the Irish leader, is coming out to attend the convention as the representative of the Irish parliamentary party, and can only remain two weeks after the convention, as he must return for the committee stage of the home rule bill.

MICHAEL J. RYAN
Pres. United Irish League

President Ryan's Call

President Ryan's call is as follows:

"Philadelphia, July 15, 1912.

"To the Officers and Members of the United Irish League of America:

"By unanimous vote of the national executive committee, Philadelphia, has been decided upon as the place and Sept. 23, 24, 25 and 26, 1912, as the time for the holding of the biennial convention of the United Irish League of America. The national officers hope that it will be possible for the leader of the Irish people, the Hon. John E. Redmond, to attend in person, but it is certain that some of the most distinguished colleagues of the party will speak for him and Ireland and so lend added interest and importance to the occasion. Every branch of the organization, it is hoped, will take immediate steps to see that it is represented, so that the delegates from Ireland shall carry back with them convincing evidence by the presence of the most representative gathering our race has held in America, of the continue support and encouragement of their kindred on this side of the Atlantic.

Land Won for People

"There is no need to recount the achievements of the Irish Parliamentary Party. Ireland has been advanced immeasurably. The land has been won for the people. Self-government is within their grasp. The house of lords, so long the barrier to the prosperity and happiness of our race, has been practically destroyed. Religious rancors have been banished, and with a unanimity unparalleled in the history of our cradleland, all creeds and sections of the island are moving together to bring back peace, happiness, prosperity and freedom to all its inhabitants. That we have been helpers in the winning of victories for the motherland is of itself a distinction and in the glory of the achievements we have a right to be proud.

"It is unquestioned that the cause is on the threshold of victory; but there must be no diminution of effort, and no withholding of aid, and I therefore earnestly urge every friend of the league to be present in Philadelphia at the opening of the national convention, and to make of it the greatest success in point of numbers ever held in the United States, and give overwhelming proof that now and forever the exiles of Erin are as one with their kindred in the old land.

Urge More Organizations

"I hope that no branch of the league will be unrepresented and I request that in those localities which have hitherto been laggard, organizations will spring up, and come in, and so be able to rightfully make claim that their adhesion made victory certain.

"Arrangements are under way to secure reduced railroad rates. The particulars will be furnished later, as will also all information as to the basis of representation and other matters of detail, such as the headquarters, halls, hotels, arrangements, etc.

"The branches are requested to communicate as speedily as possible with the national secretary, John O'Callaghan, Room 43, Globe building, Boston, Mass., and those who may be delinquent are urged to fulfil their obligations by promptly making payment to the national treasurer, Thomas B. Fitzpatrick, 104 Kingston street, Boston, Mass."

Lakeview Park

WEEK BEGINNING JULY 14

THE CANOPY OF THE GODS

—FREE DISPLAY OF—

Italian Fireworks

TUESDAY EVENING

BAND CONCERT

Sunday Afternoon and Evening

AT THE THEATRE

The Majestic Players in

The Parish Priest

AFTERNOON AND EVENING

MERRIMACK SQUARE THEATRE

Cool and Comfortable

FOR WEEK OF JULY 15

Second Week by Popular Request:
EDGAR FOREMAN AND COMPANY
PRESENTING
"A DUEL OF HEARTS"
A Bright Comedy Playlet
DE GRANT AND MacCLENNAN
"Those Comedy Boys"
MAX HOLDEN
Shadowgraph Artist
ALICE BAGLEY—Soloist
The very best in Photo-Plays
Never Too Late—Continuous Performance, 1 to 10.30 P. M.

Canobie Lake Park

Week of July 15

The Best in

VAUDEVILLE

Free seats to evening performance. Apply to conductors on park cars after 6 p. m.

Sunday, July 21

BAND CONCERT

3 TO 5 P. M.

TROLLEY AND BOAT

LOWELL

—TO—

NANTASKET

ROUND TRIP 90c

Tickets at Bay State St. Ry. Co. Office, good Mondays, Wednesdays and Saturdays after July 5.

KASINO

BEST DANCING HALL IN NEW ENGLAND

Concert and Dancing Aft'n and Evening

Willow Dale

Can be secured for club outings or church picnics, with orchestra for dancing, both afternoon and evening. Boat will make regular trips to meet all cars, including the last one. Telephone 3708-3.

LAPSE OF MEMORY

STRANGE CASE OF WEST ROXBURY MAN

FARMINGTON, Me., July 16.—A strange case of lapse of memory was reported yesterday from Kingfield, when George Lambert, who resides in West Roxbury, Mass., came to himself among strangers and in a strange country. He had just been given a drink of water by a farmer at whose house he had called.

He gave his age as 31, is single and is a gardner. He stands 5 feet 3 inches tall, is of dark complexion and smooth shaven.

He, says the last he can remember, he was setting out a Japanese hedge the last of May for his employer, J. W. Tufts of 135 Corey street, West Roxbury. Since then everything is a blank.

When he recovered his memory he was neatly dressed, but had only 50 cents in his pocket. He showed no signs of hardship and can remember no sickness except a peculiar buzzing in his head. His working clothes he carried in a knapsack.

He is being cared for in Kingsfield and his former employer and his mother, Mrs. Frank Dansrow of 31 Hill Crest street, West Roxbury, have been notified, as have his two sisters, Mrs. Perry Downs and Mrs. Charles Nutting, both of Millinocket.

Lambert says he never was in Maine before.

LAKEVIEW DANCE HALL

If you care to have an enjoyable time,
Take a Lakeview car and follow the line,
Where all are going in the summertime,
For the dance hall there is the coolest clime.

One of the best dancing floors in this vicinity is the one at the Lakeview dance hall, and while the majority of the dancers of Lowell are acquainted with that fact there are seven in this city who did not know it, and for the benefit of the baker's half dozen this is published. The floor manager took a course in the work at Boston and has met with remarkable success since going to the lake. Kittredge's orchestra of eight pieces is playing better than ever and the solos by John Y. Myers, reputed to be one of the best at that line in New England, are meeting with the approval of all who visit the hall. Novelty numbers will be introduced at the different sessions which are held every afternoon and evening. The hall is the real "coolest spot in town," and, judging from the large crowds attending there, the dancing public knows it. At the fountain the thirsty may procure drinks served by a most efficient corps of clerks.

DE GRANT AND McCLENNAN,
At the Merrimack Square Theatre This Week.

MERRIMACK SQUARE THEATRE

Edgar Foreman and company who are appearing at the Merrimack Square theatre for the second week, present this week a dainty little playlet entitled "A Duel of Hearts." The comedy contains many bright and witty passages and is very cleverly handled by Mr. Foreman and Miss Orr. It treats of a young couple who have developed a jealous streak toward each other. The suspicions of the young wife become more acute when she discovers her husband handing another woman a note which she afterwards picks up and finds it addressed in endearing terms. She then decides that her method of getting square will be an effort on her part to make her husband suspicious of her, but her work proves a dismal failure. The pair carry through numerous laughable stunts in their endeavors to get the upper hand, and for a time both believe that they are making wonderful progress, but in the end they just give up and allow that the ultimate result must be a separation. The climax is reached when they suddenly awaken to the fact that both were wrong in their suspicions and the finale finds them reconciled and happy in the thought of a pleasant future.

"The Comedy Boys," De Gant and MacClennan, are clever comedians and very good singers. Their act consists of bright snappy comedy with a touch of fine singing, and their work is very commendable.

Max Holden gives a very interesting shadowgraph exhibition. The many figures which he throws on the canvas by the use of his hands, stamps him as a real leader in his class. To fully appreciate his work one must witness his act.

The photo-plays for the first three days of the week are again among the very best shown locally. They include some excellent dramatic offerings, a few comedy sketches and, last but not least, a wonderful series of views of historic spots in Canada, as well as many of the well known and leading statesmen of that country. This picture will be especially interesting to all French Canadians of the city and surroundings. Miss Alice Bagley, the local vocalist, is heard in new illustrated songs that are greatly appreciated. The photo-plays for the last three days of the week are all new and novel. Remember this theatre is always cool and comfortable. Continuous performances from 1 to 10.30 p. m.

THE KASINO

Old Timers' Night at the Kasino tomorrow will undoubtedly prove an attraction for many hundreds of people who enjoy the melodies of 20 and 30 years ago. Director James H. Buckley of the Kasino orchestra has arranged an excellent program of music appropriate to the occasion, among the numbers being: "Bell Bolt," "Silver Threads Among the Gold," "Comin' Thro' the Rye," "Annie Laurie," "Should Auld Acquaintance Be Forgot," "The Last Rose of Summer," "My Old Kentucky Home," "Swanee River," "When Johnny Comes Marching Home," and many others of happy musical memory. The Kasino is probably the coolest spot in Lowell. It is built on an elevation overlooking the South common, and is exposed to every ripple of the atmosphere.

CANOBIE LAKE PARK

Although Canobie Lake park has been the resort of many athletic meets and carnivals since its opening, it has never been the scene of a swimming exhibition. The new pool, the largest one of its kind in the country, however, has presented an unequaled opportunity for aquatic diversion, and next Saturday evening at 8 o'clock swimmers from all the surrounding towns will compete for the prizes which have been offered in the six events. All contestants must be registered athletes, and if any swimmer is not registered as yet he may do so immediately by notifying J. Frank Facey of Cambridge, secretary of the N. E. A. A. U., under whose sanction the swimming carnival will be held. In addition to these events for registered athletes, there will also be open contests, including a tub race, fat man's race and obstacle race. John Kelley of Lawrence, who won the All-Ireland swimming prize last year at Dublin, will compete in the races. The Dorchester ladies' lifesaving crew, consisting of six comely young ladies, will give an exhibition of fancy swimming and diving. Two big searchlights will illuminate the tank. The entry blanks may be secured at the Y. M. C. A. and at this office. The program of the events for registered athletes is as follows:

Swimming

Event 1—50 yards race.
Event 2—100 yards race, back stroke and breast stroke.
Event 3—250 yards race.

Diving

Event 4—High diving from firm take-off. Plain back dive, backward somersault, running plain dive, forward spring and forward dive, with half-twist, forward somersault, jack-knife forward.

Event 5—Fancy diving from springboard. Running front dive, back dive, front jack-knife, backward somersault, handspring dive with somersault.

Event 6—Plunge for distance.

Act Well!

And that you may, profit by the health-restoring, strength-giving properties of the time-tested famous family remedy

BEECHAM'S PILLS

Sold everywhere In boxes 10c., 25c.

LAKEVIEW THEATRE

The first performance of "The Parish Priest" was given by the Majestic Players at Lakeview last night before a large and appreciative audience. This is the play that Daniel Sully immortalized by his acting in the role of the parish priest and is one of such inherent beauty and pleasing comedy that its popularity today is as great as when it was first produced. In the production at Lakeview, the role

ARTHUR E. CLAIRE

of the priest is taken by Arthur Claire, and this popular actor certainly gave it a finished interpretation last evening. The whole company is one of unusual strength and skill, and the patrons of the theatre are sure to be pleased with the quality of the plays produced and the artistic manner in which they are staged.

The cast of the Majestic Players' production is as follows:

Father Whalen .....Arthur Claire
Jim Welsh .....Willis D. Steadman
Dr. Edward Welsh .....Pete Craig
Frank Dougher .....Daniel Reed
Dr. Cassidy ..... Joseph Prosser
Michael ..... Harry Hughes
Nellie Dorgin ..... Miss Elsie Gladys
Agnes Cassidy.... Miss Evelyn Silver
Katherine Corrigan..Miss Alice Hazen

Act I—Exterior of Dr. Cassidy's house. Faith.
Act II—The same. Hope.
Act III—Father Whalen's home. Charity.

The play will be given all this week, afternoon and evening, and all should take the advantage to witness the high class production of this famous play.

Baseball fans need the "IRONLESS" PANT PRESSERS after the game.

LIMB OF TREE FELL

A limb of a black ash tree at the Crane place, 613 School street, which is one of the oldest trees in these parts, fell yesterday, and greatly damaged the tree. No one was passing at the time, fortunately.

The Crane place, as it has been known in the past, is the residence now of Wm. N. Osgood, the original old house having been moved back to face Osgood street.

The tree has been one of the most beautiful in that part of the city, and it will probably be possible to save the part still standing.

MULREADY BOOMED FOR PRISON CHAIRMAN

Probation Commissioner Well Known Here

BOSTON, July 16.—There was talk yesterday that Edwin Mulready of Rockland, deputy commissioner of probation, might be appointed chairman of the prison commission by Gov. Foss. Chairman Pettigrove has been a holdover since last year, but the

EDWIN MULREADY.

governor announced last week in a letter to Miss Mary Boyle O'Reilly that he expects to appoint a new commissioner soon.

Mr. Mulready is one of the foremost experts on probation work in the country. He was for years probation officer in Plymouth and Norfolk counties, and was appointed to his present position when the probation commission was created several years ago. He has not been a candidate for the position because his present work is thoroughly congenial although work has been done in his behalf by some of the men interested in prison reform.

Well Known Here

Edwin Mulready, now being boomed for chairman of the prison commission, is well and favorably known here, and comes to Lowell quite frequently in the discharge of his duties as deputy probation commissioner. He is a close friend of Probation Officer Edward F. Slattery and John A. McKenna, and has spoken before the Mathews on several occasions.

The "IRONLESS"—two minutes to adjust They work while you rest.

MAINE FARMERS

FEAR ATTACK FROM JAIL BREAKERS WHO ARE AT LARGE

PORTLAND, July 15.—The farmers and their families in the vicinity of this city are in fear of attack by four of five men who broke jail here last Thursday night. One, Harry Brown, alias Harry Willie, was captured Saturday.

The other four are at large, and it is believed they have been able to arm themselves. The store of Stephen W. Shackford at Gorham was broken into and food and knives were stolen. It is believed this was the work of the four desperate men.

Sheriff Louis W. Moulton, with a force of deputies, assisted by volunteers, is searching the woods for the convicts. It is believed the leader is Dennis Mayberry of Westbrook, Me., who is well acquainted with the country. His companions are Harry Cooney or Portland, Edward Parker of Boston and Felix Tarmenzello of Portland.

The men were arrested for breaking and entering and for assault. They got out of jail by getting into an unoccupied cell and cutting a hole through the ceiling to a room from which they reached a low roof.

GOV. MARSHALL

MEETS MEMBERS OF DEMOCRATIC NATIONAL COMMITTEE

INDIANAPOLIS, July 16.—Members of the democratic national committee following its formal meeting in Chicago came here early today to confer with Governor Marshall, the party's candidate for vice president. Delegations representing the democratic clubs took the national committeemen to a hotel for breakfast at eight o'clock. The meeting with Governor Marshall was scheduled for ten o'clock at the state house and it was arranged that the guests should be escorted to the capital by several marching clubs and a band.

THE PORTUGUESE

OF THE I. W. W. HELD REGULAR MEETING LAST NIGHT

The Portuguese branch of the I. W. W. held its regular meeting at its headquarters in Hanover street last night. The principal business of the evening concerned a communication received from Agent Bowen of the Appleton company relative to requests made by the I. W. W. members who are employed in that mill. It had to do with teaching workers who were not members of the I. W. W., and also regarding men and women who had found it a physical impossibility to continue work throughout these hot days.

The reply of the mill officials was to the effect that they should reserve the right to fill all vacancies; that all workers who perform their duties properly and well may remain in the employ of the company without regard to the question of membership in a labor organization, and that all persons who were not able to work through the hot spell would not be forced to work.

If you want help at home or in your business, try The Sun "Want" column.

POLICE SUPERINTENDENT REPORTS TO MAYOR

On His Trip to Convention in Canada—He Advises Purchase of Dictagraph

Supt. of Police Redmond Welch, who has just returned from the annual convention of the International Associations of Chiefs of Police, held at Toronto, Canada, today made the following report of his trip to Mayor O'Donnell:

Lowell, Mass., July 15, 1912.

Hon. James E. O'Donnell, Mayor of Lowell.

Dear Sir: I attended the convention of the International Association of Chiefs of Police at Toronto, beginning Tuesday, July 9, and concluding Friday, July 12. There was probably a representation of 300 people present, representing cities in almost, I may say, every state in the union, together with a number throughout Canada. Letters of regret were read from the police officials of Germany, France, England, Argentine Republic, Brazil and Australia.

A great many subjects of interest to police in general were discussed, but I failed to note anything that was brought before the convention, that we are not already familiar with. Representatives of the Colt Firearms Co., Savage Automatic Co., Gamewell police and fire alarm systems, and also a demonstrator of the dictagraph, of which we have heard so much, were present. I found the dictagraph of the utmost interest and cannot but believe that its adoption will be of the greatest importance to any well regulated, up-to-date police department. The price of the same, purchased outright, I was informed would be $250. They also arrange to lease their machine. I referred the representative to you, and was informed that he would communicate with you with reference to his invention. The officials at Toronto treated us with the greatest courtesy. We were tendered the services of the street railway, ferry, and were also guests at a ball game between Toronto and Buffalo. After the game a banquet was held in our honor at which many pleasant things were said. I left Friday night and arrived home Saturday, thoroughly tired, but fully prepared to take up the task of police routine once more. Respectfully,

Redmond Welch,
Supt. of Police.

Mayor O'Donnell, in acknowledging the report, expressed pleasure at learning that the superintendent's visit was both pleasurable and profitable, and stated that he would be pleased to discuss the matter of installing a dictagraph with the superintendent or the representative of the company. His Honor also had a good word to say for Deputy Downey, who as acting superintendent, conducted the affairs of the department in an eminently satisfactory manner.

JOHN WALMSLEY OF THIS CITY

Sought Through British Consul by Daughter

Supt. Welch of the police department has received the following self-explanatory letter from the office of the British consulate-general in Boston:

British Consulate General
Boston, July 6, 1912.

Sir:—

I would esteem it a great favor if you could furnish me with any information regarding one John Walmsley, last heard of at Lowell, Mass., U. S. A. The inquiry is being made on behalf of his daughter, who states that she does not know whether he is dead or alive.

I regret that the particulars are so scanty but I am endeavoring to obtain more details.

Thanking you in anticipation of your courtesy, I am, sir,

Your obedient servant,
J. E. Bell,
Acting Consul General.

Chief of Police
Lowell, Mass.

Vacation outfit not complete without the "IRONLESS" PANT PRESSERS.

MAY WARN AMERICANS TO LEAVE THE TOWN

They Will be in Danger From Rebels

JUAREZ, Mexico, July 16.—More than 500 American citizens, together with their wives and families in towns along the Mexican Northwestern railroad are threatened with isolation far from the American border with scant means of escaping depredations of Mexican rebels.

Sufficient facts became known today of the situation along the Mexican Northwestern to warrant the statement that it would cause no surprise if the Americans in all the towns along the line were warned to leave Mexico at once.

BOY CHECK ROBBER CAUGHT IN BUFFALO

He Was Waiting for Train for Denver

NEW YORK, July 16.—Joseph Killeen, the seventeen-year-old messenger boy who left town last Saturday with more than $500,000 in checks and $220 in cash belonging to the United Cigar Stores company, was arrested yesterday in Buffalo. A detective found him in the New York Central railroad station, waiting for a train to take him to Denver Colo. The youth let slip the fact that he had thrown up a $4 a week job with the cigar company to try his luck in the west and that convinced the police he was the boy wanted in this city.

The boy explained after a while how it came about that he made up his mind to drop his bag of checks in Albany. He knew that a lot of money had been entrusted to him and he was able to realize $220 all right, but when he came to look over the checks a big fear came in to relieve the deficiencies of his imagination and he concluded that no check for more than $100,000 was a fit traveling companion for him. So when he reached Albany he hung the bag of paper on a fence in Lafayette street and moved rapidly away from there.

Joe had $99 with him when he was arrested. He had spent the rest for railroad tickets and for his keep on the way. His idea was to get to Kansas City, which he thinks is a place where cowboys make their headquarters. He appears to be less puzzled over the west than he was by the fact that there is as much money in the world as was given him to deposit with the National Bank of Commerce. He is undersized and talks like a boy considerably younger than he is. He will be held in Buffalo until an officer arrives from New York to take charge of him.

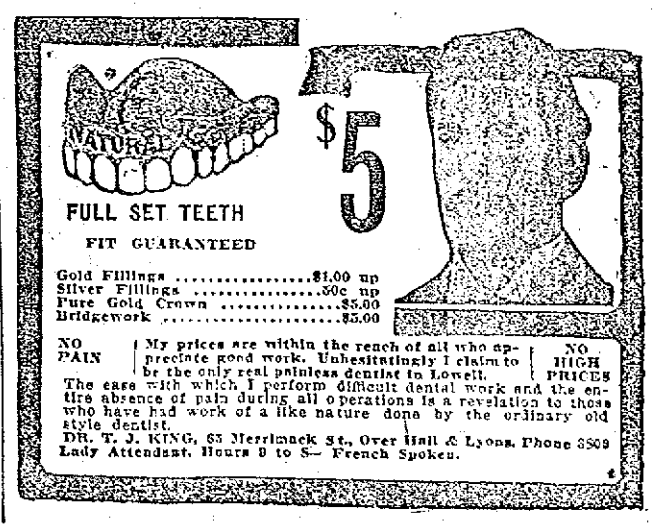
The Kileen home is at 104 Armstrong avenue, Jersey City. Joe's father is a mechanic and there are a sister and four younger brothers. Joe and his father have been bringing in the family income, and his mother said last night that it wasn't much of an income. She was crying when she said it.

CARD OF THANKS

We, the undersigned, take this means of expressing our heartfelt thanks to all our relatives and friends who so kindly assisted us by words of consolation, acts of kindness and spiritual and floral offerings during the hour of our bereavement in the death of our dear wife, and mother Catherine. To each and all we are deeply grateful and their kindness will always be remembered.

Signed.
Mr. William Brennan,
W. Frank Brennan,
George F. Brennan.

Lakeview BEST—COOLEST DANCE PRETTIEST—CLASSIEST **Hall**



THE LOWELL SUN

JOHN H. HARRINGTON, Proprietor
SUN BUILDING, MERRIMACK SQUARE, LOWELL, MASS.
Member of the Associated Press
THREE DOLLARS PER YEAR. TWENTY-FIVE CENTS PER MONTH

EXTRA SESSION TALK

The question of whether the governor will call an extra session of the legislature to put through certain measures that failed of enactment is now under discussion among the politicians of the state. The principal objects in view are the Boston tunnel, the electrification bills and the public utilities commission for a more effective control of railroads. The last named measure was one of the governor's hobbies and because of its rejection he refused to sign some of the other bills mentioned. Unless an understanding could be reached in advance as to what would be done with these various measures it would hardly be advisable to take the risk of calling an extra session that might be fruitless in results.

The legislature if now in session, however, might do something to put an end to the Boston car strike that is proving a great source of danger and inconvenience to the traveling public. Had the legislature done its full duty it would have enacted a measure similar to the law now in force in Canada for the preservation of industrial peace particularly in reference to public service corporations. Had such a measure been passed it would probably have averted the present strike and thus have saved the people of Boston and vicinity a vast amount of inconvenience while the various accidents, fatal or otherwise, that have resulted would have never occurred.

The legislature, it seems, has an important duty to perform in this matter, and if there was no other business to be attended to this alone might justify an extra session.

FOSS AND WALSH

Gov. Foss has put an end to the suspense which had become rather intense on the question of whether he would again be a candidate for re-election. He now states that he will be a candidate if Hon. David I. Walsh will run again for second place on the ticket. Mr. Walsh was ready to announce his candidacy for first place in case the governor would step aside, but now that the governor is to run again we presume Mr. Walsh will consent to be a candidate for lieutenant governor.

Foss and Walsh should constitute a winning ticket this year. There is little doubt of the re-election of the governor, and as for Mr. Walsh, he has grown very much in popular esteem since last November. He is a very able man, an orator of ability and his record is without a blemish. He would make an ideal lieutenant governor and could fill the higher place as acceptably as any man who has occupied the position for a considerable number of years.

GENERAL DELIVERY LETTERS

The postal authorities have issued an order to postmasters of large cities to stop the custom followed by certain young women of having their mail addressed to the general delivery. When they expect a letter they call frequently, importuning the clerks to an extent that is very annoying. The question is asked why they do not give their home address. The supposed reason is that they do not want anybody at home to know that they are carrying on any correspondence. The postal authorities say the general delivery window was established for the convenience of travelers, not for flirts of either sex, much less for the class that can properly be set down as home-breakers. The postal officials in some cities claim this abuse is carried to an alarming extreme. The action of the authorities would stop a great many people from using the mails for immoral purposes.

The republicans are awaiting the bandana platform, knowing that it will amount to nothing but mere bluff. Roosevelt is his own platform and Taft is "his'n". Platforms have been of no use to the republican party of late except to enable it to break its word a little oftener than it otherwise would. Roosevelt's platform is against Taft and Taft's against Roosevelt, both against the country. Better eliminate both men and their platforms and leave the contest to the democratic and prohibition party.

As the episodes of the Baltimore convention are forgotten and the result is sized up to be the best that could possibly be procured, there are those who pay high tribute to Mr. Bryan for blocking action, preventing the nomination of Clark and shaping things not for Wilson but for somebody else. The final outcome pleases the country much better than Mr. Bryan. The country thinks it is the best nomination that could be made. Mr. Bryan has a different opinion.

The republican party has not yet got over the effect of the shocks received at Chicago and Baltimore. Chicago was expected but who ever heard of the democrats nominating their strongest candidate? Not since Jefferson. It is really terrible this annihilation of the republican machine!

The republicans, we mean the honest republicans, not the robbers and money kings, are tumbling over one another to catch on to the Wilson band wagon. The best nomination since Jefferson is what they say. Victory is assured. Hurrah for Wilson!

The New Bedford police will have an opportunity to show their ability in preserving order during the strike. Much of their success will depend upon their commander. If he is a man of tact and courage a dozen cops can do more than a militia company.

Will the national conventions of the future be deprived of the opportunity for a good scrap by the mandate of the people at the preferential primaries? If the fighting features be removed it will be difficult to get democrats to attend.

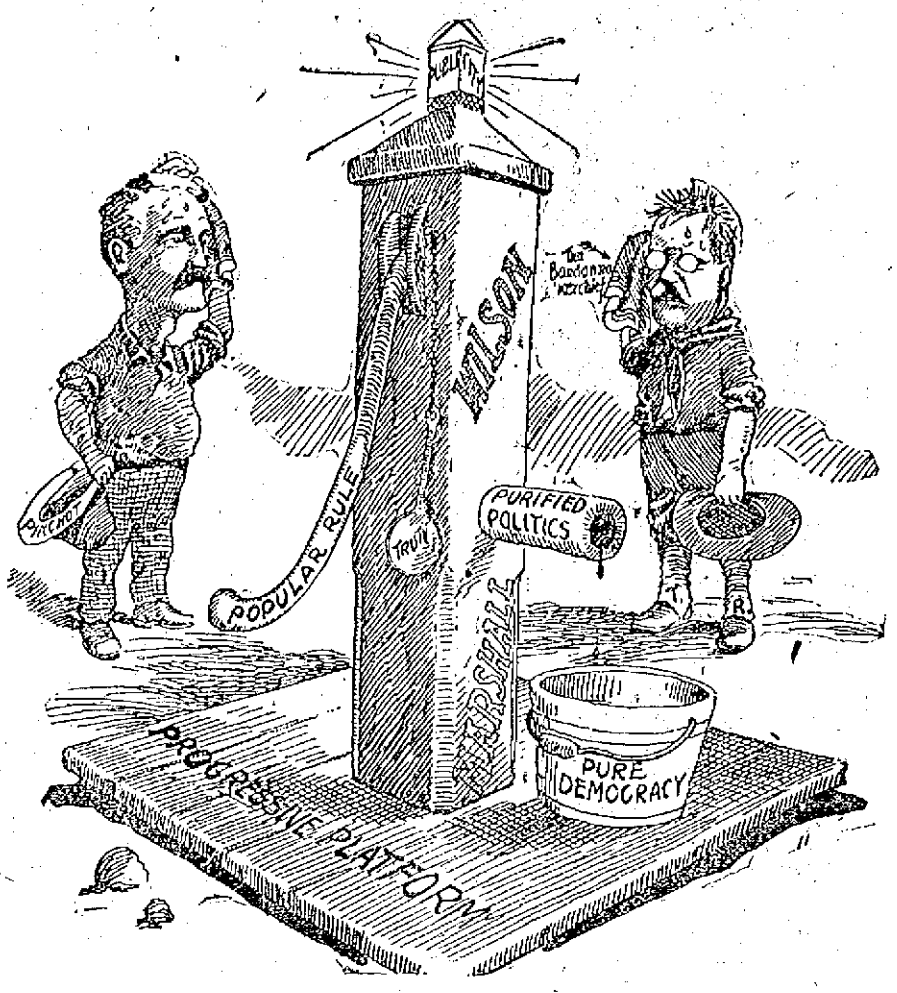
Col. Harvey, who with Col. Watterson broke with Governor Wilson when they found they could not control him, is now out for the democratic ticket. It is remarkable how many of the dissidents, high and low, are watching an opportunity to catch on to Wilson's coat-tails.

Governor Wilson has declined to appoint a campaign manager apart from the chairman of the national committee. The campaign manager plan was tried in the Parker campaign of 1904 but with disastrous results.

Goodness gracious, what's the use of Taft republicans voting for their candidate if Roosevelt is going to steal the electors! Far better is it to vote for Wilson where the vote is sure to count.

It is understood that Marshal Henry of St. Louis doesn't understand this Baltimore business. He wonders now if Wilson is going to be a world wonder.

WALK UP, PROGRESSIVE PILGRIMS, AND HELP YOURSELVES



PROMINENT WOMAN HELD AS SHOPLIFTER

Mrs. Jackson Denies She Stole Anything

BROCKTON, July 16.—On complaint of a clerk in a dry goods store here, a woman who said she was Mrs. Susan Howard Jackson of 781 Warren avenue, this city, prominent in philanthropic work and reputed to be worth considerable money, was arrested on a charge of shoplifting.

Mrs. Jackson's only complaint at the "outrageous action of the police" was that she feared a score of elderly women at the Wales Home, who were to be chaperoned by her at Nantasket today, would not be able to go and have a day's pleasure, as she would have to appear in court.

Denying she had taken anything, Mrs. Jackson talked freely at her home after she had been admitted to bail. She said policemen went to her home with a warrant and searched the place. She said they took away two baskets full of vases and crockery she had bought and had been given her. She didn't know what they took it for, she said.

The clerk in the store contended he saw Mrs. Jackson slip crockery in her handbag. He admitted no one else saw the act. Mrs. Jackson says there was a colored woman following her around and she is sure the woman took some cloth out of her bag.

Mrs. Jackson has property in the city assessed for fully $5000; has done a great deal of charitable work, especially among the elderly women at the Wales Home.

WHAT A TONIC SHOULD DO

Increase the Strength and Give Vigor to the System.

Webster's dictionary defines a tonic as a medicine that increases the strength and gives vigor to the system. That tells why Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People are a real tonic. Thousands of men and women are ailing today, not sick in bed but without strength and ambition to do a full day's work. No one organ seems to be at fault, yet the whole system is lacking in health. They cannot sleep or get rest, are always tired out or nervous. Many have headaches, backaches and stomach trouble. All such people need the tonic help of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People. The beneficial influence of this medicine reaches the whole system. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills do more than relieve one or two of the symptoms, they remove the cause.

The experience of Mrs. James F. Meynell, of Sullivan, Me., with this blood-making medicine is given in her own words, as follows: "My reason for recommending Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People to others is that they saved me from a long illness and probably from consumption a few years ago. When teaching a country school I became so completely run down that I could not attend to my duties. My appetite failed me and I became so weak that it was with great difficulty that I could walk upstairs. I had palpitation of the heart and was short of breath. I also lost in weight. The people with whom I boarded recommended Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People. I gave the remedy a trial and soon felt my strength returning. In a very short time I was perfectly well. More recently I again took Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. I had been suffering from rheumatism for several months. The disease settled in the joints all over my body. I could just get around the house by the aid of a chair. The pains were so sharp that I could hardly keep from screaming. I suffered all through the summer until early fall. As the doctor did not help me I again turned to Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. I gradually got better and took the pills until cured and have had no return of the rheumatism since."

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are sold by all druggists, or sent by mail, postpaid, on receipt of price, 50 cents per box; six boxes for $2.50, by the Dr. Williams Medicine Company, Schenectady, N. Y.

Everybody's Doing It

HAVING THEIR WORK DONE AT BAY STATE

It is now the good old summer time and people who are thinking of going on a vacation should look over their wardrobe and see what should go to the Bay State Dye works for cleansing and pressing. Your work done in the best possible manner and by expert workmen and with the latest improved machinery. Follow the wise ones and go to the place where you will surely be pleased.

Bay State Dye Works

D. J. Leary, Prop. 34 Prescott st.

Those Mean, Little, Brown Tail Moths!!

The sharp stinging little hairs, they drop around places and almost make you hate to see summer come — almost, but not quite, because if you have Toiletine handy to rub on the place you want to scratch, you have fooled Mr. Brown Tail. Toiletine takes away the pain and the itch of moth nettles or a mosquito bite right away. No time lost and no suffering—no digging with your nails at your own skin—none of that feeling that you would like to scratch a hole in your wrist or face. Just rub on Toiletine.

TOILETINE Reg. U.S. Pat. Off.

Soothes and Heals

People use Toiletine for sunburn, chapped hands and face, cracked skin—even for hang nails. Also for cuts and burns and sprains and bruises. When and after shaving Toiletine is fine. It's a true friend to the skin and when you need it you need it bad. Get a small bottle free to try.

Write for FREE Sample

Ask for it. Send a postcard. We will send the free sample right away. Write for it now—don't wait till you have to send somebody running to the drug store to buy a bottle. After you have tried the sample you will want to buy Toiletine. All druggists sell Toiletine, 25c a bottle, and guarantee it. Money back if you want it.

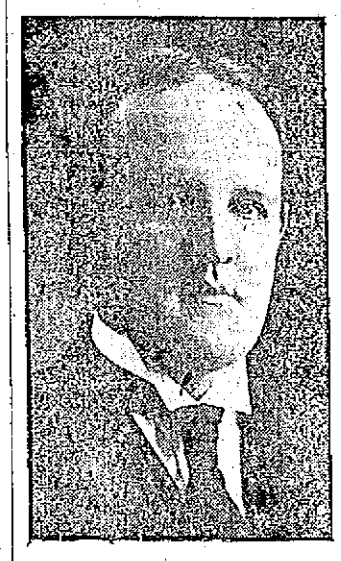
THE TOILETINE COMPANY
1316 Hope St., Greenfield, Mass.

RECALL PETITION FILED IN LAWRENCE

Against Member of the School Board

LAWRENCE, July 16.—A petition for the recall of School Committeeman John J. Breen, who was found guilty in the superior court and fined $500 for conspiracy to injure property by "planting" dynamite during the great textile strike here last spring, was filed yesterday in the clerk's office.

Those who filed the petition were



JOHN J. BREEN

the Rev. E. M. Lake, pastor of the Second Baptist church; E. L. Leighton, secretary of the Lawrence C. L. U., and former Alderman Timothy Donovan, former president of the C. L. U. The petition contained over 2500 names.

As the result of the petition a special election will probably be held, the date to be announced later after the names are verified by the city clerk. If the petition contains the names of 2301 registered voters the election date will be announced. This is the first petition for a recall under the new city charter.

The leaders in the movement believe that Breen is unfit to hold public office by reason of his conviction in the superior court.

AMERICAN GLEE CLUB NOTES

The regular meeting of the American Glee club was held at its camp at Willow Dale yesterday. President Eastman presided and all business of importance was transacted and four new members were admitted.

James Curry swam the entire circuit of the lake yesterday in 1 hour and 52 minutes which is considered very fast time. Curry will uphold the colors of the club against all comers in swimming the entire lake.

President Eastman's motor launch, the Titanic, is receiving much attention lately owing to the traffic it is doing. Sunday night the camp was the scene of the first of a series of ladies' nights and a general good time was enjoyed. Halstead's orchestra rendered all the popular selections and a musical program was given by the members, the program being as follows: "Everybody's Doing It," Thomas Reghan; solo, "Honeymoon Love," Alex Ray; recitation, "The Green House on the Farm," Wm. McPherson; solo, "Garden of Love," James Johnston; solo "Where You Bain Going," John Eastman; recitation, "You Can Keep Your Xmas Dinner," Lanpo Gorman. Refreshments were served and the party broke up at a late hour. Among the guests were members of the Monhegans and Lenox campers.

D. Roghan is "cutting up" of late. He has been seen at the lake quite frequently.

A new swimming raft was launched Saturday and it was well occupied yesterday.

Thomas Cavarty pulled in a 4 lbs. bass Saturday night.

The Glee club will hold an open camp Sunday afternoon and all friends are invited to visit the place for inspection.

PUTNAM & SON CO.

166 CENTRAL STREET.

Excellent Suits

AT MOST ECONOMICAL PRICES

The following lots have brought us a splendid business.

Men's and Young Men's Suits, sold for $12, $13.50 and $15, in a Sale for $9.50

All new this season, every coat made with a hand felled collar, and representing the most desirable models of the season.

Worsteds, cassimeres, cheviots, in blue grays, grays, tans and browns. Suits sold for $12, $13.50 and $15, now $9.50

50 Suits from our Young Men's Stock, $4.95

All small sizes from 30 to 33 breast measure. Just the right sizes for boys 14 to 17 years. Capital chance to save the boy's better suit through vacation.

These suits are from lots that sold for $10, $12 and even higher. There isn't a bit of trouble with these suits except the sizes. They're small—and we are quite ready to sell them for a ridiculously small figure..... $4.95

Blue Serge Suits $7.75

Coat, vest and long trousers—from the young men's stock—more trouble with small sizes. These are 30 to 32 breast measure—fit boys 14 to 16. All wool—warranted fast color—sold for $10, and the large sizes are $10 today—These small serge suits..... $7.75

Boy Scout Shoes $1.88, instead of $2.50

The genuine Scout Shoes bearing the official seal of the "Boy Scouts of America." Made from soft brown calf skin, with Elk hide soles—bellows tongues to keep out the dirt—

Best shoes made for camp, country, seashore or tramping $1.88

An Easy Trip Through Yellowstone Park

What can wipe out the weariness of a hard winter like a good vacation trip? And nowhere else in all the world are there so many curious and awe-inspiring sights as in Yellowstone National Park.

The journey to the entrance itself via the Burlington Route is full of pleasure and once inside, you are in a world of wonders. Your tour of the Park may be made by stage-coach with steps at perfectly appointed hotels, or if you care for tent life you can spend a glorious week in camping out. Day after day is filled with eye-delighting geysers, mountain vistas that stretch to heaven, rocks the color of a sunset, and strange tumbling rivers that plunge thousands of feet in thundering falls. You will come home made over in mind and body.

I can make your trip all the more enjoyable if you will write me asking any questions you may want to know. I'm employed by the Burlington Route to look after your interests and it's my job to take as many of the little details off your mind as possible. I'll send you our beautiful illustrated folders, I'll tell you about special excursion rates and when is the best time to go. I'll buy and deliver your railroad and sleeper tickets and I'll fix everything so you won't have a worry during the whole trip. Just write me—a postal will do.

Alex Stocks, New England Pass. Agent, C. B. & Q. R. R., 261 Washington St., Boston, Mass.

CUT PRICES ON

Leather Goods

DEVINE'S

124 MERRIMACK STREET

Repairing, Etc. Telephone 2163

KOSHER MEAT SHOPS FORCED TO CLOSE

Butchers Found There Was No Business

BOSTON, July 16.—Twenty butchers who opened their meat shops last Thursday were forced to close their shops yesterday by lack of business, resulting from the kosher meat strike.

The butchers who closed their shops yesterday claimed that since they opened they did not take in enough money to pay the cost of the ice necessary to preserve the meat. More butchers are expected to lock their meat shops today.

The third week of the kosher meat strike started yesterday with 200 pickets surrounding the open meat shops in the West End. Extra details of police were on guard, and there was no serious trouble. Mrs. Eva Hoffman, president of the Mothers' Protective association and leader of the Boston kosher meat strikers, left the city yesterday for a week's rest at Wilmington, Mass., and temporarily gave up her leadership to Mrs. Annie Finkelstein, leader of the Malden boycotters.

A committee consisting of Mrs. Rose Herman and David Knaller waited on Henry H. Levenson, secretary of the Jewish community of Greater Boston, and asked him to call a mass meeting of all the presidents of congregations, lodges and trade unions of Greater Boston and ask them to join the meat campaign. Mr. Levenson promised that he will help the committee to carry the plan through.

FIRST AID FOR ACHES

The Severest Pains of Rheumatism, Lumbago, Sciatica, Sore Muscles, Neuralgia, Stiff Neck, Tonsilitis, Croup, Colic, Quinsy Sore Throat, Asthma, Sprains, Back Ache, Uterine and Ovarian Pains, Chest Pains, and all Soreness arising from Inflammation or Congestion, quickly, safely and easily relieved by the new remedy,

FYRO FLEECE

FYRO FLEECE relieves any pain caused by Congestion or Inflammation almost instantly. It is what the doctors call a counter irritant—yet different, pleasanter and safer than anything of this nature you have ever used before.

FYRO is a soft, light, clean and delightfully soothing medicated fleece, that lies flat on the skin, sending to the plain-affected part a continuous stream of gentle curative heat, that quickly reduces all inflammation and swelling, removes all congestion, and drives away all soreness, ache and pain.

To get its effect, merely lay the FYRO on the skin where the pain is. Pin it to the underclothing and go about your work. Forget you are wearing FYRO, and in ten minutes forget you ever had a pain.

Next time you need a plaster, poultice or hot water bag try FYRO instead. FYRO is not a plaster, not a hot water bag, not a poultice, but does all that these things do, and, in addition, has these advantages:

FYRO needs no warming. It is always ready. It never cools like a hot water bottle. It never sticks like a mustard plaster. It never becomes clammy like a poultice. It will not blister the tenderest skin. Made by the Fyro Company, Syracuse, N. Y.

No Family Medicine Chest Complete Without It.
A Large 25c Package Gives Quick Relief to Any Pain, or Money Back

Sold by all the Riker-Jaynes Drug Stores

THE SUN CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS

TO LET

FURNISHED ROOMS TO LET FOR light housekeeping; bathing suits; auto storage stable connected; two kitchens and two dining rooms. Mrs. A. Hastings, Manchester House, at the end of Portsmouth ave., Hampton Beach, N. H.

MODERN COTTAGE AND STABLE to let, with two stalls and lot of carriage and storage room; $15 per month, at 58 Main st. Inquire at 252 Lincoln street.

PRACTICALLY NEW 6-ROOM TENEment to let; hot and cold water; on West Ninth st. Inquire 46 Elmwood ave.

A FIVE AND SIX ROOM FLAT TO let; pantry, bath, set tubs, hard wood floor, gas, electricity and curtained throughout; rent $13. Apply at 778 Gorham st.

TWO TENEMENTS OF 5 ROOMS each, to let at 508 Gorham st. Inquire on premises.

ONE-HALF DOUBLE HOUSE TO let; six square rooms; eight minutes walk from square; rent $2.75 per week; at 24 West Fourth st. Inquire at 22.

5-ROOM TENEMENT TO LET; JUST remodelled like new; gas, water, toilet; separate back door; $2 per week. Inquire 712 Gorham st. Keys at 1021 Gorham street.

5-ROOM UPPER FLAT AT 23 BURlington ave., to let. 6-room tenement at 68 Tyler st.; modern conveniences. Inquire on premises.

NEW STORES, ALL SIZES, TO let very reasonable; corner Lakeview ave. and West Sixth st. Apply to Eugene Chaput, agent, 146 Orleans st., Centralville, or phone 1232-5.

FURNISHED ROOMS TO LET; GAS and bath, $1 upwards. Mrs. McMillan, Gallagher House, William st.

TENEMENT OF FIVE ROOMS TO let. Apply to Mrs. Cole, 33 North st.

FOUR-ROOM TENEMENTS THAT are really clean and desirable with separate toilet and cellar. Best of neighborhood and location. George E. Brown, 79 Chestnut st.

MODERN 8-ROOM HOUSE TO LET; stable and auto shed, hard wood floors, steam heat, set tubs at 165 So. Loring st. Inquire at 118 So. Loring st. Tel. 2348-3.

5-ROOM TENEMENT TO LET; bath, hot water, $12.00, at 165 Grand st. Apply Schatz Furniture Co., 322 Middlesex st.

FIRST CLASS TENEMENT IN A desirable location in the Highlands, to let; good lot of land $16 per month. Apply to Eugene G. Russell, 407 Middlesex st.

BARN TO LET, FOR THREE horses and lots of carriage room; would make a fine place for a garage, near Westford st. $6 a month. Apply to Eugene G. Russell, 407 Middlesex st.

4-ROOM TENEMENT TO LET NEAR mills, $8 per month. Apply to Eugene G. Russell, 407 Middlesex st.

MODERN 5-ROOM FLAT AND large open attic, to let; hardwood floors, hot and cold water, open plumbing, steam heat, gas and electricity for lighting; electric bells and speaking tubes; large lot of land for garden, in the most desirable part of the Highlands. Price $25 per month. Apply to Eugene G. Russell, 407 Middlesex st.

FIVE ROOM LOWER TENEMENT to let at 312 Chapel st; also five-room upper tenement at 106 Chapel st. Apply to Mr. Kelley, 208 Chapel st.

LARGE HOUSE TO LET AT 815-819 Merrimack st. Suitable for large family or lodging house. Rent reasonable. C. A. Richardson, Five Cent Savings Bank.

8-ROOM FLAT TO LET, WITH ALL modern conveniences; hot and cold water, set tubs bath, steam heat, large veranda at 74 Walker st., off Broadway. Inquire 202 Hildreth bldg. Tel. 1883.

NEWLY FIXED UP FLATS AT 41 and 43 Elm st., to let; 4 and 5 rooms each. One flat 4 rooms, 149 Cushing st., $1.50 a week; one big 7-room tenement, 43 Prospect st., $10 month. Inquire Jos. Flynn, 71 Chapel st.

UPSTAIRS FLAT OF 5 ROOMS AT 177 Stackpole st., to let; rent $15. Bath, pantry, hot and cold water, wash trays, hardwood floors, gas and electric light. Inquire Geo. Fairburn, 351 High st.

7-ROOM COTTAGE TO LET AT 61 Claire st. Modern improvements. Inquire at 16 Marginal st.

5-ROOM TENEMENTS TO LET; COR. Agawam and Grillin sts. Just been remodeled; up to date, $2.50 and $2.75 per week. Inquire of Greenwood Bros. or O. O. Greenwood, 180 Hale st. Tel. 3615-1 or 835-13.

Baby Carriage Tires

Put on, 25c up. Prompt service and good work.

Geo. H. Bachelder

POST OFFICE SQUARE

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE

TWO TENEMENT AND STORE FOR sale; stocked, $2100. 5-room cottage store, $1600. 4-room cottage, barn, $1300. Two cottages, $1250. A good variety store, $600; will exchange. If you have $200 and want a home see P. L. Vance, 88 Third st., Centralville.

SMALL GROCERY, CONFECTIONery, tobacco, cigars, ice cream and table store, for sale; doing a good cash business. Price very low. 553 Gorham st.

NEAR FLOYD STREET, MODERN two-tenement house of 7 and 5 rooms to each tenement for sale. Baths, pantries, hot and cold water. Never vacant. A splendid investment and a fine house. $3500. Abel R. Campbell, 417 Middlesex st., cor. Thorndike.

NEAR MT. VERNON ST. 10 ROOM house for sale, in absolutely perfect condition, bath, furnace heat, nice lot land, near cars. $3100. Abel R. Campbell, 417 Middlesex st., cor. Thorndike.

NEAR STEVENS STREET, NEW two-tenement house for sale; 5 rooms each tenement, steam bath pantry, cem. cellar, slate roof, hardwood floors, electricity, fine lot of land. Very high and dry location. Two minutes to cars. $4700. Abel R. Campbell, 417 Middlesex st., cor. Thorndike.

SEVERAL DESIRABLE HOUSE lots at Old Orchard, Me., for sale cheap. Write or apply today to Eugene G. Russell, 407 Middlesex st.

ON HIGHLAND HEIGHTS

House of 8 rooms with pantry and bath, steam heat, electric light and gas. All hardwood floors, 4000 ft. of land, situated on Chauncey ave., near St. Margaret's church. **The best value ever offered in this section.**

PRICE FOR QUICK SALE **$3500** WORTH $4500

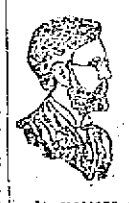
Inquire of Abraham Challoux, R. F. D., Chelmsford Centre.

SITUATIONS WANTED

STRONG, CAPABLE WOMAN WOULD like work at house cleaning or office cleaning. Address C 6, Sun Office.

YOUNG MAN, HIGH SCHOOL GRADuate, with knowledge of stenography and typewriting wants position. Address B 27, Sun Office.

WOMAN WANTS ONE OR TWO children to mind, to be taken home nights. Address 164 Warren st.



FREE TO THE SICK

It matters not the name of the disease you are suffering with, how many physicians you have taken treatment with, do not be discouraged. DR. TEMPLE'S TREATMENT WILL CURE YOU. Cancers, Tumors, all Acute and Chronic Blood and Nervous Diseases of Men and Women, Hydrocele, Varicocele, Stricture, Prostatic Diseases, Piles, Fistula, Fissures, Ulcers, and all Rectal Diseases **WITHOUT THE USE OF THE KNIFE.** Diseases of the Eye, Ear, Nose, Throat, Skin, Stomach, Liver, Kidneys, Bladder, Bowels and Rectum, Epilepsy, and all Nervous diseases.

Terms are always made to suit the convenience of anyone applying for treatment, and very reasonable charges. Do not treat elsewhere until you have investigated methods and terms. Lowell office, 97 Central street, Mansur Block, Wednesdays, 2 to 4; 7 to 8. Sundays, 10 to 12. Consultation, Examination, Advice FREE.

Boston Office, 98 Court st. Hours Daily, 10 to 8; also by Appointment.

Middlesex Street Investment

ASSESSED	$7000
PRICE	$6500
RENTS	$1080

If this looks good see me at once.

W. E. DODGE

22 CENTRAL STREET.

DO YOU WANT AN ELEVATOR?

We have a dandy for sale. Come and look at it. Inquire at The Sun Office.

A LITTLE NONSENSE

MISTAKE SOMEWHERE.

Hubby—I went to a palmist today, and she told me I was all that is noble and good.

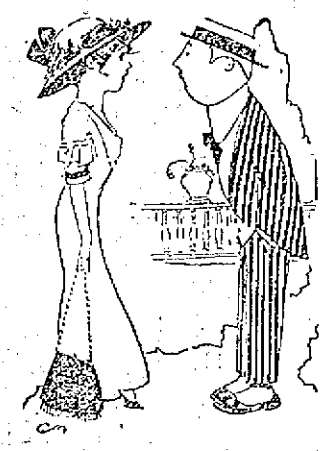
Wifey—She must have read your palm with your glove on.

QUITE AN IDEA.

Mazie—I'll get even with her.

Marie—How?

Mazie—I'll tell her she must have been rather pretty as a girl.



THE HAPPY FAMILY.

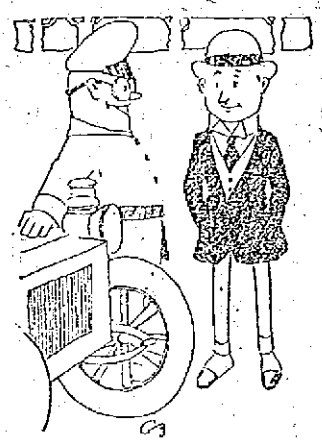
Wifey—Mrs. Biggs has invited me to make her a nice, long visit.

Hubby—When do you expect to call her bluff?

HIS OPINION.

"Do you think the average girl will accept a man as soon as he proposes?"

"As soon as he proposes? Great Scott, man, she'll accept him as soon as he begins to propose."



A PENDING DIVORCE.

"Who gets the custody of the automobile?"

"I told my wife she might have it. I can't keep up a machine and pay alimony, too."

STUPID!

Mr. Pfusser—Aren't you most ready?

Mrs. Pfusser—I wish you'd stop asking me that question. I've been telling you for the last hour that I'd be ready in a minute."

SUMMER RESORTS.

CAMP TO LET NEAR BELLE Grove. Inquire 65 Willow st.

SALEM WILLOWS—PRIVATE SAILing parties and fishing trips. See the beautiful North shore. Address Merrill Landing, Salem Willows, Mass.

BUNGALOW TO LET AT OLD ORchard, Me., for September; pleasantly situated; three bed rooms and kitchen; $5 per week. Tel. 3375-1.

CAMP TO LET—5 ROOMS, ALL screened; large piazza, with boat, at Keyes' pond, Groton road, Westford. Apply to Mr. Hobson, Normal school, Lowell, or on premises.

NEW HOUSE HAMPTON BEACH to let; rent low for July. Inquire Mahoney, 570 Lakeview ave.

SIX FURNISHED COTTAGES TO let at Salisbury Beach; $8 to $10 per week, excepting holidays; ½ minute walk from centre. Apply Mrs. M. Allen, 351 Essex st., Lawrence.

CAMP TO LET, NEAR BEAVER Brook, N. Pelham, N. H. Well furnished, boats, swings, spring water; wood for use. Near store and post office. 7 minutes from electric cars. Call at 61 Church st.

THE OCEAN PARK HOUSE, LYNN Beach is now open for the season. Best home cooking and the finest bathing along the coast. Mrs. T. Finnan, Prop.

THREE ROOM CAMP FOR SALE; motor boat, boat house, floating wharf, on north side of Merrimack; three minutes' walk from Stanley's; price $350. Address 24½ French st., Methuen.

Hampton Beach, N. H. LOW RATES FOR JULY

At the Pelham. Most beautiful beach on the coast; many places accessible by trolley; our modern hotel is on the beach front; leaflets sent. H. W. Ford, Prop.

Carroll Bros.

Plumbers, Steam Fitters and Sheet Metal Workers

36 Middle St. Telephone 1650

SPECIAL NOTICES

HAVE YOUR OLD CARPETS MADE into handsome and durable rugs. Tel. or write, Lowell Steam Carpet Cleaning Works, 12 Weed st.

I BUY SECOND HAND FURNITURE of all kinds. Highest spot cash prices paid. A. S. Edwards, 531 Dutton st. Tel. 1976-5.

PIANOS AND ORGANS TUNED AND repaired. Tuning $1.00. J. Kershaw, 190 Cumberland road.

BENTS NO. 1 KILLS LICE ON children. Excellent for browntail moth itching, ivy poison, hives, mange, salt rheum, falling hair. 25 cents at Falls & Burkinshaw's.

LIMBURG CO., CHIMNEY EXPERTS —Chimneys swept and repaired. Residence 112S Bridge st. Tel. 945.

THE SUN IN BOSTON—THE SUN IS on sale every day at both news stands of the Union station in Boston. Don't forget this when taking your train for Lowell.

WANTED

BOARDERS AND ROOMERS WANTed. Ladies $2.00, gentlemen $2.50. Electric lights, hot and cold water, baths, steam heated rooms. Quincy House, 53 Lee st. Mrs. McGregor sets a first class table and her bed chambers are clean in every respect.

CHILDREN WANTED TO BOARD at a good place in the country. Address Mrs. Frederick Morkee, Kenwood, Dracut, Kilby st., cement house.

BOARDERS AND ROOMERS WANTed. Ladies $2.25, gentlemen $2.75. Hot and cold water baths, steam heated rooms. Fleming House, 41 Rock st.

Pekin Restaurant

The BEST PLACE in the city to get your DINNER during the hot weather is at the Pekin, 20 Central st. Open Sundays. Prompt and efficient service.

MONUMENTS AND MEMORIALS Of all descriptions in granite, marble and bronze. Our manufacturing plant has the most modern power equipment and every labor saving device.

GUMB BROS.

Cor. Gorham and Anderson Sts. Near Edson Cemetery.

Telephone 1017.

CUT GRANITE FOR SALE

All the cut granite, front of first story of Y. M. C. A. building in Hurd st., must be sold and removed at once.

FOR SALE

CARRIAGE SHOP FOR SALE CONsisting of horse shoeing and general jobbing; also paint shop with tools and stock. For particulars write to F. H. Currier, 25 Howe st., Methuen, Mass.

BATH TUB FOR SALE, IN GOOD condition. Address C 8, Sun Office.

MUST BE SOLD. A MARVELOUS bargain, a piano for only $39, that cost $400. It is in the best of condition. Call tomorrow. W. P. Trumbell, 101 Westford st.

TWO HORSE POWER ELECTRIC motor, d. c. 500 voltage G. E., for sale; good condition; or exchange for stationary gasoline engine. Call or write, Hill, 17 Arlington st.

HIND PART OF A THREE TIER wood wagon, for sale; good condition. A. A. Brown, 73 Inland st. Tel. 2320.

SAW AND WOOD TURNING MILL for sale; good business, custom sawing and manufacture foot handles. Price $2000. Part on time. Write J. M. Hell, Madison, Conn.

UPRIGHT PIANO FOR SALE; little used, standard make; low price for quick sale, at 65 Dover st.

THREE TWO-HORSE AND ONE single horse dump carts, one stone wagon, single and double harnesses, also lot of shelving and doors suitable for a shoe store, for sale. Everything in first class condition. Inquire J. W. McCarthy, 120 Adams st., South Lawrence, Mass. Tel. 1690, Lawrence.

ROLL TOP DESK FOR SALE; IN perfect condition. Made of oak. Plenty of pigeon-holes and eight drawers. Can be seen at my office. Cheap. Abel R. Campbell, 417 Middlesex st., cor. Thorndike.

BEEF COW FOR SALE, IN EXCELlent condition. 465 Central st. Tel. 1354.

MISCELLANEOUS

ELIE COTE, GENERAL CONTRACtor for well digging, cementing and stone work of all kinds. R. F. D. No. 1, Lowell, Mass.

DRINK GLORIA FOR HEALTH. Sold everywhere.

E. F. Gilligan Co.

PAINTERS AND PAPERHANGERS

Kalsomining; hardwood floors polished. Estimates given on all work. Res. 111 Cabot st. Tel. 3507-2.

Splendid Pasture

To let, splendid pasture land for horses. Beautiful spring water from trout brook. $6.00 for the season. Gregoire's farm, Tyngsboro, just above Lakeview. Inquire at Gregoire's Millinery Store, 145 Merrimack st.

The Taylor Roofing Co.

Are sole agents for Marley's Rubber Roofing for Lowell and adjoining towns —All goods delivered to any part of the city free of charge. 36 years practical experience at roofing. Galvanized nails used for shingling. Shop and residence 140 Humphrey St. Tel. 960.

MANUFACTURERS OF

Cabinet Work of All Kinds to Order

Stores and offices fitted up. Wood turning, jobbing and repairing. Old furniture repaired and finished. New furniture made to order.

40 Fletcher Street Telephone

P. W. CRAGIN & CO.

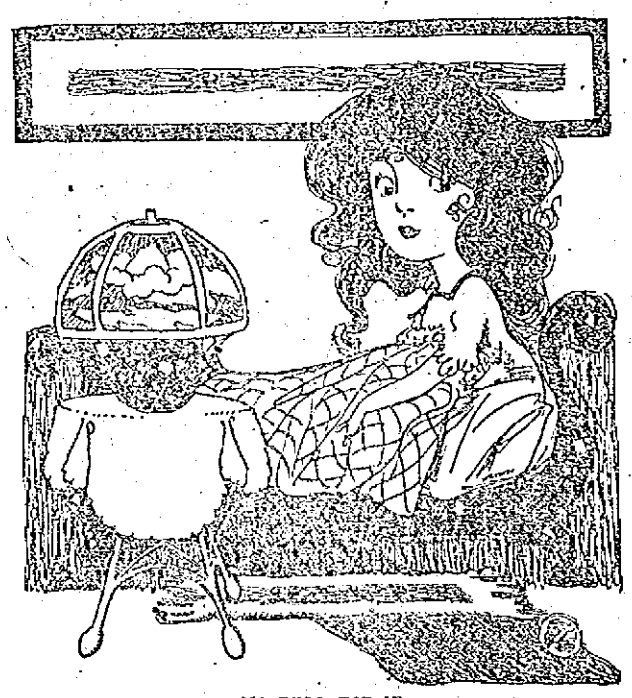
LOWELL, MASS.

CHIN LEE & CO.

Chinese and American Restaurant

Dining rooms reserved for ladies or private parties. This restaurant is open from 11.30 a. m. to 1 a. m. including Sundays. 117 Merrimack st., near John st. Telephone 1322.

THE SUN'S DAILY PICTURE PUZZLE



MA PETI, FOR IT.

Oh! do not call me early, Ma!
The work will surely keep—
If I'm to be queen of the beauty show,
I'll need my beauty sleep.

Where is Ma?

ANSWER TO YESTERDAY'S PUZZLE

Left side down, under right arm.

WE CARRY A COMPLETE LINE OF

HOUSEHOLD FURNISHINGS

AT LOWEST PRICES, AND ARE SOLE AGENTS IN LOWELL FOR THE CELEBRATED

CRESCENT RANGE

PETER DAVEY

384 MARKET ST. TELEPHONE CONNECTION 79-3

FURNITURE DEALER, UNDERTAKER, FUNERAL DIRECTOR

HELP WANTED

OUTSIDE CUTTERS AND McKAY sewers wanted. Mears, Feeley & Adams, Lincoln st.

COOK WANTED. APPLY PARK Hotel.

CHAMBER MAID WANTED AT once. Apply New American Hotel.

AN EXPERIENCED MACHINE warp drawer, wanted; steady work; good pay. Write Box C 7, Sun Office.

GOOD FARMER WANTED, ALSO two farm hands; $2 per day. Inquire John Flynn, Freemont ave., Dracut Centre.

WEAVERS, CARDROOM HANDS, finishing hands wanted. Come ready for work Tuesday morning; out of town fares advanced. A Martel, 407 Middlesex st.

HELP WANTED ON RESERVOIR, Sixth st.; pay 22 cents per hour. Apply to foreman.

TWO FIRST CLASS SHOE CUTTERS wanted on men's work. Field-Lambert Co., 21 West Adams st.

YOUNG LADY WANTED AT ONCE as billing clerk and stenographer. Apply by letter stating experience and salary expected. The Holbrook Marshall Co., Wholesale Grocers, Nashua, N. H.

EXPERIENCED KITCHEN AND table girl wanted at 52 John st.

HELP WANTED FOR TAILOR SHOP. Call at once. 365 Market st. Tel. 2912-4.

20 SHOVELERS WANTED AT ONCE. Apply to John A. Healey, Graniteville, Mass.

GOVERNMENT WANTS POST OFfice clerks, carriers, $55 month. Lowell examinations coming. Coaching free. Franklin Institute, Dept. 356 R., Rochester, N. Y.

EARN $10 WEEKLY ADDRESSING postcards at home. Bunch of cards and particulars 10c. G. W. Keena, Station D, Grand Rapids, Mich.

WORSTED DRAWING ROOM HELP wanted. Worsted twisters and spinners. Apply Hillsborough Mills, Wilton, N. H.

Stitchers Wanted

We need 4 back stay stitchers, 4 closers-on, 4 top stitchers, and can use operators on many other parts. Derry Shoe Co., Derry, N. H.

Help Wanted

WORSTED CAP SPINNERS and DOFFERS. WORSTED RING AND CAP TWISTERS. Apply Silesia Worsted Co., North Chelmsford, Mass.

WANTED

—FANCY—

Woolen Weavers

APPLY BAY STATE MILLS

Weavers - Wanted

TALBOT MILLS

NORTH BILLERICA

Knitters---Loopers

EXPERIENCED AND LEARNERS

Steady Work Guaranteed

Shaw Stocking Co

PROPOSALS

BUILDING DEPARTMENT

Separate sealed proposals will be received at the office of the Inspector of Buildings, Saturday, July 20, 1912, between 9 a. m. and 10 a. m. for the following:

PLASTERING

ELECTRICAL WORK

at Hose 9 Fire Engine House on Lincoln street.

No bid will be accepted previous to 9 a. m., or after 10 a. m.

Specifications for the work may be seen at the office of the Inspector of Buildings at City Hall, daily from 9 a. m. till 4 p. m.

The Commissioner of Public Property and Licenses and the Inspector of Buildings reserve the right to reject any or all proposals.

Per order

LAWRENCE CUMMINGS, Commissioner.

FRANCIS A. CONNOR, Inspector.

MONEY TO LOAN

LOANS

to mill operatives, clerks and housekeepers at 12 per cent, payable in weekly payments. No investigations or red tape. No delays; you get the money same day of application. Business strictly confidential. Two private offices.

Equitable Loan Co.

45 MERRIMACK STREET

Rooms 202-203 Hildreth Bldg., up one flight at head of stairs. Tel. 1888

THIS MEANS YOU

Every working man and woman. Loans made while you wait. No delay. No charge for application.

Interest 1 Per Cent. Per Month

Lowell LOAN CO.

22 CENTRAL STREET

Fourth Floor Take Elevator

Open 8 a. m. to 6 p. m., Fridays until 8 p. m., and Mondays and Saturdays until 9 p. m.

LOST AND FOUND

TRIP BOOK ON PENNSYLVANIA R. R. found. Owner can have same by proving property and paying for this adv. at 45 Moody st., William Stanley.

POCKETBOOK LOST SUNDAY night, either on Central st., or Church st. Reward if returned to 106 Church street.

BROOCH PIN LOST SATURDAY eve., in Colonial theatre. Reward at 57 Marshall st.

LADY'S GOLD WATCH AND BLUE watch pin, lost Saturday noon, on Gorham st., between Davis sq. and Moore st. Reward if returned to 598 Gorham st.

POULTRY FOR SALE

MRS. HAVEN'S BABY CHICK CURE will cure white diarrhoea in baby chicks in two hours, or money refunded. Sold at J. B. Cover's, 160 Middle st.

NEAR FORREST STREET

A fine 7-room cottage, hot water heat, cemented cellar, large lot of land, all in good repair. Price **$2200**

$

NEAR PINE STREET

An up-to-date 10-room house, bath, hot and cold water, steam heat, set tubs, laundry, open fireplaces; 4 minutes to cars. Price..... **$5200**

IN CHELMSFORD

A nice 8-room house, furnace heat, water in house, 8 acres of land, fruit trees, berry bushes, strawberry vines, barn and carriage shed, hen houses, near a large pond. Price **$4500**

Eugene G. Russell

407 Middlesex St., Near Depot

STORAGE FOR FURNITURE

Separate rooms $1 per month for regular $2 two-horse load. The dryest and cleanest place for storage in Lowell. Telephone connection. O. F. Prentiss, 356 Bridge st.

Dr. E. A. Kent

DENTIST

When you want to have your teeth attended to, either for extracting or filling, or even if you want a new set of teeth, try Dr. Kent. You can always be sure that your work will be the best and most satisfactory. It is very important that you should always get the best and Dr. Kent is prepared to attend to your wants at short notice. Once a customer always a customer.

407 Middlesex St.

DWYER & CO.

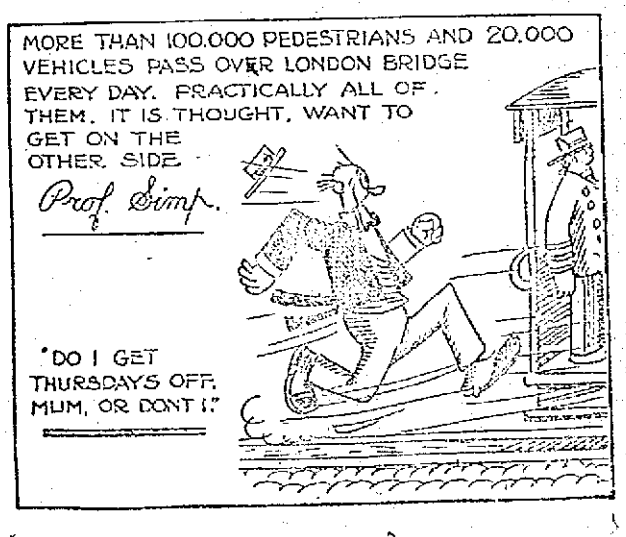
PAINTERS' DECORATORS AND PAPER HANGERS

Estimates on all kinds of jobs, large or small, at 179 Appleton street.

W. A. LEW

Steam dyeing and cleansing of ladies' and gents' wearing apparel. 30 years in the business.

49 JOHN STREET



TRAINS TO AND FROM BOSTON

SOUTHERN DIV. To Boston Lve.	Arr.	From Boston Lve.	Arr.	WESTERN DIV. To Boston Lve.	Arr.	From Boston Lve.	Arr.
5.43	6.50	3.00	3.41	6.40	7.55	r6.50	8.03
6.25	7.26	6.14	7.12	8.05	9.05	8.23	9.25
6.48	7.30	7.23	8.25	9.35	10.14	9.14	10.29
b6.40	7.53	7.58	8.43	x10.10	11.13	10.55	11.56
7.00	8.00	b8.21	9.28	11.08	12.15	11.60	12.54
7.21	8.05	9.00	9.37	12.02	1.10	2.16	3.20
r7.23	8.45	9.30	10.07	z1.27	2.32	3.30	4.40
7.55	8.35	10.00	10.36	5.17	6.25	5.14	6.10
8.50	9.38	11.30	12.07	7.06	8.19	6.04	7.04
b9.10	10.22	12.30	1.07	9.56	11.14	7.00	7.50
9.45	10.28	1.00	1.37			9.55	10.39
9.53	11.01	2.00	2.56				
10.33	11.10	3.00	3.39				
11.00	11.45	b3.17	5.02				
12.15	1.00	4.00	4.39				
1.45	2.25	r4.14	5.32				
2.34	3.27	5.00	5.37				
3.24	4.05	b5.21	6.29				
3.35	4.15	5.27	6.18				
4.37	5.31	b5.51	7.09				
5.25	6.15	r6.14	7.19				
b6.11	7.14	8.00	8.55				
6.17	7.06	8.30	9.05				
7.13	7.52	10.30	11.28				
9.43	10.27	11.17	12.13				

SUNDAY TRAINS

SOUTHERN DIVISION

6.45	7.51	9.00	10.05
7.21	8.05	10.00	10.38
8.58	9.03	11.30	12.07
8.45	9.49	1.00	1.52
9.29	10.12	5.30	6.32
10.29	11.24	8.00	8.38
2.28	3.06	8.30	9.09
5.10	6.00	9.15	10.29
6.25	7.05	10.14	10.55
7.31	8.10	10.29	11.35
9.15	10.27		

SUNDAY TRAINS

WESTERN DIVISION

8.25	9.20	8.01	9.05
12.10	1.17	12.00	1.07
3.30	5.00	2.14	3.23
5.15	7.00	3.35	4.46
8.50	10.02	5.25	6.39
		8.45	9.42

References:

x Runs to Lowell Saturdays only.
a Via Lawrence Junction.
b Via Bedford.
s Via Salem Jct.
r Via Wilmington Junction.
n Will not run September 2.

LOCAL NEWS

Commercial printery, Tobin's.

Try Lawler's for Printing, 23 Prescott

When placing Insurance consult J. F. Donohoe, Donovan building, Tel.

If your teeth trouble you, see Dr. Gagnon, 463 Merrimack street.

Arthur P. Knapp of this city is at Renebago, Rangeley Lakes, Me.

Mr. L. J. Barnum is spending a pleasant vacation at Kennebunk, Me.

Mr. Benjamin Green is at Old Orchard for a few weeks.

Mr. L. L. Hall is at Intervale, N. H., for a short time.

Mr. and Mrs. John J. Doherty are at York beach for the summer.

C. K. Robbins of this city is at Old Orchard, Me.

Mr. J. M. McEvoy of this city is at Old Orchard beach for a short time.

Mrs. A. G. Williams and family are at Lake Sunapee, N. H.

A daughter has been born to Mr. and Mrs. D. St. Pierre of Ardell street.

A daughter has been born to Mr. and Mrs. Cyrille Labrie.

Mr. and Mrs. John W. Stott of this city are at Beachwood, Me., for the summer.

Edward E. Moore of this city is spending his vacation at Old Orchard, Me.

Mr. and Mrs. Sheldon W. Churchill and daughter are at Lake Winnepesaukee.

Lawyer Albert J. Blazon of this city is spending a short vacation at Old Orchard beach.

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Scribner and son Harold of Westford street are at Beachmont, Me., for a few weeks.

Mrs. M. B. Farrington of this city is at the Russell cottage, Kearsage, N. H., for the summer.

Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Hall are spending a most pleasant vacation at Intervale, N. H.

Mr. and Mrs. V. G. Barnard of Harvard street are at Beachwood, Me., for several weeks.

Mrs. James Beede and Miss Beede of Westford street are at the Hillside house, Campton, N. H.

Mr. and Mrs. Ernest Gardner of Parker street are spending their vacation at York beach, Me.

Miss Aurore Tourangeau of Gershom avenue is visiting relatives in Albany, Troy and New York city.

Edmour Foisy of Hildreth street has accepted a position as clerk at the Old Lowell National bank.

Mrs. Victorie Labaise of Gershom avenue is enjoying a two-weeks' rest at Lewiston, Me.

Miss Marietta O'Neil of 11 Carter avenue is spending the month of July in Etna, N. H.

Mrs. Eudore Morin of Aiken avenue and her two daughters, Laura and Yvonne, are spending a couple of weeks in Bradford, N. H.

Arthur Glonet, a graduate of the class of 1912 of the high school, has accepted a position on the clerical force of the Bigelow Carpet Co.

Tomorrow morning at 8 o'clock, in St. Patrick's church, an anniversary mass of requiem will be celebrated for the repose of the soul of the late Mrs. Julia Saunders.

Mrs. Maxime Papillon of St. Ours, Que., Mr. and Mrs. Fred Paquin and their sons, Albert and Pierre, are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Alfred Bibeault of Ford street.

Mrs. Jacques Boisvert and her daughters, Blanche and Bernadette are the guests of Albert Boisvert of Salem, Mass., and later they will go to Salisbury where they will spend the summer.

Misses Katherine O'Neil, Maud E. Kelly, Elizabeth Duffy and Ella Mulligan of the Heinze Electric Co. will enjoy the sea breezes at Lynn and Revere beaches for the next two weeks.

Mr. Erson Barlow, manager of the T. C. Lee Insurance Co., paid a visit to the city farm yesterday afternoon and held a conference with Mayor O'Donnell, Messrs. Cummings and Connor regarding the adjusting of the insurance on the building destroyed by fire during the thunder storm last Thursday.

L. H. Martin of Huntington street is to enter the tournament at Longwood, in which the entrants will compete for the Longwood bowl now held by E. P. Larned. Mr. Martin is undoubtedly the best tennis player in the city. He is a member of the Vesper Country club tennis team, and will certainly make it interesting for his opponents at Longwood. Mr. Martin played in the match at Longwood last year but failed to qualify.

During the past two weeks two valuable black and tan dogs, owned by Mrs. L. M. Milliken and Mrs. Andrew Gray, have been poisoned, and have died after long and severe sufferings. They were both great pets, and absolutely harmless. Mrs. Gray is living in Providence, R. I., at the present time and the dogs were kept by her mother, Mrs. Milliken, at 652 School street.

The entertainment committee of Industry council, 1722, Royal Arcanum, at its meeting last night completed arrangements for the reception to Grand Orator C. E. Searing of Stockbridge, on Wednesday evening. The degree staff under the direction of R. T. Mower will confer the degree according to the Alpha ritual, on several candidates. While refreshments are being served, an opportunity will be given all members of the order to meet the guest of the evening.

Why wear out your trousers with heat or friction? Use the "IRONLESS"

FUNERAL NOTICES

KOCHERSPERGER—Died, in this city, July 16, at the home of her daughter, Mrs. Dudley L. Page, 636 Rogers street, Mrs. Louise G. Kochersperger, aged 86 years, 3 months, 15 days, widow of John J. She leaves besides her daughter, Mrs. D. L. Page, one brother, W. C. Middle of Philadelphia, Pa. Funeral services Wednesday. Prayers at the house, 636 Rogers street at three o'clock. Frends nvited. C. M. Young in charge.

HANLEY—The funeral of Charles J. Hanley will take place Wednesday afternoon at 2 o'clock from the home of his parents, James and Mary Hanley, 72 Summer street. Burial will take place in St. Patrick's cemetery. Undertakers M. H. McDonough Sons in charge.

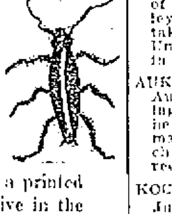
AUKINS—The funeral of Mrs. Agnes Aukins will take place Friday morning at 8.15 o'clock from the home of her brother, 94 First street. High mass of requiem at St. Michael's church at 9 o'clock. Funeral Director Jas. W. McKenna in charge.

KOCHERSPERGER—Died in this city July 16, at the home of her daughter, Mrs. Dudley L. Page, 636 Rogers street, Mrs. Louisa G. Kochersperger, aged 86 years 3 months 15 days, widow of John J. She leaves, besides her daughter, Mrs. D. L. Page, one brother, W. C. Biddle of Philadelphia Pa. Funeral services Wednesday. Prayers at the house, 636 Rogers street, at 3 o'clock. Friends invited. C. M. Young in charge.

McELROY—The funeral of Mrs. Bridget McElroy will take place Wednesday morning at 8.15 o'clock from her late home, 76 French street, and there will be a high mass of requiem at the Immaculate Conception church at 9 o'clock. Funeral Director James W. McKenna in charge.

$1.50 is far below their value. Get the "IRONLESS" PANT PRESSERS.

What is This Bug Doing Here?



O, I see, it is only a printed bug. Bugs can't live in the same house with

INSECT Exterminator

Wherever it is used red ants are ostracized.

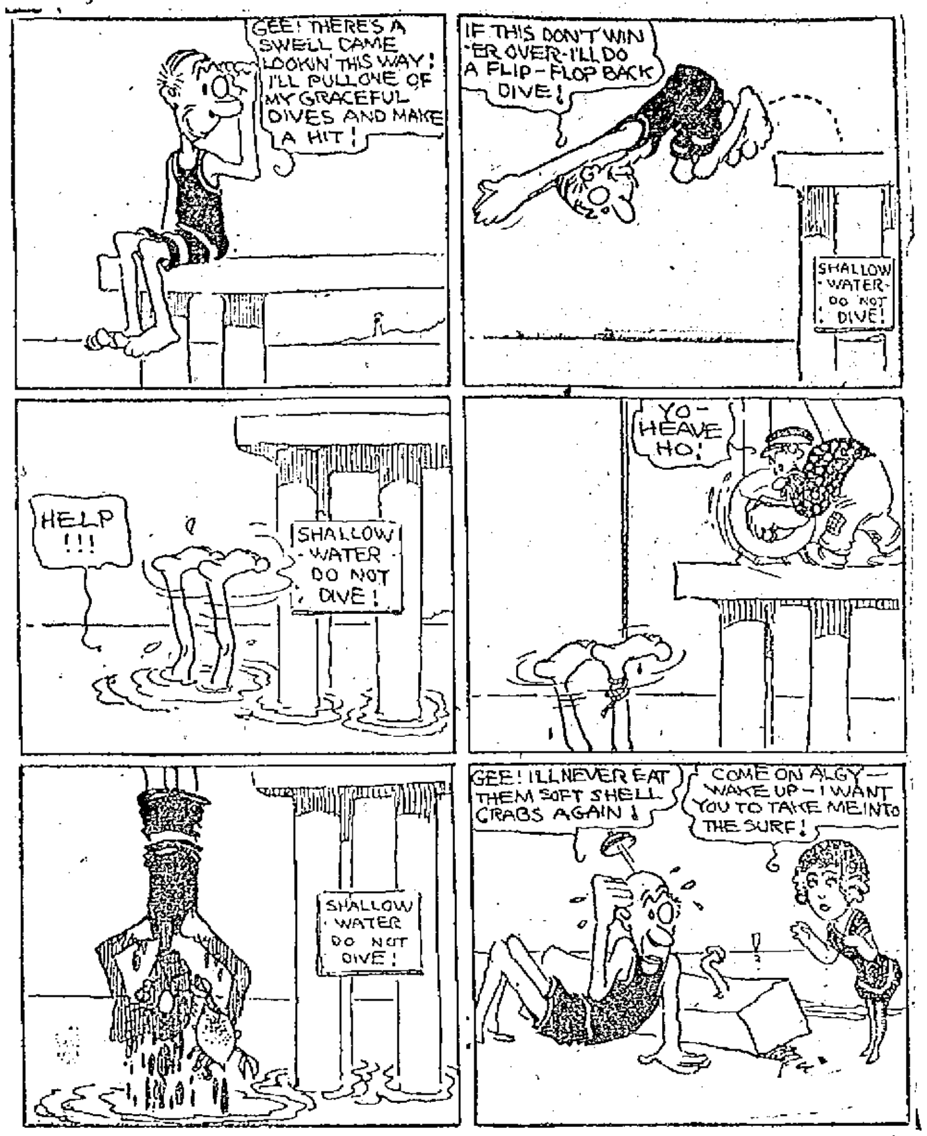
Large Bottle 25c

FREE CITY AUTO DELIVERY

C. B. Coburn Co.

AT 91 MARKET ST.

A DISASTROUS DIVE



DEATHS

HANLEY—Charles J. Hanley, aged two years and two months, beloved child of James and Mary Hanley, died Monday evening at the home of his parents, 72 Summer street.

LAVENDER—Mary Lavender, a former resident, died yesterday at her home in South Boston, aged 73 years. The body will be brought to this city by Undertakers J. F. O'Donnell & Sons.

SHANOS—Antony Shanos, aged 18 years, died yesterday at the Tewksbury hospital. The body was removed to the funeral parlors of Undertaker J. B. Bilodeau.

PATTERSON—Herbert A. Patterson died this morning at his home, 27 Myrtle street, aged 56 years, 2 months. Besides his wife, Lillian M., he is survived by one daughter, S. Frances Patterson, and two sisters, Miss Georgia Patterson of Lawrence and Mrs. Hattie Frost of East Putney, Vt., also one brother, George W. Patterson of Henniker, N. H. Funeral notice later.

AUKINS—Mrs. Agnes Aukins, a resident of Pawtucket, R. I., died this morning at the home of her brother, James Powell, 94 First street, aged 42 years. She is survived by five brothers, Richard and John Powell of Toronto, Can., Joseph of Syracuse, N. Y., Edward of Utica, N. Y., and James of this city; three sisters, Mrs. Elizabeth Mills of Utica, N. Y., Mrs. Alice Hanley of Hamilton, Can. and Mrs. Mary Hadley of Lowell.

FUNERALS

CALLAHAN—The funeral of the late Mrs. Margaret E. Callahan, one of the oldest residents of Centralville, took place this morning at 8.30 o'clock from her late home, No. 79 Lakeview avenue, and was largely attended by sorrowing relatives and friends including many from out of town. The cortege wended its way to St. Michael's church where at 9 o'clock a high mass of requiem was sung by Rev. Fr. C. J. McCarthy, O. M. I. The choir under the direction of Mr. Thomas Boulger sang the gregorian mass, the solos being sustained by Miss Margaret Grinin and Mr. Boulger. Miss Carolyn White presided at the organ. The bearers were Messrs James Martin, Patrick Martin, John Martin of Lawrence, nephews of the deceased, Thomas Riley of Newport, Thomas Callahan and Thomas Hamilton.

There were a profusion of beautiful floral tributes showing the high esteem in which the deceased was held among which were: Pillow, inscribed "Mother" from the bereaved family, large wreath sympathy of Mary Callahan, large wreath of galax leaves from Mr. and Mrs. James Martin and Mr. and Mrs. John Slaughter, cross of sweet peas from Mr. and Mrs. Austin Kennedy, large spray of roses and pinks sympathy of Ettime Godilott, large wreath of roses from Mr. and Mrs. James Powers, also several other wreaths and sprays from other friends.

The interment was in the family lot in St. Patrick's cemetery where the last sad rites of the Catholic church were recited by Rev. Fr. Denis Murphy. The funeral arrangements were in charge of Undertaker James H. McDermott.

LYONS—The funeral of John J. Lyons took place yesterday afternoon. At the grave, Rev. Bernard Fletcher, O. M. I., read the committal prayers and the burial was in St. Patrick's cemetery, in charge of Undertakers J. F. O'Donnell & Sons.

EVERARD—The funeral of the late Miss Mary Everard took place this morning at 9.30 o'clock from the home of Miss Elizabeth Kearns, 27 Stanley street, and was largely attended. The cortege proceeded to St. Michael's church, where at 9.45 o'clock a high mass of requiem was celebrated by Rev. John J. Shaw. The choir, directed by Mr. Thomas P. Boulger, sang the Gregorian mass. The solos were sustained by Mr. Boulger and Miss Griffin. Miss Carolyn White presided at the organ. The floral offerings consisted of a pillow of roses, ferns ad carnations, inscribed "Mary," from the Kearns family; wreath of galax leaves and roses with ribbon inscribed "At Rest," from Mrs. James Walsh.

The bearers were Messrs. James Duddy, George Hendricks, William Wilson and Thomas Kearns. Burial took place in the family lot in St. Patrick's cemetery, where Rev. Fr. Murphy read the committal prayers at the grave. Funeral Director James W. McKenna in charge.

CHAIRMAN HILLES

LEAVES FOR NEW YORK TO BEGIN CAMPAIGN WORK

WASHINGTON, July 16.—Charles D. Hilles, chairman of the republican national committee, left Washington early today for New York to organize the campaign for the re-election of President Taft. Mr. Hilles, it was said today, had not severed his connection with the White House and it is believed he will resume his position as secretary to the president next November.

Mr. Hilles is not expected to spend all of his time in New York but will be in frequent consultation with the president and other party leaders here as long as congress is in session and is expected to visit the headquarters to be established in Chicago and the west.

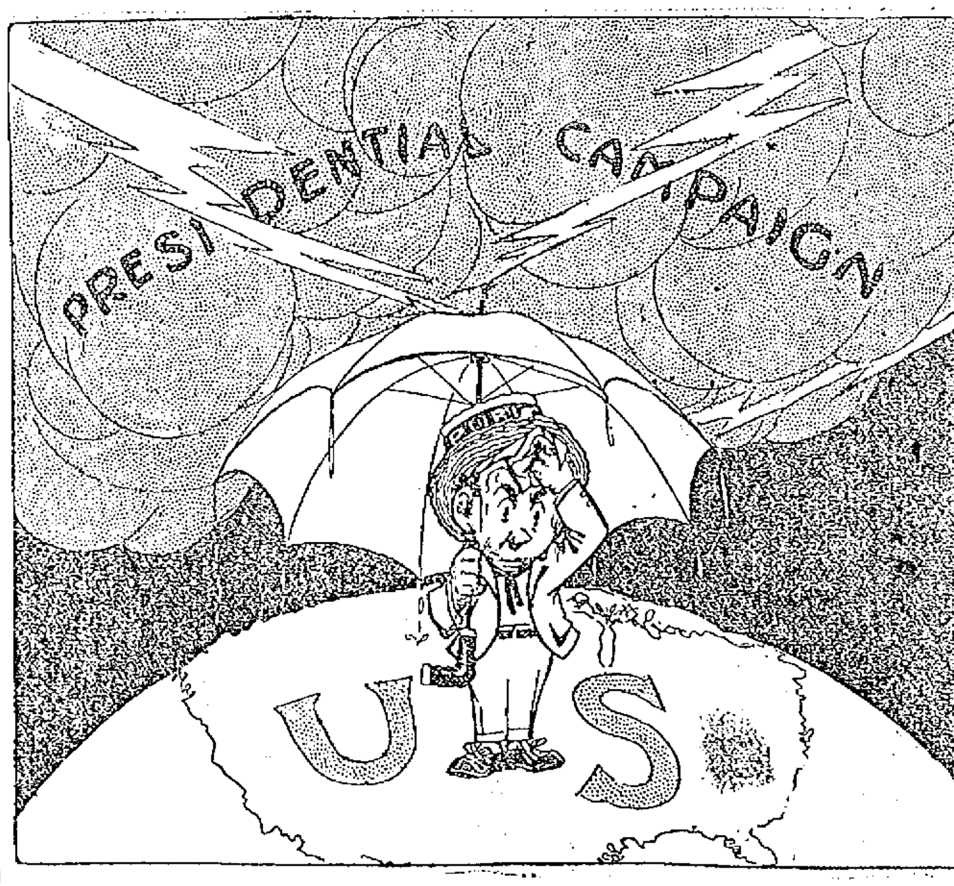
WORLD'S RECORD

BROKEN BY THE CALIFORNIA NAVAL MILITIA

U. S. S. MARBLEHEAD, Strait of Fuca, July 15—(By wireless to Seattle, July 16)—The California naval militia at target practice today broke the world's record, making 55 consecutive hits with the four-inch guns and 45 consecutive hits with the three-pounder guns.

No heat, scorching, gloss or friction—saves—The "IRONLESS."

WEATHER FORECAST—STORMY



BELMONT GAVE $250,000 TO THE CAMPAIGN FUND

He Says That He Was Greatly Interested in the Nomination of Judge Parker

WASHINGTON, July 16.—A quarter of a million dollars was the estimate which August Belmont, testifying today before the senate committee investigating campaign contributions placed upon his contribution to the democratic national committee in 1904. He was not sure that that was the sum but was "satisfied to let it go at that."

"My habit has been that if I feel responsible for anything my obligation is not measured by dollars and cents," said Mr. Belmont, when Senator Paynter asked if his large contribution embarrassed him. Mr. Belmont was a member of the campaign executive committee that year.

Mr. Belmont told first of advancing $50,000 to the democratic national committee. He said he had been reimbursed $42,000.

"Those committees always start out that way," he explained. "They ask for advances and then begin to raise funds. Later they reimbursed me so that the balance of $8000 only was a contribution."

The capitalist remembered he had paid "two small items" of $1000 each to Maurice Cucor, a Hungarian leader in New York. He said he seldom contributed by check and could not remember the exact amount, "but I am satisfied with an estimate of $250,000."

Senator Jones asked Mr. Belmont how much he contributed in addition to the $250,000 given to the national campaign. The witness replied he always contributed to the campaign in his own locality and to the state campaign. He was not able to tell how much that made in addition to the $250,000.

"Do you care to give any reasons why you contributed so large a sum?" inquired Senator Jones.

"I was very active in the nomination," began Mr. Belmont, "and had been selected to serve on the committee. I never intended to make any such contribution but when deficits arose I contributed."

Mr. Belmont said he had no understanding of reward from Judge Parker, the presidential candidate, nor did he expect to have any special legislation. He said he was very much interested in the campaign and contributed purely as a democrat.

Mr. Belmont was unable to give an accurate estimate of the total of the funds at the disposal of the democratic national committee in 1904. When Senator Clapp asked if it were a million dollars he "guessed" it was not more than $600,000.

"I never asked for the specific amount," said Mr. Belmont. "You see these things are not conducted like a business concern. Keeping accounts is expensive and I doubt if any committee ever did it before it was obligatory to do so."

When asked if he could remember any contributions from individuals or corporations Mr. Belmont replied there were none from corporations.

"Any from individuals for corporations?" asked Senator Clapp.

"No—yes," replied the witness.

"From whom?" insisted Senator Clapp.

"Henry Havemeyer, but it was returned," Mr. Belmont said. The contribution was regarded as undesirable.

Mr. Belmont estimated the Havemeyer contribution at $10,000. He recalled that he had asked Morton F. Plant for a contribution and got "probably $2,500."

In answer to a question Mr. Belmont said he solicited money from his friends and acquaintances.

"Who was the most active in raising funds?" the chairman asked.

"Oh, that is a thing no one devotes all his time to," was the response. "Assigning speakers and distributing literature is the great work. Every democrat was supposed to contribute."

After telling the committee he was unable to give any information of the whereabouts of Charles Hall, assistant treasurer of the democratic committee in 1904, Mr. Belmont was excused.

THOMPSON FOR GOVERNOR

HUNTINGTON, W. Va., July 16.—It was expected when the democratic state convention convened here today that its business would be disposed of before evening. Leaders admitted that the nomination of William R. Thompson of Huntington for governor would be made without a contest.

PROGRESSIVE CONVENTION

CHEYENNE, Wyo., July 16.—Governor Carey last night issued a call for a meeting to be held at Cheyenne July 27 to elect delegates to the progressive convention in Chicago.

TENNIS CHAMPIONSHIP

BOSTON, July 16.—The eastern championship in doubles tennis tournament was started today as a joint attraction to the Longwood cup singles at the Longwood Cricket club. The heat was intense and one of the matches in singles was defaulted after going two sets because of the collapse of F. C. Bags of New York. F. H. Hackett, who won the national championship in doubles several years ago with W. B. Alexander reappeared this year with W. H. Mahan of New York as a playing mate and the pair showed brilliant tennis in their match today with E. H. Woods and G. W. Wightman, a local team.

The feature of the forenoon play in singles was the defeat of G. C. Caner of Philadelphia, who yesterday put C. F. Whitney of Boston, one of the Massachusetts doubles champions.

THE SUN

LOWELL'S GREATEST NEWSPAPER

EVERYBODY'S READING IT NOW

Order it mailed to your vacation address. No trouble to send it every day to any address for one cent a copy. Have it sent for any length of time.

If you want help at home or in your business, try The Sun "Want" column.

THOMAS H. KELLEY, Auctioneer

Office, Paige Street, Opposite Merrimack Square Theatre

THE MOST DESIRABLE RENTING AND INVESTMENT PROPERTY AT 657-659 MIDDLESEX STREET AT ABSOLUTE AUCTION SALE JULY 20TH AT 4 O'CLOCK IN THE AFTERNOON.

This property consists of the four-tenement brick block together with 2615 square feet of land at 657-659 Middlesex street, admirably situated for renting as tenements as at present or for remodeling for store purposes. Tenements in this vicinity are always let and to a good paying class of tenants. There has not been an idle tenement in this block for the past ten years. There are four tenements of six and seven rooms each renting from $9 to $12 per month, or a total rental of $468 per year. The land is practically all covered with buildings with the exception of a yard in the rear with plenty of room for shed and clothes lines. There is a 25 ft. alley in the rear which must always be kept open.

The location of this parcel of real estate, just above the Davis & Sargent box shop, not far from the corner of Branch street, on Middlesex street, one of the main business streets of the city, not far from the depot, upon a street smooth paced, with electric cars passing every five minutes in the day, where property must increase in value, makes it a most desirable parcel to own. The property is today paying a good per cent. upon the assessed value, and with the expenditure of a few dollars for alterations might be greatly increased. It is seldom that a brick building upon one of Lowell's principal business streets is offered at auction sale.

Sixty per cent. or more of purchase price may remain on mortgage at five per cent. For further terms and conditions of sale, make inquiry of the auctioneer. THOMAS H. KELLEY.

JOHN M. FARRELL, Real Estate and Personal Property Auctioneer

152 MARKET STREET, LOWELL, MASS.

Real Estate Auction Sale at Kenwood, Dracut, Mass., Saturday, July 20th, 1912, at 3 P. M.

I will sell without limit at public auction this very desirable suburban home, consisting of a cottage house of five rooms, barn for two horses, carriage room, and 15000 square feet of land, situated on the corner of three streets, Grant, Leveret and Jacob streets. The land is level and good soil; fruit trees and shrubbery all set out; has maple shade trees all along the three streets, making it a pleasant place within 5c car limit; just off the car line. To reach the sale get off at Grant street; it is but a few steps.

This property is owned by out-of-town parties and must be sold to the highest bidder.

Terms of sale: $100 must be paid to the auctioneer at time of sale. Other terms at sale. Per order F. A. DODGE.

Furniture Sale at Keyes' Commission Rooms, Green St., Next Thursday, July 18th, at 1.30 P. M.

Goods consist in part of an upright piano, practically new, will have to be seen to be appreciated; a very handsome birch chamber suit; oak bookcase; 6 dining-room chairs with leather seats; Princess oak dresser; oak hall tree; 3 velvet rugs, 9x11; 2 seamless tapestry rugs, 9x12; roll top desk, flat desk, 4 office chairs, couch, 2 odd dressers; 3 Morris chairs; 20 odd rockers, 3-piece parlor suit with mahogany frame; combination bookcase and desk in oak, dresser, commode, 2 chairs and rocker in oak, 2 lots of straw matting, oak dresser, commode, 2 chairs and rocker, 2 small tables, 3 iron beds with national springs; round dining-room table, parlor suit, 2 refrigerators in perfect condition, 6 dining-room chairs with leather seats and backs, New Process gas range, No. 8 Victoria range, Social Household range, No. 8 Magee range, Success gas range, No. 8 Crawford range with hot water front, 2 sewing machines, key safe, combination house safe, office safe, 45 inches high, 26 inches wide, outside measurements; reclining doctor's chair; black walnut bookcase, 8 ft. long 5 ft. wide, with four drawers, upright show case 31x42, in oak; 3 sets of drummer's samples of harness, rubber trimmed harness with Swift breastplate; nickel driving harness with Swift breastplate, express harness with New York breeching, fancy trimmed, 4½ inch saddle, 4 fire extinguishers, Underwriters.

SPECIAL AT 3 O'CLOCK

Five hundred rolls of wall paper in various designs; lots average from 9 to 20 rolls.

OPEN EVENINGS.

THE WEATHER

Generally fair and cooler tonight; Wednesday fair and continued cool, moderate north to northeast winds.

THE LOWELL SUN

7 O'CLOCK

ESTABLISHED 1878 LOWELL MASS. TUESDAY JULY 16 1912 PRICE ONE CENT

LOWELL DEFEATED LAWRENCE THIS AFTERNOON IN AN INTERESTING BASEBALL GAME

INNINGS	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	Runs	Hits	Errors
Lowell	1	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	x			3	5	2
Lawrence	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0			2	6	2

Over eight hundred baseball enthusiasts were at Spalding park this afternoon to witness the battle between the Lowell and Lawrence teams. The rivalry between these two teams is so strong that when they cross bats either in this or the down-river city there is sure to be a large attendance. Present at the game this afternoon was a big delegation of Lawrencites, who came to this city to root for the league leaders.

Smith, formerly of the Boston Americans, made his first appearance in this city and pitched a good game. Monahan was on the receiving end of the battery. Keating, who has been sold to the New York Americans, pitched for Lawrence, and Breymaier was behind the bat. Dee, at short, made his first appearance with the team in this city.

Manager Gray announced that Lynn and Lowell would play a double header at Spalding park Thursday afternoon, the first game to begin at 2 o'clock.

Umpire Stafford called the game at 3 o'clock, the batting order of the teams being as follows:

Lowell	Lawrence
Clemens cf	ss Carlstrom
Magee lf	cf Briggs
De Groff rf	lf Kennedy
McGamwell 1b	rf Luyster
Miller 2b	2b Phoenix
Boultes 3b	1b Chase
Dee ss	3b Jacobs
Monahan c	c Breymaier
Smith p	p Keating

First Inning

In the first inning Carlstrom struck out and Briggs reached first on McGamwell's fumble, but he died on the initial bag for Kennedy flied to Clemens and Luyster foul flied to Monahan.

Lowell scored one run in the latter half of the inning. Clemens walked and scored on Magee's three bagger to left. Many of the fans have been of the opinion that Magee had gone back but after his stick work yesterday and the manner in which he started off this afternoon it was very evident that Jimmy still has a good batting eye. De Groff flied to Luyster. McGamwell hit to Phoenix, who threw Magee out at the plate. McGamwell tried to steal second and was nailed.

Score, Lowell 1, Lawrence 0.

Second Inning

Lawrence came near scoring in the second inning but the home team managed to pull out of the tight box. Phoenix singled to left and went to second on Chase's sacrifice. Jacobs walked after being hit by a pitched ball. Phoenix and Jacobs worked a double steal, the former going to third and the latter to second. Breymaier flied to Clemens and the latter by a quick throw home held Phoenix on third. With two out and men on second and third Keating came to bat and Smith struck him out.

Miller struck out, Boultes hit to Carlstrom and was out at first and Dee foul flied to Jacobs.

Score—Lowell 1, Lawrence 0.

Third Inning

Carlstrom flied to Boultes, Briggs hit to Miller and was retired at first and Kennedy went out on strikes.

In the latter half of the inning Monahan, flied to Kennedy, who made a pretty running catch. Smith sent a grounder to Chase and was second out, Clemens went to bat and when Keating sent a wild one over the ball struck Umpire Stafford on the left wrist, knocking the indicator out of his hand, and the game was delayed for about ten minutes while Dr. Frank O'Sullivan attended Stafford. He was able to resume after receiving treatment, but Billy Merritt was put in to umpire on bases. Clemens drew a base on balls, stole second, went to third on a bad throw by Breymaier but was nailed when he tried to go home.

Score—Lowell 1, Lawrence 0.

Fourth Inning

Lawrence tied the score in the fourth inning. Luyster singled to left and stole second and Phoenix drew a free pass. Chase hit to Smith and when the latter threw high to McGamwell the runner was safe and the bases were filled. Luyster scored on a balk, this being the first balk made on the local grounds this season. Jacobs hit to Murch who threw Phoenix out at the plate. Breymaier flied to Miller and Keating was out on a fly to Magee.

Magee singled to right field. De Groff flied to Breymaier and Magee who was too far off first was nailed before he could get back to the bag. McGamwell struck out.

Score—Lowell 1, Lawrence 1.

Fifth Inning

Lawrence scored another in the fifth. Carlstrom sent the sphere into left field for a two bagger and went to third on Briggs' sacrifice. Kennedy singled to left, scoring Carlstrom. Kennedy was caught while trying to steal second and Luyster fanned.

Lowell scored two runs in the latter half of the inning. Miller opened with a single over Phoenix's head. Boultes hit to Carlstrom who got Miller at second and Dee followed with a single to left. Monahan hit to Phoenix who threw had to second and Boultes scored. Halstein went in to bat for Smith. He singled, scoring Dee. Clemens hit to Jacobs and was out at first and Magee hit to Carlstrom and died at first.

Score—Lowell 3, Lawrence 2.

Sixth Inning

Zeiser went in to pitch in the sixth. Phoenix flied to Magee, Chase hit to Dee and was out at first and Jacobs went out on a fly to Clemens.

De Groff fanned and McGamwell and Miller flied to Briggs.

Score—Lowell 3, Lawrence 2.

Seventh Inning

Breymaier struck out, Keating flied to Miller and Carlstrom went out on strikes.

Boutles flied to Carlstrom, Dee struck out and Monahan was third out on a fly to Phoenix.

Score—Lowell 3, Lawrence 2.

Eighth Inning

Briggs foul flied to Monahan and Kennedy and Luyster struck out.

Zeiser hit to Jacobs and failed to reach first ahead of the ball. Clemens also hit to Jacobs and died at first, Magee went out, Carlstrom to first.

Score—Lowell 3, Lawrence 2.

Ninth Inning

Phoenix struck out. Chase flied to Clemens. Jacobs singled to centre field. Breymaier singled to right field, Jacobs going to third. Breymaier stole second. Keating struck out.

HIS FOOT INJURED

At 3.17 o'clock this afternoon the ambulance were called to the Lowell Machine shop, where a man named James Simost and residing at 136 South street, had his left foot injured by a falling plank. He was removed to the Lowell hospital.

NEW BEDFORD MILLS CLOSED TIGHT--- NO CHANGE IN SITUATION TODAY

NEW BEDFORD, July 16.—The gates of twelve cotton manufacturing plants in New Bedford were closed today and 13,000 operatives were idle as a result of the strike of weavers and loomfixers for the abolition of the grading system of payment. Determined efforts were made to extend the strike to seven other corporations. Picket lines were established but there was not the slightest trouble during the early morning hours.

The pickets were mostly members of the Industrial Workers of the World and as the employes went to work in the mills not closed by the strike the strikers tried to induce them to quit work. In a few cases the pickets persuaded operatives to remain out of the mills but there was no serious defection in the number of working mill hands.

After the machinery in the mills had been set in motion the pickets departed from the vicinity and the streets assumed a deserted appearance. At the hour of opening the mill gates and beginning operations there were no police near the mills.

The seven mills not affected by the strike have either taken no action in the grading system to determine the pay of the weavers or have removed notices of the system to determine the pay of the weavers or have removed notices of the system from the mill walls.

Of the 13,000 persons out of work in the 12 mills 8,000, it was estimated, were on strike and 5,000 have been forced out of work by the decision of the corporation officials to close their mills until difficulties are settled.

Not one of the 35,000 looms or more than 1,000,000 spindles in twelve cotton cloth mills was running today and throughout most of the mill district the appearance was similar to that on a holiday or Sunday.

The agents of the mills not affected by the strike said that they were operating under normal conditions and declared that they do not anticipate any difficulty with their operatives. Although the Industrial Workers of the World have declared strikes against all the cotton cloth mills in the city the officials of these seven mills now operating announced that all of their employes were at work. No meeting of these officials had been arranged to consider the situation, it was said.

Labor leaders expressed the opinion that the strike would be successful.

Throughout the tenement districts workers gathered in small groups and discussed the situation. Several meetings of the strikers were scheduled. One was an open air session held by the Industrials Workers of the World.

Union leaders planned to open strike headquarters at both the north and south end sections of the city. The Industrial Workers of the World called an outdoor mass meeting for this forenoon but at the Labor temple no meetings were held, the entire time being given over to the enrollment of striking weavers and loomfixers and the lockout operatives in other crafts.

The grocers of the south end held a meeting today at which it was decided to do business on a strictly cash basis during the strike. To counteract, in part, the effect such action might have on the strikers, the union leaders arranged to care for all cases of destitution among strikers.

The manufacturers are placing the responsibility for the strike on the officials of the weavers union. In a statement the manufacturers say:

"They deny the request of the commonwealth of Massachusetts to postpone action for one week pending a conference between the weavers and manufacturers as suggested by the state board of arbitration. They betrayed the weakness of their attitude when they declined to meet a committee of manufacturers face to face at a conference."

ALD. CUMMINGS OPPOSED TO PROPOSED ORDINANCE

To Tax Companies for the Use of Poles and Trees on Which Wires Are Carried

The municipal council met this afternoon and the aldermanic chamber was not the coolest place in Massachusetts though 'twas said it was cooler than the boiler room in the cellar.

Shortly before the meeting was called to order Alderman Barrett put in an appearance laden with pasteboard maps of extension of water mains for which an appropriation is required.

"That is a fine load to bring in on a hot day," said a brother alderman.

"Well, I have been three weeks preparing them and it's about time for me to unload," said Mr. Barrett.

Several minor petitions were read for the storage of gasoline, including one by the Lowell Electric Light company for storage of gasoline for its new garage in Perry street. The petition was laid on the table until the next meeting.

An order for a sewer in Llewellyn and Third streets at an expense of $6,-431 was read by the mayor.

Alderman Barrett said he had been informed that the building of the sewer would mean, practically, the confiscation of the property of some of the abutters, as the assessment would be greater than the value of the property.

"I am not opposed to the sewer proposition but I have been wondering if there would be any way of building it other than by the plan outlined," said Mr. Barrett.

Commissioner Brown, who reported in favor of the sewer said he did not know of any other way.

On motion of Ald. Cummings the hearing on the removal of the big sign on the Howe building was continued to July 29.

Textile School Appropriation

The matter of the annual appropriation for the textile school was taken up on motion of Commissioner Barrett. The order called for the appropriation of $8000. That was the customary order and there was another for $1000 for the provision of scholarships by the school.

Secretary Smith of the Lowell textile school was present and explained that the school, for $1600, would provide ten scholarships for Lowell. The scholarships were originally suggested by Ald. Barrett.

On motion of Ald. Barrett it was voted to authorize the assessors of taxes to assess the taxes of 1912 in the sum of $9000 to furnish an appropriation for the Lowell Textile school. Both the $8000 and $1000 were laid over until July 30.

In the matter of the sewer in Llewellyn and Third streets action was deferred for one week.

The petition of Amasa Pratt and others for a sewer in Dutton street was read, as was also an order recommending an appropriation of a little over $3000 for that purpose. Commissioner Brown had reported in favor of the sewer as petitioned for. It was said that the sewer would accommodate about 600 people. On motion of Ald. Cummings action in the matter was deferred to the next meeting.

Money Wanted for Library

Mayor O'Donnell introduced an order to borrow $1000 for the improvement of the city library, including the putting in of new stacks for books. It was voted to let the matter go over to July 23, when the librarian will be present to explain in full.

Barrett Wants Short Loans

An order to borrow $22,000 for the paving of Plain street from the bridge to Chelmsford street was read by the mayor. Ald. Barrett said that the method of financing the city's business should be changed and that for propositions of the kind in question short loans should apply.

Ald. Cummings said that when the council went over the street paving proposition that was discussed the first of the year the Plain street proposition was not mentioned and he said that on that account he would hesitate to second the motion to borrow $22,000 for the paving of Plain street.

Ald. Brown moved that he be instructed to bring in at the next meeting estimates on the paving of Lincoln, Plain and Bridge streets. He said that in justice to business men and others that use these streets, Lincoln and Plain streets should be paved this year and as soon as possible.

Report of License Commisioners

The report of the license commissioners for the year 1911 was received and placed on file.

Pole Location Charges

The matter of fixing a compensatory charge for pole locations and wire attachments was taken up and papers relative to it were read; the minimum fee for poles being $5 and for wire attachments $1 each. A hearing on the matter was held some time ago and in order to bring the matter to a head Alderman Barrett moved that the ordinance making the minimum charge for each pole location $5 and each wire attachment $1, be passed to be enrolled.

Alderman Cummings said he would not vote in favor of the ordinance. "The more I think of the ordinance the more I am confused," said Mr. Cummings.

"The electrical companies,' he continued, "are not the only ones who benefit by his work or require the services of the wire inspector. They occupy probably less than half his time and I do not see why they should be asked to pay the total expense. I feel that they should bear part of it. There isn't any city in the commonwealth that has adopted a similar ordinance and I do not know if it would be of any great financial benefit to the city of Lowell. The expense of the wire department should be distributed and I have not satisfied myself as to how it should be arrived at. For that reason I will not vote for the ordinance at this time.'

Barrett In Favor

Ald. Barrett said the wire department was instituted primarily for the benefit of public service corporations, and he said that wire inspectors who did not serve the best interests of the corporations were defeated for re-election.

"I am in favor," he said "of the passage of this ordinance in order that the corporations may know that the public still own and have control of the public streets of Lowell."

On motion of Ald. Cummings action was deferred to one week from today.

Because of the postponement of action on the ordinance a raft of petitions from the electrical companies having to do with pole locations and wire attachments were also laid over for one week.

PROBATE COURT

JUDGE LAWTON UNABLE TO COME TO LOWELL TODAY

On account of Judge Lawton being unable to come to Lowell this morning, there was no session of the probate court, in which contested cases are heard, but inasmuch as there were only a few cases to be tried, and none of very great importance, these interested did not mind it in the least.

Judge McIntire occupied the bench in the uncontested session and the following wills were presented: Angie E. Gray, Lowell; Frank M. Dowling, Lowell.

The administrations granted were as follows: Robert W. V. Sloan, Lowell; Edward H. Besse, Lowell; Mary Welch, alias, Lowell; Vital Gelineau, Lowell and Emma J. Brainard, Lowell.

BABY SHOW

The baby show which was to have taken place at the French-American orphanage last Thursday, and which was postponed on account of the rain, will be held Thursday afternoon. The affair will be conducted by Mrs. Exaudias Dupont and Mr. Frank Ricard and will be given for the benefit of the new buildings which are being erected on the grounds of the orphanage.

In the evening an entertainment and concert will be provided by the Highland orchestra, and those in charge of the various booths and tables will be on the spot with their goodies.

OVERCOME BY HEAT

Shortly before 3 o'clock this afternoon the ambulance was called to the boulevard, where a man named Cochrane had been overcome by the heat. He was removed to St. John's hospital and at the time of going to press he was reported as resting comfortably.

ATTACHMENT FOR $500

An attachment in the sum of $500 was recorded at the registry of deeds office against John B. Piling in an action of tort brought by J. H. Fuller.

THE ARCHBALD TRIAL

WASHINGTON, July 16.—The official opening of the trial of Judge Archbald of the commerce court on charges of high crimes and misdemeanors was scheduled to take place before the senate this afternoon. It was expected that a postponement would be taken until fall.

Miss Eulalia C. Donlon is spending her vacation with her uncle, Thomas F. Russell of Denver, Colo.

MAN FOUND DEAD FROM GAS POISONING

Herbert A. Patterson, aged 56 years, committed suicide some time this forenoon at his home, 27 Myrtle street, by inhaling illuminating gas. The man had been in poor health for some time and it is believed he became despondent and took his life.

At 7.30 o'clock this forenoon Mrs. Patterson went out on an errand and when she left the house the husband seemed in the best of spirits. When she returned a few hours later she found him lying down with a gas tubing in his mouth. She summoned a doctor, but it was too late, life was extinct. The body was later viewed by Medical Examiner Joe V. Meigs, who signed the death certificate "Suicide."

Deceased is survived by a wife and a daughter.

Your Vacation
SNAP SHOTS
Carefully Developed and Printed
J. A. McEvoy, Optician
238 MERRIMACK ST.

"My Baby Was Sick

and I believe with all my heart that Ani-sen saved him. Another baby that had been changed from the breast to the bottle took sick and almost died. It was only two weeks old. I went to see it, and at my suggestion it was given Ani-sen, which did it a great deal of good." Mrs. S. A. Van Hoy, 1220 Lafayette Ave., Terre Haute, Ind.

Ani-sen is prepared by C. I. Hood Co., Lowell, Mass., and sold by all druggists at 25 cents a bottle.

INTO THE RANKS

Of modern conveniences, comes the electric range.

It especially meets the requirements of the country home—where coal or wood are the only means of cooking.

Lowell Electric Light Corp.

60 CENTRAL STREET

Drug Stores
CLOSE WEDNESDAY, 11.30 A. M.
For rest of the day for the
ANNUAL OUTING

LOWELL INSTITUTION FOR SAVINGS
1829 - 1912
INTEREST BEGINS AUGUST 3
18 SHATTUCK ST.

REV. MR. KENNGOTT'S BOOK "THE RECORD OF A CITY"

Some Reasons Why it Should Not be Introduced in the Schools

Having promised in our editorial of June 26, some quotations from Rev. George F. Kenngott's book, "The Record of a City," we have since looked over the work very carefully in order that we may deal with the subject in a manner that will be fair to the author and to the public at large, whose interests are involved in the proposition to have the book introduced into the schools of Lowell, the city whose "record" is supposed to be given.

At the outstart we may say that the school board deserves a word of praise for withholding action until the members should have time to examine the book inasmuch as it is

A Very Serious Matter

to place within the reach of school children any book that is misleading as to actual facts or that deals in a suggestive way with certain phases of immorality.

On the question of putting the book into the schools we have already expressed our views and in a manner that has apparently aroused the author's newspaper sponsors whom in the preface to his book he thanks for valuable assistance in the preparation of the work.

In the preface, too, the author states that the writing of the book was originally undertaken in partial fulfilment of the conditions for securing the degree of "Ph. D.," a most surprising motive for a clergyman whose chief aim might naturally be supposed to be the benefit of the city. We had given him credit for better motives, but whether he exploits Lowell and her people for his own advancement or for the good of society, we shall not stop to consider. Our concern is with the character of the work and whether it is a proper book for use in the public schools either for supplementary reading or as a reference book for teachers.

We had intended to dismiss the subject with a few quotations in support of our expressed views of the book; but as, to our astonishment, we find the work defended by our neighbor, the Courier-Citizen, we shall have to go a little farther and show that for use in the schools, the book

Is Wholly Objectionable

and that apart from any such use its effect is to injure the reputation of Lowell and her people, to spread race prejudice calculated to set the various classes of foreigners at one another's throats rather than to unite them in one harmonious body of American citizens.

Unfortunately our author uses muckraking methods, stirring up a lot of foul odors from a little filth found here and there in the congested districts. Is this not what he does when he presents pictures of the rear or worst side of poor tenements and when he goes so far as to photograph a dilapidated outer closet and present it as illustrating unsanitary conditions in the Greek district. That photograph, we believe, was taken from a house

That Had Been Condemned

and ordered vacated by the board of health. Thus the sub-normal and most degraded are held up to view, turned over and shaken before the public gaze, while the normal and the super-normal or in other words, the good qualities that would make the bad look insignificant, are to a great extent passed over in silence. Even where the author does try to say a good word for Lowell, his statement betrays the squeak of the pessimist, arising, we presume, from his utter inability to see any good in the foreign elements of our population or any hopeful sign as to their future.

This treatment, we contend, even if well meant, is calculated

To Injure Our City

with those who do not know the actual conditions; to cause some people to regard Lowell as a moral pesthole overrun with "cheap labor" and "the refuse of the teeming population" of other lands. Such a presentation of what is worst, if regarded as typical, must injure our city irreparably by preventing respectable people from coming here and even by causing prospecting industries to pass our doors to seek cities free from the vices and unfavorable conditions which Doctor Kenngott describes as peculiar to Lowell.

What would be thought of a writer who would depict the people and the conditions prevailing in the East Side of London in a way that might be regarded as typical of the greatest and grandest city in the world, the centre of civilization and probably the centre of the largest government system in the world? It is well when peaking of the submerged tenth to remember that there are still nine-tenths marching on with

Their Faces Set Towards the Light

and in spite of all difficulties and drawbacks, confident of reaching the highest and best the world has ever seen. So, therefore, we would remind every pessimist that the disease is as much in his imagination as in the things he condemns, for even as he views the latter they are rapidly improving.

What is more natural than that strange peoples settling here would, for a time, be unable to catch up with the march of progress? One cause is, that for years after their arrival here their earning capacity is small; but they soon become skilled enough to demand as much as the other fellow. Why not give them time to acquire the expert knowledge necessary to entitle them to equal wages, then see whether they improve themselves as their earnings increase? We might remind the author also, that many an immigrant who left a good home in the old land had to submit to the worst conditions for years after coming to this country; so that this off-hand method of deploring

Continued to Page 6

THE MEXICAN REBELS TO DESTROY RAILROADS

They Intend to Do Everything to Harass the Government Forces

JUAREZ, Mexico, July 16.—General Pascual Orozco, Jr., within the last 24 hours had ordered the Mexican Northwestern railroad destroyed between Pearson and Madera, 257 miles southwest of here, but the order has been mysteriously rescinded.

The railroad is owned by the Pearson interests, a British corporation, which likewise owns the Madera Lumber Co. Nearly all of the employes, however, numbering more than 500, are Americans. The quandary before the officials today was to whom to apply.

It was said they did not wish to ask the British government to make representations for protection, for while the property is British the employes are American. For the Pearson officials, on the other hand, to order an exodus of their employes would mean to leave the properties and supplies at the mercy of the rebels who already have looted the Madera company's storehouse of several thousand dollars' worth of goods.

That the Mexican Northwestern railroad, along which most of the rebel army now is stretched, is doomed to destruction is generally admitted for the rebels intend to harass the government forces moving northwestward from Chihuahua City. It is feared that after the destruction of the railroad and the telegraph, Americans marooned in the interior would have no redress if depredations by irresponsible rebel bands should occur.

It is desired, however, to take no chances, and the women and children in the American colonies will be moved at once to the United States.

WOMAN IS ACCUSED OF MURDERING MEN

They Received Bottle of Whiskey by Mail, Drank it and Died

ATLANTA, July 16.—Mrs. Ida Schmidt, a young woman of Atlanta, was arrested yesterday afternoon on a warrant from Birmingham, charging her with killing Guy R. Coleman and Stephen Strickland, who took poison in whiskey sent to Coleman through the mails December 20, 1910.

Mrs. Schmidt is the second woman arrested in connection with the death of Coleman and Strickland, a tragedy which has stirred Birmingham both by reason of the prominence of the victim and of the unusual manner in which they were killed.

The first suspect arrested was Miss Ollie Gunter, a nineteen-year-old girl of Elberton, Ga., who was found in Jacksonville, Fla., Saturday and taken to Birmingham. Miss Gunter was released yesterday. The arrest of Mrs. Schmidt followed immediately on the release of Miss Gunter. Both Mrs. Schmidt and Miss Gunter are members of prominent families and their friends refuse to believe that they are implicated in the death of Coleman and Strickland.

Mrs. Schmidt is separated from her husband, and both she and Ollie Gunter were residing in Birmingham when Coleman and Strickland received the whiskey that killed them. The detectives are working on the theory that jealousy prompted the deed.

Coleman and Strickland were well to do and widely known. The poisoning has formed one of the most famous mysteries ever known in Alabama. Officers have been at work ever since the strange death of the two men and finally obtained information that led to the issuance of warrants for the women.

Coleman and Strickland were together in the former's office when the postman handed Coleman a package. The package contained a bottle of whiskey. Coleman opened the bottle and both he and Strickland drank. In ten minutes both were dead. The package was addressed in a feminine hand. Detectives refuse to disclose the evidence against Mrs. Schmidt.

BOYS DROWNED

WHILE ENJOYING CANOE RIDE AT SILVER LAKE, N. H.

MADISON, N. H., July 16.—Adolph Graustein, Jr., 12, the son of the prominent milk contractor, and Myron W. Jackson, 14, the son of Charles W. Jackson, both of Cambridge, were drowned last evening at Silver Lake, Newton, near here.

The canoe in which the boys were paddling overturned in the choppy waters of the lake.

No one saw the canoe capsize and it was the sight of it floating bottom up near the shore which first alarmed the cottagers.

Both boys were able to swim but were dragged under by their clothing, although the Jackson boy swam to within four feet of the bank. His body was found in but four feet of water.

The Graustein boy went down in 20 feet of water and failed to reappear on the surface.

No cry was heard at the cottages of both families which are located within a stone's throw of where the two lads went under.

Both bodies were recovered, sent over the road to Haverhill and shipped to Cambridge last night.

THE ORCHESTRAS

TO BE CUT OUT BY MANY NEW YORK THEATRES

NEW YORK, July 16.—The Association of Theatre Managers, which announced over a month ago that it would not agree to the demands for increased wages for musicians, issued a statement yesterday, naming many theatres that will do without orchestras during the coming season. The statement says:

"So far as our organization is concerned there will be no orchestras in the following theatres next season: Gaiety, Fulton, Hudson, Harris, Julian Eltinge's 42nd Street theatre, Liberty, Lyceum, Empire, Garrick and Wallack's.

"Traveling musical companies carrying their own musicians have heretofore carried on an average of 12 men at $25 a week, making the cost of the orchestra $420. Now the musical union insists that no organization carry less than 25 musicians, whose salaries shall be $75 each per week, which would make the cost of an orchestra $1875 a week instead of $420. Under the old scale the cost of carrying an orchestra for a season of 40 weeks was $16,800, under the musical union's new scale the cost would be $75,000."

All of the ten theatres mentioned are associated with Klaw & Erlanger. The Shuberts have not yet announced what course they will take in their theatres.

MATRIMONIAL

Mr. William Cameron and Miss Annie Henderson, both of this city, were united in marriage yesterday by Rev. N. W. Matthews, at his residence, 15 Ellsworth street.

THE little ones take to Clicquot Club Ginger Ale because it tastes good and "doesn't burn the tongue" like other ginger ales. There's nothing better for children except pure, sweet milk.

Clicquot Club
(Kleek-o Club)
Ginger Ale

Clicquot Club is non-astringent, and so pure and wholesome—it keeps children and grown-ups in the best of health.

Other Clicquot Club Beverages: Sarsaparilla, Birch Beer, Root Beer, Orange Phosphate and Lemon Sour

At good grocery stores by the case, doz. or bottle

Simpson & Rowland
Wholesale Distributors

BLEASE UNDER INQUIRY

As to Some of His Official Acts

COLUMBIA, S. C., July 16.—Governor Cole L. Blease, who is under investigation by a legislative committee, is 43 years old. He became governor in January, 1910, and his administration has been stormy. He is accused of accepting money from "blind tigers," and with pardoning convicts for cash. His answer to the charges has been an offer to shoot any man who believes them.

GOVERNOR BLEASE

KILLED HIMSELF

EX-SENATOR SANGER FOUND DEAD IN BATHTUB.

BOSTON, July, 15.—Clad in his pajamas and sitting upright in the bathtub in his suite at Hotel Ludlow, Clarendon street and St. James avenue, George P. Sanger, 60 years old, an attorney formerly a state senator and a member of the election board, was found dead with two bullet holes in his mouth shortly after noon yesterday. The bathtub was half full of water and the revolver was gripped tightly in the dead man's hand. The only reason that can be assigned for the man's act is that he had been troubled with some nervous disease. Mr. Sanger is survived only by a widow, who is at present at the Brown cottage, Manchester. Medical Examiner Leary said that it was a case of suicide.

According to the proprietor of the Hotel Ludlow, where the Sangers have lived for the past 15 years, Mr. Sanger came up from his summer place shortly before noon yesterday. He told a porter to come up to his room "in about an hour," saying that he wanted him to do something for him. When the porter went up he found the door unlocked and when no response came to his knock he walked in found Sanger dead.

Mr. Sanger had law offices at 53 State street.

FREE! FREE! FREE!

To All Who Are Troubled With

RHEUMATISM

Sciatica, Neuralgia, Lumbago, Sprained Joints, Chest or Lung Diseases, Humors, Weak or Painful Back, Kidney and Liver Complaints, Pleurisy or Gout.

We invite all who are troubled with any of the above diseases to try SPALDING'S WONDERFUL PLASTERS—ABSOLUTELY FREE

Not good after Tuesday, July 16. Hours: 9 a. m. to 1 and 2 to 6 p. m.

Spalding's Specialist will be with us all this week to explain the use of these plasters, and will show hundreds of testimonials from people who have been cured. Don't fail to take advantage of this free offer.

Spalding's Plasters are made different shapes TO FIT all parts of the body.

Cut out this Ad. and present same to Spalding's representative at our Patent Medicine department between the hours of 9 to 1 and 2 to 6, and get a trial of these Wonderful Plasters

FREE

119-123 Merrimack Street.

Riker-Jaynes Drug Store

You Are Safe When You Buy at Riker-Jaynes

Summer Troubles!

For the many sudden stomach and bowel ills so common in hot weather, nothing is so safe, agreeable or speedily effective as genuine

Sanfords Ginger

A delicious combination of ginger, aromatics and French brandy. Look for the Owl Trade Mark on the wrapper, lest you get a cheap, worthless or dangerous substitute. Forty years the standard of purity, flavor and strength. Sold by all druggists and grocers.

COAL PER TON $7.50

Confirming the opinion we have repeatedly given for months—to buy for present use only, and not stock up at the prevailing prices, as there would be plenty of coal for next winter's use, notwithstanding the attempted ill-advised scare to the contrary—we now offer you the best freshly mined coal for prompt delivery at these prices.

Broken	$7.50	No. 2 Nut	$6.50
Egg	$7.50	Old Co.'s Lehigh	$8.00
Stove	$7.50	Jeddo Lehigh	$8.00
No. 1 Nut	$7.75		

Prices subject to change without notice. Telephone 1550

William E. Livingston Co.

15 THORNDIKE STREET ESTABLISHED 1822

MEN!—

We Sharpen all Kinds of

Safety Razor Blades

On the Famous "ODELL" SHARPENING MACHINE

This machine will make all kinds of blades as sharp and keen as when new. In fact, we guarantee absolute satisfaction with every order.

Let our expert sharpen a dozen of your old blades and SHOW you just what this machine can do.

GILLETTE," Blades per dozen	35c
SINGLE-EDGE, Blades per dozen	25c
DURHAM-DUPLEX, Blades, per dozen	50c
"STAR," Blades each	25c

HALL & LYON CO

LOUIS K. LIGGETT, Pres.

167 Merrimack Street, Lowell

Arthur Pollard Co.

THE STORE FOR THRIFTY PEOPLE

MEN'S SHIRTS

An Unusual Value for 59c

OUR ANNUAL JULY OFFERING READY TODAY

Some thousand SHIRTS, coat styles, cuffs attached, fine light percale in pretty, neat patterns. Good wearing SHIRTS that are made well, will stand many launderings. SHIRTS that are offered in many stores at $1.00 each. Ready today at

ONLY 59c EACH, 4 FOR $2.00

East Section Left Aisle

SPECIAL SALE OF

White Lingerie Dresses

Is Now in Evidence—LESS THAN HALF PRICE

Having bought the entire stock of made up WHITE LINGERIE DRESSES from one of the foremost dress manufacturers of New York, at a big discount, as they were ending up the year's business July 1st, and didn't want to take these DRESSES into stock. Misses', Ladies', and some Junior sizes. AT HALF PRICE AND LESS.

SEE WINDOW DISPLAY.

Cloak Dept. Second Floor

ON SALE TOMORROW

Black All Wool Voile

ONLY 39c YARD

AT ONE-THIRD REGULAR PRICE

10 Pieces of All Wool Voile, 54 inches wide in jet or blue black, (5 yards will make a dress) any style. ON SALE WEDNESDAY ONLY.

AT..... 39c YARD

Palmer Street Right Aisle

Basement Bargain Department

MERRIMACK ST. SECTION

40 DOZEN

Ladies' $1.00 Shirt Waists

AT..... 49c EACH

Now on sale, 40 dozen LADIES' SHIRT WAISTS, odd lots from the maker at half prices. Shirt waist made of fine batiste and lingerie, trimmed with fine tuck embroidered front. Laces and fine embroidery, 3-4 sleeves and low neck. $1.00 value at, each..... 49c

PALMER ST. SECTION

Mercerized Plisse

One case of best quality of mercerized plisse in half pieces, large variety of patterns in light colors, 15c value, at, yard..... 10c

Cretonne Remnants

Remnants, best quality of cretonne in handsome coloring and large variety of patterns, 15c value, at, yard..... 10c

Fine Mercerized Dress Goods

Just received from the finisher four cases of fine mercerized fabric in light and medium colors, handsome goods for summer dresses, 12c to 19c value, at, yard..... 10c

Infants' Hose

200 dozen infants' lace hose in blue, pink, white, tan and black, 25c value, only, pair..... 5c

Ladies' Cotton Hose

One lot of ladies' black cotton hose, fast color, fine quality, full, seamless, 10c value, at 7c Pair, 4 Pairs for 25c

Ladies' Corset Covers

50 dozen ladies' corset covers, seconds, slightly soiled, large assortment of styles, nicely trimmed, 19c to 29c value, only, each 15c

94 DEGREES IN SHADE AT NOON HOUR TODAY

Many Picnic Parties Went to the Country and Beaches to Escape Heat of City

Several picnics and outings were held from this city today, many of the people, owing to the weather conditions, migrating to the beaches and parks to cool off and enjoy the pleasures afforded them along the water's edge.

The day started off like a scorcher, with the humidity at a point which made the weather very oppressive. The mercury kept going up, and around the noon hour 94 was reported, this being the highest mark reached. Of course this was in the shade and was received from the West Sixth street pumping station.

Despite the heat, no prostrations were reported up to the noon hour.

At 12, o'clock the thermometers at the following places, all being in the shade, registered as follows:

Boulevard pumping station 87
West Sixth street station 94
Station near Plain street 91
Campbell's drug store, Tower's Cor..93
Henry Bros., Andover street 88

The Lucky Ones

Among those who got away from the heat of the city by enjoying trips to the different resorts were the members of the Colburn Mission church on Varnum avenue. This morning the parishioners, in charge of Mr. Palm, boarded a special electric car and proceeded to Willow Dale, where they all had a great time. The car passed through Merrimack square at 8.30 o'clock, and was well filled with merrymakers. Upon reaching the dale a program of sports was carried out and many went in bathing. They will return this evening, when the sun will cease to shine.

Three special cars with all seats occupied by Lowell people left Merrimack square at 8.45 o'clock this morning for Revere beach. The excursion was the regular mid-week trip of the Bay State street railway, and though it was first planned to send but two cars, the number increased so that another was pressed into service.

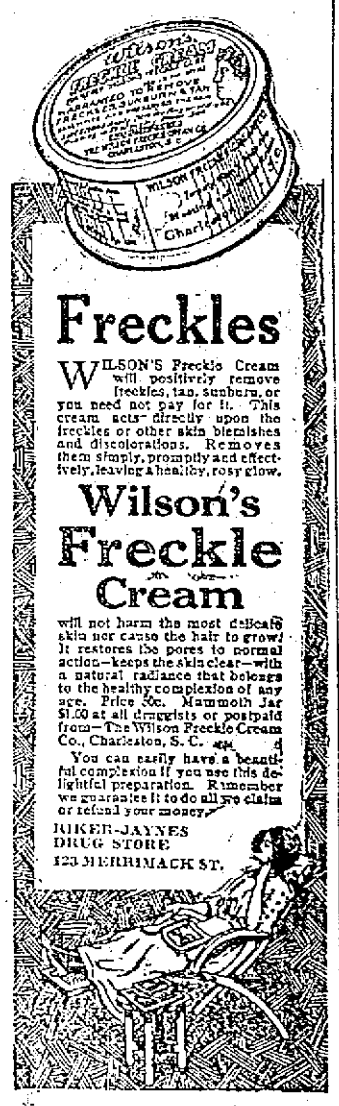
The union picnic of the Chelmsford Centre churches is being held at Willow Dale today. Special cars left Chelmsford for the park at 9 o'clock, and they will leave the park to return home at 5 o'clock. The general committee in charge of the picnic was composed of the following: Rev. C. H. Ellis, chairman; Elmer R. Hill, Frank Hindle, Sidney E. Dupee. The program of sports was arranged under the direction of Rev. E. A. Roadman, chairman, Miss Jessie Atwood, W. H. Hall and Royal Dutton.

SUSPECT TAKEN IN MURDER CASE

Declares Innocence Will be Established

WILKESBARRE, Pa., July 16.—The young man who was arrested here last night on suspicion that he may be Nathan Swartz, for whom the New York police are looking in connection with the murder of Julia Connors, said today that he was Samuel Sukont, 27 years of age, of New York. He declared that his innocence will be soon established.

Get double wear out of your trousers—Use the "IRONLESS."



Freckles

WILSON'S Freckle Cream will positively remove freckles, tan, sunburn, or you need not pay for it. This cream acts directly upon the freckles or other skin blemishes and discolorations. Removes them simply, promptly and effectively, leaving a healthy, rosy glow.

Wilson's Freckle Cream

will not harm the most delicate skin nor cause the hair to grow! It restores the pores to normal action—keeps the skin clear—with a natural radiance that belongs to the healthy complexion of any age. Price 50c. Mammoth Jar $1.00 at all druggists or postpaid from—The Wilson Freckle Cream Co., Charleston, S. C.

You can easily have a beautiful complexion if you use this delightful preparation. Remember we guarantee it to do all we claim or refund your money.

BIKER-JAYNES DRUG STORE
123 MERRIMACK ST.

W. H. K. REDMOND M. P.

May Come to Lowell U. I. L. in September

President Balfrey of the local branch of the U. I. L. states in reply to numerous inquiries that an effort will be made to secure a date on which Hon. Wm. H. K. Redmond will visit Lowell while in this country to attend the United Irish league convention at Philadelphia in the latter part of September.

There are hundreds of Mr. Redmond's former constituents in this city who would join in giving him a grand reception.

The local branch will endeavor to have him come to Lowell before his return to Ireland after the convention.

PARDON GRANTED

TO GUSTAVE HERVE THE ANTI-MILITARY AGITATOR

PARIS, July 16.—President Fallieres today on the advice of the French cabinet granted a pardon to Gustave Herve, the anti-military agitator and editor of a revolutionary organ, who was sentenced on Feb. 23, 1910, to four years' imprisonment on a charge of incitement to murder and the glorification of crime contained in an article in his paper.

Five other prisoners serving sentences for political misdemeanors were also released today.

REP. UNDERWOOD

MET GOV. WILSON FOR THE FIRST TIME TODAY

TRENTON, N. J., July 16.—Oscar Underwood of the house of representatives met Gov. Wilson for the first time shortly after noon today at the state house and went immediately into a private conference with the nominee with whom he lunched later in the afternoon. Mr. Underwood met also at the governor's office Perry Belmont, Thomas J. Ryan and Charles L. Dornelly, the latter two democratic leaders of Philadelphia.

MARSHAL FOR NEW MEXICO

WASHINGTON, July 16.—President Taft sent to the senate today the nomination of Secundino Romero to be United States marshal for New Mexico to succeed Creighton Forraker, a brother of former Senator Joseph Foraker.

MARRIAGE INTENTIONS

July 12—Vasselios Ntaoutakos, 30, operative, 580 Market street, and Demetroula Kargakon, 22, operative, 620 Market street.

July 13—William Ryan, 28, operative, 562 Gorham street, and Annie O'Neill, 25, operative, 251 Fayette street.

Antoni Uarkurn, 22, operative, 77 East Merrimack street, and Rozia Czlanis, 20, operative, same address.

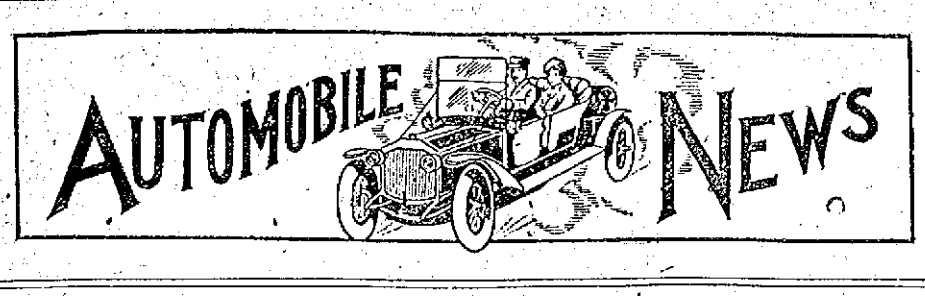
July 15—George Albert Heap, 26, farmer, 39 Carter street, and Hettie Hoyle, 26, at home, same address.

Alphonse Dyer, 22, clerk, 466 Merrimack street, and Alma Labossiere, 22, operative, Holyoke, Mass.

Manuel Eugenio Gousalves, 26, operative, 9 Cherry street, and Maria Martinbra, 26, operative, 7 Charles street.

Reginald H. Sheldon, 28, superintendent, North Chelmsford, Mass., and Lumina I. Cautin, 27, stenographer, 45 B street.

Kazimus Kleckooski, 25, operative, 15 Winter street, and Mariana Tomwewicuwana, 23, operative, 3 South street.



MOTOR CARS AHEAD OF ROADS

English Authority Criticizes Road Building in This Country

That there are plenty of automobiles, but no good roads in this country to run them on, attesting that the art of road building in America has not kept pace with the motor car industry, is the opinion expressed by Lord Montagu of Beaulieu, editor of the English motoring journal, "The Car," who has just completed an extensive trip through the Middle Atlantic states and Canada, during which time he visited many of the motor car manufacturing centers and carefully studied the road conditions during his trip which covered a period of several weeks.

In an exclusive article which appears in the current week's issue of "The Automobile," Lord Montagu, who is a noted authority on automobiling in Great Britain, relates in an interesting way the impressions he has gathered during his sojourn in this country.

"Just think," said Lord Montagu, "here in America you have three-quarters of a million cars and next year you will have a million, and yet you have no roads to run them upon. Not that you do not spend enough money; your appropriations are on a generous scale, still you put all the money in building the roads and hardly any in keeping them up. There seems to be no legislative method of obtaining money to maintain the roads after they are built. In our country the roads were built before the motor car; in many instances these came down from the early Romans. Our whole road system has gradually developed and we have a regular maintenance tax laid upon the road users. Your roads have come after the automobile and you eat up your appropriations in building, but there is no system by which you tax those who use the road, in order to maintain it.

"Why, if you had good roads throughout the country, tens of thousands of foreign tourists would gladly pay a tax of say a dollar for each 50 miles to come to the United States and view its wonderful scenery. This would mean an enormous inflow of foreign money into the country. The customs house could make arrangements with tourists who intended taking their cars out again so that there would be little expense in that direction. Now these tourists are kept away by the roads. The best roads I have seen during the time I have spent in traveling about the country have been in the vicinity of New York, Boston and Washington. Throughout the Middle West the roads are nearly all dirt and are in extremely bad condition.

"Regarding the motor car industry itself, needless to say it is tremendous; it is growing so fast that it is impossible to tell where we will end. In the cheaper cars especially the manufacturing business is tremendous, as is shown by the great number of your lower priced cars which are sold in England. We have not done much in the cheap car way, but so far have left that for you to do.

"The use of the car in England is different from what it is in the United States. You use your cars mostly for pleasure driving; we have outgrown that. Our business men use their cars to come to the office. We use them in place of the trains. In our own office there are gentlemen who come from their homes, 40 miles from town, daily in their cars. America has not reached the stage yet where automobiles are used on a large scale for purposes of utility; here they are used nearly entirely for pleasure purposes."

Lord Montagu, accompanied by his business associate, Geoffrey Marks, left for Europe on the Lusitania today.

MANY NAIL PUNCTURES

Not Followed by Sudden Defiation

It oftens happens that motorists travel on deflated tires for considerable distances without knowing that such is the case. This is generally due to the fact that punctures are not always followed by sudden deflation, but frequently allow the air to escape very slowly.

A nail which has entered the tread of a tire will not generally penetrate to the inner tube unill the wheel has made a number of revolutions. When it does pierce the tube the nail remains in the puncture, so that the tire would not be deflated for hours if the wheel were not in motion.

But with every turn of the wheel the nail as it is brought into contact with the ground moves more or less in its hole and allows a small amount of air to escape. It returns to its original position as soon as carried upward again. The escape of air is hardly noticeable at first, but very soon because the nail is moved about so repeatedly, the puncture enlarges and the escape of air becomes more apparent. This takes considerable time, and in nine cases out of ten the motorist will not notice that his tire is flat until he has traveled several miles.

Oftentimes this is far enough to do much damage, for when a car is traveling on a deflated tire both tube and envelope are literally chewed between the rim and the ground. When the tire is examined it is found that the walls of the envelope are strained and the canvas torn, while the inner tube, if it be repaired and inflated, will show a thousand almost invisible cuts.

DARROW TRIAL

POLICEMAN PIEROTTE CALLED FOR CROSS-EXAMINATION

LOS ANGELES, Cal., July 16.—When the bribery trial of Clarence S. Darrow was resumed today J. P. Pierotte, a policeman in the town of Venice, again took the stand for a continuation of his cross-examination. Pierotte testified yesterday to numerous conversations with Bert Franklin in which the latter protested the innocence of Mr. Darrow. The line of cross-examination by Asst. District Attorney Ford tended to show that the prosecution believe Pierotte to have been an employ of Darrow, who was hired to "pump" Franklin after the latter had pleaded guilty to jury bribing.

THE GRAND PRIZE RACE

Many Foreign Cars Will be Entered

A campaign to secure a really representative field of foreign built cars and foreign born drivers for the grand prix race in Milwaukee on Sept. 17 is now being made by a special committee of the Automobile Club of America through its European representative, the automobile Clubs of France, Italy, Belgium, Switzerland, Canada, Austria, and R. A. C. of Great Britain and Kaiserlicher of Germany.

There are excellent chances that George Boillot, winner of the French Grand Prix June 25 and 26, will bring his Peugot to America to compete at Milwaukee. Likewise hopes are given that Victor Hemery will come over with a Lorraine-Dietrich, while it is sure that Louis Wagner will drive one of the three Italian Fiats which will be entered, the team which worked together in the Dieppe race to be kept intact for Milwaukee.

There has been a slight change made in the conditions for the running of the Grand Prix, the distance being cut from 50 laps to 47 laps of the 8.725 mile course, making the mileage of the feature event 409.075 instead of 436.25 as originally announced.

The road work is progressing satisfactorily and the course already shows much improvement. The placing of the start and finish line will not be done until the various straightaways are in a completed condition.

Look better, and saves $5 to $10 a year. Get the "IRONLESS," $1.50.

STRIKE MAY COLLAPSE

LIVERPOOL, July 16.—The dockers' strike, which began here yesterday when the workmen refused to register under the new clearing house scheme contained in the national insurance act already shows signs of collapse. The men employed by the White Star line started work again in considerable numbers this morning under the protection of the police.

The "IRONLESS" at Clothing, Haberdashers and Hardware Stores, $1.50.

DO IT NOW

Our store closes tomorrow at 11.30 a. m., on account of the annual druggists' outing. Do your buying today if possible. Get your "send out" orders in early. Howard, the druggist, 197 Central street.

LOCAL AUTO DEALERS

Say That Business is Keeping Up

Scores of Lowell automobile enthusiasts are this year enjoying their vacations by touring the country instead of spending their entire time at either the beach or the mountains. This makes an ideal way of spending a vacation for with the automobile a person can visit the beaches, mountains and country, spending a few days at each place and also get a good view of the scenery.

This is the time of the year when hundreds of machines from other states pass through this city. Some of the machines bear New York, New Jersey and Pennsylvania license numbers, but then there are many which come from the middle west or south. Yesterday a large car of foreign make bearing a Texas license tag passed through the square and a few minutes later a car from Illinois passed through. Almost all of the cars from other states are headed for the White Mountains.

Bert F. Tabor, the well known musician, is enjoying an automobile trip through the middle west. He left here last week in his Ford touring car for Detroit, Mich., but he intends to visit many places of interest in that section of the country before returning home.

Philip Lederman, leader of the Merrimack Square theatre orchestra, has returned after a pleasant trip through New York state. He made the tour in his Ford torpedo and reports having had an excellent time. He covered about 800 miles.

Arthur Bourke, of the Lowell Motor Mart, and Joseph Gagnon, formerly of the A. G. Pollard Co., but now representing a big shoe concern, have returned after a 600 mile trip through New York and New Jersey. They left Lowell in a Ford torpedo and went to Albany, N. Y., down the Hudson river to New York and then into New Jersey. Returning they came through Hartford, Conn., Springfield, Worcester and Boston.

A handsome Oakland model 40 touring car has been delivered to Daniel Walker, the well known contractor, through the agency of the Moody Bridge Auto Co.

The two Oakland 30's to be used by Deputy Chiefs Sullivan and Saunders of the fire department will be delivered within a couple of weeks and will be immediately put into service upon their arrival. The machines are rated at 30 horse power, four cylinders and a wheel base of 100 inches. Each machine will hold two passengers and in the rear there will be a box for rubber boots, rubber coats, etc. The cars will have red bodies with red running gear.

To do as much busines in the first six months of the present year than was transacted in the entire twelve months of the year previous is an accomplishment indeed, yet this is exactly what Harry Pitts, of the Pitts Auto Supply in Hurd street, claims to have done to date. The increase is all the more remarkable on account of the necessary absences of Mr. Pitts from the establishment. Harry is an out and out enthusiast and besides having his place of business in this city he is also interested in several business enterprises manufacturing automobile accessories out of town, which demand his attention quite frequently. When he is away from the city his local business interests are looked after by Joe McGarry, who is to a large extent responsible for the large increase in business.

The hot weather has no terrors for Tom Williston, who represents the Stanley Motor Car Co. in this city, for yesterday when the representative of this paper paid his weekly call, Tom was working hard over a Stanley, the owner of which was very anxious to have it by dusk so that he might enjoy a spin in the cool of the evening.

Deliveries of International trucks for the past week through the E. E. Smith Co., local agents, were as follows: Sam Scott, the wholesale tobacconist of Middlesex street, purchased a 1 1-2 ton truck, model M. A., and the Billerica and Lowell Express Co., John J. McSheehan, owner, received a 1 ton, model M. A.

MOTHER IS DEAD

CHILD SHE TRIED TO SAVE IS DYING

NEW YORK, July 16.—Mrs. Nelly Kelley, 28 years old, is dead, and her two-year-old baby is dying in a hospital as the result of injuries sustained when both were impaled yesterday on an iron picket fence as they fell from a fourth-story window in their home in West 12th street. Mrs. Kelley fell in a futile attempt to save her child, which had crept to the window and lost its balance in leaning out.

The baby's head was caught between two of the iron pickets, his hand was impaled on another, and he hung suspended by his neck. The mother struck a few feet away from him, the pickets catching her by the shoulder and leg. With her head only a few inches from the ground she hung unconscious. A neighbor called help and Mrs. Kelley and the baby were rushed to a hospital, but the mother died on the way. The child has a fractured skull and cannot recover.

A PERFECT

Electric Horn for $7

—AT—

Lowell Motor Mart

Merrimack Street

THANKS

The PITTS AUTO SUPPLY wishes to thank the automobile owners of Lowell for their valued patronage the past year, and trust that they have been as successful in their business as we have in ours. We still solicit your trade and give you the assurance of the same treatment as in the past. As we owe our success to you, you can feel certain that our aim will be to give courteous treatment, honest dealings and entire satisfaction, and hope, if you have any complaint, that you will tell us, and we will go a long way to make it right.

OUR MOTTO:—Please the Customer at Any Cost

HARRY PITTS SOLE PROPRIETOR

COL. ROOSEVELT

SAYS HE WILL NOT FAVOR GOING ON REPUBLICAN TICKET

CHICAGO, July 16.—All plans for avoiding the use of a third presidential ticket in Illinois by placing the names of both President Taft and Col. Roosevelt at the head of the republican ticket were declared by Medill McCormick, head of the Roosevelt forces, to day to have been abandoned.

What effect Col. Roosevelt's announcement from Oyster Bay that he would not favor going on the republican ticket had in bringing about this decision Mr. McCormick refused to say.

The general opinion was that a Roosevelt ticket should be put out, the only question being what offices besides that of president it should embrace.

FELL FROM STAGING

Rufus Bewton fell from a staging while at work painting a building in Arch street yesterday, and sustained numerous bruises. He was taken to his home and today was removed in the ambulance to St. John's hospital, where he received treatment. His condition is not considered serious.

THE LAST DAY

OF FIGHT TO SECURE RELEASE OF HARRY THAW

WHITE PLAINS, N. Y., July 16.—Oral arguments were presented in Justice Keogh's court today which is believed to be their last day of the fight of Harry K. Thaw to secure his freedom from Matteawan state hospital. There was only a scattering of spectators present to hear Clarence J. Shearn, Thaw's counsel, submit his client's case to the court.

A decision is expected by the end of the month.

NOTICE!

Mrs. Agnes Mahaney, accompanied by her sister, commonly known as My Sister and I, have started on a month's trip by automobile through the mountains and Canada, and will be away about a month. Sister and I are widely known and will be glad to meet all of our old patrons and also new ones when we reopen August 25.

Sister and I,
Mrs. Josie Greenwood,
Mrs. Agnes Mahaney.

U.S. GOVERNMENT'S SUIT

Against U.S. Steel Corporation Endorsed

WASHINGTON, July 16.—Members of the house Stanley steel trust investigating committee today practically agreed to recommend the dissolution of the United States Steel Corporation in their report and endorsed the government's suit against it.

A SLIGHT BLAZE

A telephone alarm at 7.54 o'clock last night summoned a portion of the fire department to a slight blaze in a house in West Sixth street. The fire was caused by a lighted match coming in contact with a leaky gas pipe. With the exception of the scorching of the side of the wall there was no damage done.

NEW SOLICITOR GENERAL

WASHINGTON, July 16.—Frederick Lehmann, retiring solicitor general of the United States, paid his farewell call to President Taft today and introduced his successor, William M. Bullit of Louisville. Mr. Lehmann will leave tomorrow to resume the practice of law in St. Louis.

Not Good to Eat

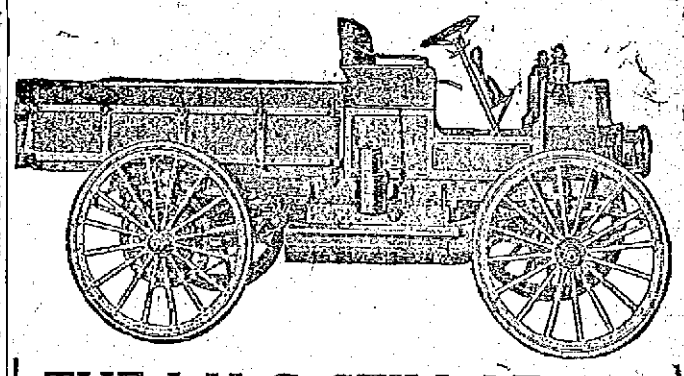
No you can't eat coal, but you will find it just as necessary as bread when it comes to cooking. Who wants to eat raw meats or vegetables. Nonsense of course—but sense—get good coal, the kind we provide summer and winter. Do you know the merits of coal from the famous Kingston colliery? If not, you have never had the best in coal.

Send me a trial order.

John P. Quinn

Office and Yards, Gorham and Dix Sts.

Telephones 1180 and 2480. When one is busy, call the other.



THE I. H. C. STILL LEADS

It's a Year Ahead In Every Detail.

AIR-COOLED, 1 TON.....$ 900.00
WATER-COOLED, 1 TON.....1,000.00

Let Us Demonstrate It to You.

OUR AUTO DELIVERS THE GOODS.

Ervin E. Smith Co.

43-45-47-49 MARKET STREET.

Automobile Directory

Anderson's Tire Shop — Agent for all leading makes of tires. Vulcanizing of all kinds a specialty. Telephone 3821. Accessories and supplies. 129 Paige st.

Auto Upholstering — New tape, supplies, etc. Donovan Harness Co., Market street.

Auto Supplies — A complete line at the Lowell Motor Mart, New Majestic building, 447 Merrimack street, corner Tilden street. S. L. Rochette, proprietor. Tel. 3780.

Auto Supplies—Pitts — 7 HURD STREET. Open evenings. Telephones 52-1 and 52-2.

Auto Tires — All makes at the right prices at the Lowell Motor Mart, cor. Merrimack and Tilden streets.

Buick — Lowell Auto Corp., 81-91 Appleton st., Phone 3137.

Chase Motor Truck — Lowell Motor Mart, 447 Merrimack st.

Ford — Automobiles and Ford repair parts at the Lowell Motor Mart. New Majestic building, 447 Merrimack street, corner of Tilden street. S. L. Rochette, agent. Tel. 3780.

Heinze Coils — Coil, Parts, Spark Plugs and Magnetos at Lowell Motor Mart, Merrimack st., next to city library.

Inter-State — Frank D. Donovan, 388 Market st. Tel. 1249-2, or 263-2.

International — Auto wagon. E. E. Smith Co., agents for Lowell and vicinity. 43-45-47 Market st. Tel. connection.

Knox — Moody Bridge Garage, —Agent— Phone 2059

Maxwell — D. A. MACKENZIE, Agent. Tel. 3024. 884 Middlesex street.

Mercier's — FAMOUS AUTO LIVERY, 548 MOODY STREET. Phone—Office and Garage, 1911-1; Residence, 1911-2.

Oakland — Moody Bridge Garage, Corner Pawtucket and Moody Sts.

Overland — M. S. Flendel, Phone 2138, Davis Square.

Pratt-Elkhart "40" — New Model F. Agent for Lowell and adjacent towns. F. E. Adams, 1235 Middlesex st., Lowell. Tel.

Rambler — 185 Middlesex St. Geo. F. White Tel. 552 and 1992-1

Reo — Geo. F. White, Agent. Supplies. 185 Middlesex st. Tel. 552 and 1992-1

Tremont Garage — Auto repairing, vulcanizing, cor. Tremont and Moody sts. P. J. McKenna. Tel. 3442-1.

Stanley Garage

STANLEY AUTOS

Several Bargains in Used Cars From $50 Upwards

REPAIRING, VULCANIZING

Big Reduction in TIRES

THOMAS WILLISTON, Prop. 810 Middlesex Street—Tel. 2915

CHASE TRUCKS

SOLVE YOUR DELIVERY PROBLEMS

Five Models—All Styles and Bodies, 1000 to 4000 lbs. Capacity.

Lead the world in efficiency and diversity of usage. They constantly earn repeat orders.

Send for Catalogue and further information.

LOWELL MOTOR MART—S. L. Rochette

MERRIMACK STREET.

BASEBALL AND FIELD SPORTS

THE SUN SPORTING PAGE

BOXING, GOLF AND ATHLETICS

LOWELL BROKE WINNING STREAK

Defeated Lawrence 6 to 4---Wolfgang Was in Fine Form

WOLFGANG

LAWRENCE, July 16---The Lowell champs broke the winning streak of the Lawrence pennant chasers in yesterday's game, coming out on the long end by the score of 6 to 4. Lawrence had won eight games straight and the defeat came hard, especially to their great rivals, the Grays.

Wolfgang worked on the mound for the champs and he twirled a good game. Fullerton did the pitching for the home boys and on the go he was strong and it looked as if the "fans" were to witness a pitchers' duel, but when the boys from up the river got going there was nothing to it but the cheering and with Wolfgang working like an eight-day clock Lawrence never had a chance.

Lowell played a fine game in all departments and in the hitting line the fellows who won the flag last season were there strong. Jimmy Magee waved his stick in fine style and connected with four hits, two singles and a couple of doubles. De Groff got three and Halstein kept up the good work by slamming out two beauts.

Miller, who had been on the injured list for a week, returned to his old position at second base and his fielding was the feature of the game. He robbed Chase of a sure hit, by running first and pulling a wonderful one-hander and tossing the Lawrence first baseman out at first. Briggs, who is very strong on the spectacular stuff, pulled down a hummer, when he chased to the fence and got one from Halstein's bat.

Lowell started the scoring in the third inning and scored two runs after two men had been sent to the bench. Magee, the third man up, singled to centre field, De Groff was there with a fine triple and Magee scored and De Groff trotted home when Halstein sent a good one to the outfield. Miller closed the inning on a fly.

In the latter half of the inning Lawrence started out like a bunch of race horses and managed to send a man over. Jacobs singled. Braymaier fanned. Fullerton came to bat and Jacobs stole second. Fullerton then fanned. Carlstrom singled through short and Jacobs scored. Briggs singled to right and the Lawrence shortstop went to third, the former taking second on the throw. Kennedy hit a fast one to Miller, which ended the inning.

In the fourth Lowell added a few more, and they came as in the third when two men were out. The fun started when Lavigne singled and Wolfgang hit to Jacobs, who made a poor throw and the Lowell catcher went to third, while Wolfgang took second. A drive by Clemens scored the Lowell battery. Magee hit a hot one to Phoenix and went out.

Lowell got one more in the sixth. Clemens walked and stole second and then Magee came to bat. Jimmy hit one that Kennedy lost in the sun and Clemens scored, Magee later stealing second. De Groff flied to Chase, closing the inning.

Lawrence piled up three in the 8th. After Fullerton fanned, Carlstrom singled and Briggs followed with a double. Kennedy hit to Dee, who threw high to first and Carlstrom scored and Briggs went to third. Kennedy stole. Luyster singled and two runs were scored. Phoenix grounded to Jakle, who threw Luyster out at second. Chase ended the inning by fanning.

The last run of the game came in the ninth inning, when Lowell sent one man home. Magee opened with a two bagger and went to third when De Groff grounded out. Halstein singled and Magee crossed the pan. Miller hit to Phoenix, going out at first, and Chase sent the ball to Jacobs at third, who got Halstein on a close play.

The score:

LOWELL

	ab	r	bh	po	a	e
Clemens, cf	4	0	1	3	0	0
Magee, lf	5	2	4	1	0	0
De Groff, rf	5	2	3	2	0	0
Halstein, 1b	5	0	2	12	0	0
Miller, 2b	5	0	0	1	2	0
Boultes, 3b	3	0	0	0	3	0
Dee, ss	4	0	0	1	5	1
Lavigne, c	4	1	1	7	0	0
Wolfgang, p	4	1	0	0	4	0
Totals	39	6	11	27	14	1

LAWRENCE

	ab	r	bh	po	a	e
Carlstrom, ss	4	1	2	2	3	0
Briggs, cf	4	1	2	2	0	0
Kennedy, lf	4	1	0	1	0	0
Luyster, rf	4	0	2	1	0	0
Phoenix, 2b	4	0	0	1	5	0
Chase, 1b	3	0	0	18	1	1
Jacobs, 3b	4	1	1	1	3	1
Breymaier, c	4	0	1	1	0	0
Fullerton, p	3	0	0	0	5	0
Yates, x	1	0	0	0	0	0
Totals	35	4	8	27	17	2

x—Batted for Fullerton in ninth.

Lowell	0	0	2	2	1	0	0	0	1	—6
Lawrence	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	3	0	—4

Two base hits: Magee 2, De Groff, Briggs. Three base hits: De Groff. Stolen bases: Clemens, Magee, Halstein, Kennedy, Phoenix, Chase, Jacobs. Left on bases: Lowell 9, Lawrence 5. First base on balls: Wolfgang 1, Fullerton 2. First on errors: Lowell 2, Lawrence 1. Struck out: Wolfgang 7. Time: 1.57. Umpire: Stafford.

N. E. LEAGUE STANDING

	Won	Lost	Ave.
Lawrence	41	28	58.8
Brockton	39	30	56.5
Lynn	35	32	54.9
Lowell	37	33	52.9
Worcester	38	35	52.1
Haverhill	33	40	45.2
New Bedford	32	41	43.8
Fall River	25	44	36.2

N. E. LEAGUE RESULTS

At Lawrence: Lowell 6, Lawrence 4.

At Haverhill: Haverhill 4, Fall River 1.

At Lynn: (First game) Lynn 4, Brockton 0. (Second game), Brockton 2, Lynn 0.

At Worcester: Worcester 2, New Bedford 1.

GAMES TODAY

New England

Lawrence at Lowell.
Fall River at Haverhill.
New Bedford at Worcester.
Lynn at Brockton.

NATIONAL LEAGUE STANDING

	Won	Lost	Ave.
New York	58	17	77.3
Chicago	47	28	62.7
Pittsburgh	45	31	59.2
Cincinnati	41	39	51.3
Philadelphia	34	38	47.2
St. Louis	34	49	41.0
Brooklyn	30	48	38.5
Boston	22	59	27.2

NATIONAL LEAGUE RESULTS

At Chicago: Chicago 8, Boston 7. (10 innings.)

At Cincinnati: Philadelphia 2, Cincinnati 1.

At St. Louis: St. Louis 10, New York 6.

At Pittsburgh: (First game) Pittsburgh 4, Brooklyn 3, (13 innings.) (Second game, Pittsburgh 8, Brooklyn 4.

GAMES TODAY

National

New York at Chicago.
Brooklyn at Pittsburgh.

AMERICAN LEAGUE STANDING

	Won	Lost	Ave.
Boston	56	26	68.3
Washington	50	33	60.2
Philadelphia	46	35	55.3
Chicago	44	35	55.7
Cleveland	42	42	50.0
Detroit	40	42	48.8
New York	22	53	29.3
St. Louis	22	56	28.2

AMERICAN LEAGUE RESULTS

At Boston: Detroit 6, Boston 1.

At New York: New York 5, St. Louis 3.

At Washington: Chicago 4, Washington 2.

At Philadelphia: Philadelphia 7, Cleveland 0.

GAMES TODAY

American

Detroit at Boston.
Cleveland at Philadelphia.
St. Louis at New York.
Chicago at Washington.

AMATEUR BASEBALL

The Groves defeated the Crowley Stars Saturday afternoon by the score of 19 to 12. The features of the game were the batting of Sharkey and Taylor and the fielding of O'Hare for the Groves.

The Rangers of Centralville have organized for the season and would like games with any 16 or 17-year-old team in or out of the city. The Rangers would like games with the Tigers, Leaguers, Hudsons, Buffaloes or Crimsons for the coming Saturdays. Send all challenges to Clarence Noyes, 42 West Fifth street, city.

DIAMOND NOTES

Lawrence here today.

Wolfgang had the old spitter with him and he used it to good advantage.

Magee was the star sticker of the game, and he ran bases and fielded in fast form.

"Ben" Keveney, the fellow who operates the electric score board from the Lawrence press box, got it handed to him after yesterday's game by Umpire Stafford. During the exhibition "Ben," who is like the other Lawrence fans, thinking far more of losing a game than an arm, criticized an alleged strike when Lavigne was at the bat. Stafford called him and asked what right he had in the box. They exchanged a few greetings, and the argument was resumed when the "score boy" went into the club house where he had no right to be. Stafford told him about it and they finally got to it with the result that both sent home a few stickers. Keveney went to the station and asked for a warrant, but later withdrew his request.

Halstein continues to hit them where they "ain't" and is playing a fine game on the corner.

De Groff increased his batting average a little in the game, getting three good ones.

Lowell will go to Lynn tomorrow and Lynn will come to Lowell Thursday afternoon and two games will be played. As this will be the real first Thursday afternoon holiday for the store help a big crowd is expected.

Dee is filling in finely at short and his fielding yesterday was great.

Adams Brothers, Platt and Ben, Are Two of America's Olympic Heroes

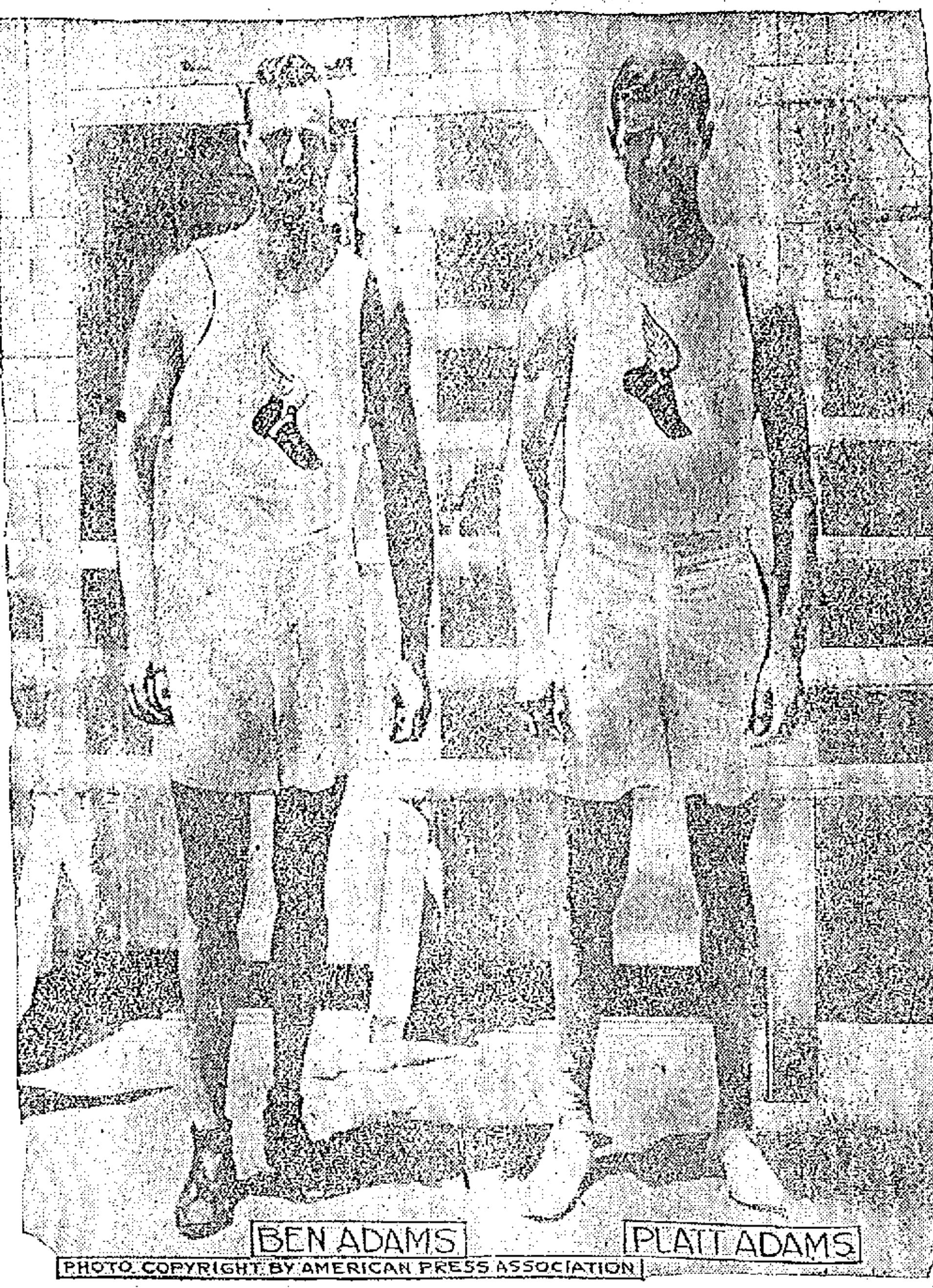


PHOTO. COPYRIGHT BY AMERICAN PRESS ASSOCIATION

STOCKHOLM, Sweden, July 16.--Two of the most popular heroes of the United States Olympic team are the Adams brothers, Platt and Ben. The two boys gave up their positions in New York in order to go abroad to help the American team carry off the international meet here, and both have made good. Together they added eight points to Uncle Sam's winning list. In the recent standing high jump Platt finished first and Ben second. The former's winning effort for the event of 5 feet 3 inches is the best Olympic mark since Ray Ewry cleared two inches higher in the games at Paris in 1900.

JOE JEANETTE

HAD AN EASY TIME WITH TWO OPPONENTS

NEW BEDFORD, July 16.—Joe Jeanette, the New Jersey heavyweight, who is looking for a match with Jack Johnson, easily disposed of his two opponents here last night in two and four rounds respectively. Mickey McDonough of Brooklyn, N. Y., was completely outclassed in the opening round, and his seconds tossed in the sponge in the second session and saved their man from further punishment.

Jeff Madden made a respectable showing for two rounds, even though he was outclassed by the heavyweight title seeker. In the third inning Madden made a great rally and rushed Jeanette to the ropes with his attack. The latter floored Madden twice before the round expired, and followed up in the fourth by sending Madden over with a stiff uppercut to the wind.

FRANKLINS WON

IN THE CAMPERS' LEAGUE SERIES LAST NIGHT

The Franklins took all the points from the Corinthians in the Campers' league series on the Lakeview alleys last evening. Dow of the winners got the high total, 283. Goward, also of the winning quintet, carried off the honors for the highest single, putting up 111. The latter also was right behind Dow with a total of 282. The score:

FRANKLINS

	1	2	3	Tls
Goward	111	77	94	282
Grimwood	88	94	86	268
Fahey	89	103	70	262
Flynn	73	78	82	233
Dow	105	90	88	283
Totals	466	442	420	1328

CORINTHIANS

Lane	64	65	87	216
Hazeltine	89	84	94	267
Sub	84	77	70	231
Peavey	79	77	76	232
Slattery	73	90	87	250
Totals	389	393	414	1196

A CHALLENGE

The Independents of North Billerica are without a game for Saturday, July 20 and would like to arrange a game with any fast team, C. M. A. C., Riversides, Y. M. C. A. Independents or the Bleacheries preferred. Address Manager, Box 265, North Billerica, Mass.

"CHIC" GANDIL A GREAT PLAYER

He is Worth All That Was Paid For Him by Washington

Whether or not it pays to go into the market and bid for young players of promise, even if the prices seem high, is answered in the case of "Chick" Gandil, whose addition to the Washington Nationals virtually made the team. It is generally understood that he cost $15,000, including the assessed valuation of four players and a cash balance, the deal being similar in this sense to the one by which Russell went from Baltimore to the Athletics. Russell's purchase was a dead loss, but that was entirely the fault of the player, who put himself out of the game. So far Gandil has been a success. He has proved that he is a star fielder, and, while possibly he may not hit quite as well after he has been in a time, he shapes up like a man who should at worst bat around .280. And that kind of bingler is not found every day.

If Gandil cost $15,000 he was not expensive as far as can be judged from results to date. None of the players who were let out would be useful right now, as Cunningham was doing bench duty exclusively and Griffith was not using either Akers or Becker to any extent. The difference in receipts since Gandil joined, between what the club would have drawn without him and what it has drawn with him to say nothing of the money the club should get from now until fall, will pay what he cost and leave a balance. The club would have won some games without him, but never could have compiled its long streak of consecutive victories.

"CHIC" GANDIL

MAKES PIMPLES GO

Remarkable How Zemo Clears the Face of Pimples and All Other Blemishes

With the finger tips apply a little Zemo to the skin, then see the pimples and blackheads vanish. Zemo is a liquid, not a smear, leaves no trace, just simply sinks in and does the work. You will be astonished to find how quickly eczema, rash, dandruff, itch, liver spots, salt rheum and all other skin diseases are cured.

Zemo is put up by the E. W. Rose Medicine Co., St. Louis, Mo., and is regularly sold by all druggists at $1 for the large bottles, but you can get a liberal size trial bottle for only 25 cents. And this trial bottle is guaranteed. You surely will find Zemo a wonder. Get a bottle now from A. W. Dows Co.'s drug store.

AMERICAN ATHLETES BEST IN THE WORLD

Sweden Came Second and Great Britain Third in the Final Standing

THE FINAL STANDING

United States	128
Sweden	104
Great Britain	66
Finland	46
Germany	34
France	23
South Africa	16
Denmark	14
Italy	13
Canada	13
Australia	13
Belgium	11
Norway	10
Hungary	8
Russia	5
Greece	4
Austria	4
Holland	2

TRACK AND FIELD EVENTS

United States	85
Finland	27
Sweden	24
Great Britain	14
Canada	7
South Africa	5
France	4
Germany	4
Greece	4
Norway	2
Hungary	1
Italy	1

With the conclusion of the final track and field events in the Stadium at Stockholm yesterday the greatest Olympiad held since the revival of the Grecian carnivals at Athens in 1896 ended athletically. The games were remarkable in many instances.

The athletic and swimming events began Saturday, July 6, and for ten consecutive days track and field sports and swimming of one description or another continued without intermission, and in every event the stalwart and fleet young athletes of the United States were found fighting for victory for their country.

How well the Americans succeeded is best told in the official summary of points awarded each nation. Arrayed against the finest athletes of the world, representing 40 nations, the representatives of the United States proved themselves supreme.

The American exponents of speed and strength, as exemplified in running, jumping and the throwing of weights, won more points for their country than the men of any other two nations, and almost as many as all the countries combined.

In the summing up of all the sports, United States outranked all other nations, scoring 24 points more than her nearest rival, Sweden, whose athletes were competing upon their own hearth stones.

Great Britain, including her athletically inclined colonies, South Africa, Canada and Australia, scored a total of 108 points, but deprived of the 42 points won by her colonies, Great Britain finished in third place.

HORSES HEAVILY PLAYED FAILED TO WIN OUT

Jack London and Henry H. Were Beaten at the Grand Circuit Meet

KALAMAZOO, Mich., July 16.—The second week of the grand circuit season of 1912 opened at Recreation park yesterday afternoon with a small attendance and a program which proved to be rather ordinary, none of the four events raced bringing out such sort of contests as were seen in the majority of the events at Grand Rapids last week.

Two favorites won and two other heavy first choices were bowled over, the big smash being the defeat of the international "ringer," Jack London, who masqueraded last season through Canada and the eastern states under the name of Professor Sphinx. He was played by the talent before the start of the 2.10 trot as though he were already in, but trotted a very bad race, and shows no indications of being the "R. T. C. of 1912," a title which was predicted for him at the close of last season.

The feature event of the day was the $2000 Hotel stakes for 2.06 pacers, and in spite of his defeat last week the black four-year-old Braden Direct was first choice at $27, Sunny Jim bringing $35, Golden Seal $7 and the field $8. The first heat was a battle between the first two choices, the colt winning in 2.05¼, a new record for him. He broke in the second, which went to Eddie Dillard, but came back in the third and gave them all a beating in handy fashion. Braden Direct won the Kentucky futurity last fall, a seven heat race which lasted two days.

Tom Murphy's M. and M. candidate, Queen Worth, won her third straight victory when she annexed the 2.16 trot in very easy fashion, trotting well within herself at all times.

The Long Island trainer did not have as good luck with Jack London, who was a big favorite. The 1911 masquerader won the first two heats like a real race horse, but when Derby Boy and Dandy Wood worked into him in the third round he faded like the leaves in autumn, the veteran Knapp McCarthy, who drove race horses when "Pop" Geers was a boy, winning off the reel with the Derby Boy. In the final heat he pulled his mount to a walk under the wire in order to let Jack London inside the flag.

The $2000 stake for 2.14 pacers furnished another overrun of a favorite. Henry H., the first choice, winning the first heat easily and then being beaten by the Minneapolis mare, Pearl Patch, a daughter of the champion Dan Patch.

During the forenoon W. G. Durfee, the California trainer, worked the 3-year-old trotting futurity candidate, Manrico, a mile in 2.10, one of the best performances of the season by one of his age.

The feature of the program for today is the $3000 stake for 2.08 trotters, which will bring together the great California mare, Helen Stiles, 2.08¼, and the 1911 M. and M. winner, Anvil, 2.07¼, both winners last week at Grand Rapids.

2.16 trot, purse $1,000, 3 in 5.

Queenworthy, b. m. by Axworthy (Murphy)	1	1	1
Funny Crank, b. g (Geers)	3	2	3
Nutline, ch. g. (Hoffman)	2	4	6
Lulu S., b. m. (E. Benyon)	6	5	2
Emily Morris, b. m. (Ray)	4	3	4
Lamarck, Jr., b. h. (McMahon)	5	6	5
Sadie Colbert, b. m. (Shively)	5	6	5

Time—2.10½, 2.11½, 2.11.

2.07 pace, purse $2,000, 3 in 3.

Braden Direct, blk. h., by Baron Direct (Eagan)	1	8	1
Eddie Dillard, ch. h. (Snow)	3	1	3
Sunny Jim, ch. h. (Shively)	2	7	2
Don, ch. g. (Brown)	5	2	5
Kirby Star, b. m. (McMahon)	6	3	4
Ruth D., b. m. (Murphy)	4	6	8
Sarah Ann Patch, blk. m. (Cox)	7	5	7
Gold Seal, ch. m. (Kerr)	8	4	6
Ty Cobb, ch. g. (Colby)	dis		

Time—2.05¼, 2.07¼, 2.06¼.

2.12 trot, purse $1,000, 3 in 5.

Derby Boy, b. g., by Norval (McCarthy)	2	2	1	1	1
Dandy Wood, b. g. (J. Benyon)	3	3	2	2	2
Jack London, ch. g. (Murphy)	1	1	3	3	3
Redlac, Jr., blk. h. (Cox)	5	4	dis		
Fuzz Johnson, b. h. (Geers)	4	dis.			

Time—2.14¼, 2.10½, 2.11¼, 2.12¾, 2.-18

2.14 pace, purse $2,000, 3 in 5.

Pearl Patch, b. m., by Dan Patch (H. Gray)	2	1	1	1
Henry H., b. g., (Dean)	1	2	2	2
*Baron A., b. g., (Cox)	3	4	3	5
*The Assessor, b. g. (Geers)	5	3	4	3
Danish Girl, b. m. (Rodney)	4	5	5	4
Fanny D., b. g. (Dean)	6	6	6	dr
Alice K., b. m. (McMahon)	7	dis		

Time—2.07¼, 2.06¼, 2.11¾, 2.11¾.

*—Divided third money.

THE VOGUE OF RATINE

To say that ratine is merely a vogue very inadequately expresses the hold this rough surfaced material has upon us, although at present the price renders it prohibitive to the large public, a condition that one surmises may continue, for the charm of ratine is its quality. It is impossible to imagine a ratine that is not all wool or one brought out in any way under cheapened conditions.

As the pioneer of rough surfaced fabrics there could scarcely have been found one better assured of success, while the extraordinarily straight, apparently simple styles in vogue today are most happily attuned to such a material.

Eyes and voices are both alike often raised in expostulation over the price of dress materials today. But this is foolishness, since the whole essence of a successful creation depends primarily upon the superfine quality of the stuff employed—not quantity.

DIPHTHERIA EPIDEMIC NOT LIKELY NOW

According to Board of Health—Registrars of Voters at Work on New Voting Lists

The board of health held a special meeting this forenoon ostensibly for the purpose of discussing the several cases of diphtheria that have been reported within the last few days and incidentally to grant O. F. Prentiss leave to withdraw on his petition to build a stable in West Third street. Because of the fact that eight cultures taken this morning proved negative the board of health feels that there is no cause for alarm. All of the cases are huddled together or bunched, so to speak, and the board thinks that it has not spread beyond a few houses in Franklin street where it first made its appearance. There are only about twelve cases in all.

New Voting Lists

The registrars of voters are preparing a new voting list that must be ready by August 1. A law went into effect this year providing that boards of registrars of voters must notify all voters whose names do not appear on the list that their names have been dropped, the notices to be sent through the mails. This work was formerly done by city committees.

Housing Live Stock

Commissioner Cummings, Francis Connor, inspector of buildings, and Supt. Dowd of the charity department spent considerable time at the Chelmsford street hospital, yesterday, planning temporary arrangements for the housing of the live stock, including 22 cows and six horses and it was decided to house the animals, temporarily, in the carriage shed. The barn that was burned the other day will not be rebuilt until the insurance has been adjusted.

South Common Puddle

The pond on the South common is nothing more or less than a nusiance and something must be done to abate it. Commissioner Cummings says that the pond was cleaned out just before July 4, and that its condition at the present time is just as bad as before it was cleaned. Mr. Cummings says he will ask for money enough to put the place in shape for all time.

Edson Cemetery Bills

There is considerable money owed for the care of lots in the Edson cemetery and Commissioner Cummings will put all unpaid bills in the hands of the city treasurer this week and if he is unable to collect he will have the matter referred to the city solicitor for action.

Contagious Disease Hospital

Mayor O'Donnell says he is just as well pleased that nothing has been done towards the erection of a contagious disease hospital as the state is considering the advisability of taking over all hospitals for the care of tuberculosis.

At a meeting of the municipal council to be held July 23, the mayor will report on the question of a public sanitary, the council having left the matter with him.

GREAT BRITAIN IS RIGHT SAYS SENATOR ROOT

Claims Treaty Forbids Favor to the United States in Matter of Tolls

WASHINGTON, July 16.—Great Britain's protest that the United States has no right, under the Hay-Pauncefote treaty, to pass its own coastwise vessels free through the Panama canal, while it collects tolls from British and other foreign ships, found emphatic support in the senate yesterday.

Opening the fight over the Panama canal bills, sent to the senate by the house, in which the free provision is an important feature, Senators Burton of Ohio and Root of New York outlined the ground upon which the enemies of free American ships will fight their battle.

Both senators declared Great Britain had surrendered important rights at Panama, held under the former Clayton-Bulwer treaty, for the pledge of "equal treatment" to all ships, given by the United States in the existing Hay-Pauncefote treaty. The controversy hinges on the question of whether the United States, in its pledge to treat the ships of "all nations" equally, meant to include vessels owned by its own citizens.

Senator Root, former secretary of state, unreservedly declared that The Hague court would be called upon to settle the issue of the United States passed the bill with the free provision, which he characterized as "unjustifiable discrimination," against other nations. A decision against the United States by The Hague court, he said, would undoubtedly involve this country in the repayment of millions of dollars to the owners of foreign ships, which might have been taken in as tolls at the canal.

It was expected by the state department officials yesterday that the detailed British statement of protest to the canal legislation would arrive in New York within the next 48 hours. When it will reach Washington will depend upon whether Mr. Innes, the British charge, meets the mail steamer in New York and comes to Washington with his message, or whether it will be necessary for it to come to Secretary Knox by the way of Kineo, Me., the summer home of the British embassy.

The British argumentative statement will probably be submitted by President Taft to congress, perhaps accompanied by a special message.

Senator Burton declared his opposition, not only to the house provision for free passage of American coastwise craft, but to the senate committee's proposed exemption of vessels of American registry from tolls where the owners agree to dispose of them to the government in emergencies. He said the United States had demanded equality of access to waterways in other countries and there had been an understanding that the isthmian canal should be opened free and equal to all.

He said a clear enunciation of American policy was laid down after a controversy in 1888, when the United States, after threatening retaliation by a congressionally authorized proclamation, was accorded access to artificial waterways north of the Canadian boundary line on the same terms as the dominion citizens. He contended that American policy should not change like a kaleidoscope to suit changing interests. He agreed that an exception might be made in the interest of American warships.

SCHWARTZ CONFESSED HE KILLED CHILD

Father Told Him to Commit Suicide

NEW YORK, July 16.—Samuel Schwartz, father of Nathan Schwartz, the young man wanted by the police in connection with the murder of the child Julia Conners in the Bronx last week acknowledged today in a statement made to Assistant Dist. Atty. Nott that his son had confessed to him that he had killed the child and that he had told his son to go out and commit suicide. The father, in his statement, said he believed the boy did as he was told.

Schwartz and four members of his family were summoned as witnesses before the grand jury which today took up the investigation of the murder.

The latest information of the police was that the younger Schwartz was out of the state.

He has been missing since the day following that on which the crime was committed. The child's body was found on the morning of July 7 in a vacant lot and bore 36 wounds, evidently made by a stiletto. It was established by the police that the little girl was lured to a vacant apartment in a house near the lot in which her body was found. In investigating the case the police on discovering that Schwartz was missing looked up his record and found that he was on parole after serving part of an indeterminate sentence imposed in 1910 for a crime against a 14-year-old girl. They sought his indictment today before the grand jury, partly as the basis for extradition proceedings in the event of his arrest in another state.

Trousers look, wear, stay in shape better—Use the "IRONLESS," $1.50.

Frightful Polar Winds

blow with terrific force at the far north and play havoc with the skin, causing red, rough or sore chapped hands and lips, that need Bucklen's Arnica Salve to heal them. It makes the skin soft and smooth. Unrivaled for cold sores, also burns, boils, sores, ulcers, cuts, bruises and piles. Only 25 cents at A. W. Dows & Co.

BRIGHT, SEARS & CO.
WYMAN'S EXCHANGE
Bankers and Brokers
SECOND FLOOR

TODAY'S STOCK MARKET

NEW YORK MARKET

Stocks	High	Low	Close
Amal Copper	82½	81⅞	82⅛
Am Car & Fn	57¼	57	57
Am Locomo	41½	41½	41½
Am Smelt & R	82½	82	82⅛
Am Sugar Rfn	128¼	127½	128¼
Anaconda	40¾	40½	40¾
Atchison	108⅛	107⅞	107⅞
Balt & Ohio	109	109	109
Balt & O pf	87⅞	87⅞	87⅞
Br Rap Tran	92¾	92⅛	92⅛
Canadian Pa	266	265¾	266
C I Pipe pf	58¾	58¾	58¾
Cent Leather	26¾	26¾	26¾
Ches & Ohio	80¾	79¾	80
Col Fuel	30	29¾	30
Consol Gas	145	144¾	144¾
Den & R G pf	35½	35½	35½
Dis Secur Co	31⅞	31⅞	31⅞
Erie	34⅝	34⅛	34⅛
Erie 1st pf	52¼	51¾	52¼
Erie 2d pf	42	42	42
Gen Elec	178⅛	177¼	178½
Gt North pf	136½	135¾	136
Gt N Ore ctf	43	43	43
Illinois Cen	129¾	129	129¾
Int Met Com	20⅛	20⅛	20⅛
Int Met pf	58½	58¼	58¼
Int Paper pf	57	57	57
I S Pump pf	91	90	91
Kan City So	25	25	25
K City So pf	58½	58½	58½
Kan & Texas	26¾	26⅝	26⅞
Louis & Nash	160¼	159⅞	159⅞
Missouri Pa	36½	36¼	36¾
Nat Lead	57½	57½	57½
N Y Central	114½	114⅛	114⅛
Nor & West	117	116½	116⅞
No Am Co	82⅛	82⅛	82⅛
North Pacific	120½	120	120
Pennsylvania	123⅞	123½	123¾
People's Gas	116⅞	115	116⅝
Ry St Sp Co	35¼	34½	35¼
Reading	163¾	162½	162¾
Rep Iron & S	26¾	26½	26½
Rep I & S pf	85	84⅛	85
Rock Is	23⅞	23¾	23⅝
Rock Is pf	48½	47¾	47¾
St Paul	101⅞	100½	101
So Pacific	109½	109	109½
Southern Ry	29	28¾	29
Southern Ry pf	77¼	76¾	77⅛
Tenn Copper	42¾	42	42¾
Union Pacific	166¼	165¾	165¾
U S Rub	50½	50½	50½
U S Rub pf	106¾	106¾	106¾
U S Steel	69¾	69	69¼
U S Steel pf	112¼	111⅝	111⅝
Utah Copper	61½	61	61⅛
Wabash R R	4½	4½	4½
Wab R R pf	14½	14¼	14½
Westinghouse	77½	76¾	76¾
Western Un	53⅛	53	53⅛

Cotton Futures

	Opening	Close
July	11.95	12.00
August	11.96	12.00
September	12.07	12.11
October	12.16	12.22
November		12.25
December	12.27	12.29
January	12.28	12.29
February		12.33
March	12.39	12.30
May	12.47	12.49

LITTLE CHANGE

IN THE PRICES OF ACTIVE STOCKS TODAY

Several of the Low Priced Issues Advanced Considerably—Other Features of the Day's Trading

NEW YORK, July 16.—Great Northern pfd was the feature of a fairly strong opening in stocks today with an initial gain of a point which it soon increased. Other strong issues were U. P., Reading, Amalgamated, National Lead and Steel, the last opening with a block of 4000 shares at a gain of ⅝.

Prices reacted after the reopening but speedily recovered, Steel, Amalgamated, Reading, Erie first pfd., Western Union and Consolidated Gas all scoring one point gains.

Further improvement was made by stocks in the early part of today's session. As on the previous day the movement embraced a majority of the speculative favorites, nearly all of which lost at least a point, with Great Northern pfd. the conspicuous feature.

Atlantic Coast line and such specialties as Central Leather, American Malting pfd., Biscuit, Harvester and Pacific Telephone made material gains at midday while Long Island, Rock Island pfd., Tenn. Copper and Standard Milling were down 1 to 2½ points.

No price changes of note occurred in the late afternoon except a decline of two points in Snuff and one point in Underwood Typewriter while railroad steel spring advanced 1¾.

The market closed steady. There was little fluctuation in the prices of the active stocks though several of the low priced issues advanced considerably.

Money Market

NEW YORK, July 16.—Prime mercantile paper 4¼@4½. Sterling exchange firm at 485 for 60 day bills and at 487.55 for demand. Commercial bills 484¾. Bar silver 60½. Mexican dollars 48. Government bonds steady. Railroad bonds steady.

Money on call steady, ruling rate 2, last loan 2¾, closing bid 2⅝, offered at 2¾.

Time loans steady, 60 days 3¾, 90 days 3½@3¾, six months 4¼@4½.

Boston Market

BOSTON, July 16.—There was only a slight response by local copper stocks during the early trading today to the rise in the price of copper. Trading continued along narrow lines and in small lots.

Exchanges and Balances

BOSTON, July 16.—Exchanges $38,655,909; balances $1,502,183.

BOSTON MARKET

Stocks	High	Low	Close
Adventure	8	7¾	7¾
Allouez	45	44½	44½
Am Ag Chem Com	61½	61	61½
Am Pneumatic	4¼	4	4
Am Pneu pf	18	18	18
Am Woolen pf	90	90	90
American Zinc	30½	30½	30½
Arcadian	3½	3½	3½
Arizona Com	5⅝	5½	5¾
Boston & Albany	218	218	218
Bos & Corbin	7½	7½	7½
Boston & Maine	97	97	97
Cal & Arizona	74½	74	74
Cal & Hecla	525	515	515
Copper Range	57	56½	56½
Fitchburg pf	125½	125½	125½
Franklin	11	11	11
Granby	53¼	53	53
Greene-Cananea	9⅞	9¾	9¾
Indiana	17	16½	16⅞
Isle Royale	35	34¾	34¾
Lake Copper	34¾	34⅛	34⅛
Mass Electric	19¼	19¼	19¼
Mass Gas	88½	88½	88½
Mass Gas pf	96	96	96
Miami Cop	28	27¾	28
Michigan	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛
Mohawk	66½	66	66½
Nevada	20¼	20¼	20¼
New Eng Tel	152	151½	152
Newhouse Mines	70	69	70
North Butte	31¾	30¾	30¾
Old Dominion	57	56	56
Osceola	117	115	115
Quincy	89¾	88	88½
Shannon	16⅞	16½	16⅝
Superior Copper	47¾	47	47¼
Swift & Co	105	105	105
Tamarack	40	38	40
United Fruit	200	200	200
United Sh M	52	51	51¾
U S Smelting	44¾	44½	44⅝
U S Smelting pf	50	49⅞	49⅞
Utah Cons	11½	11	11
Wolverine	108	108	108

BOSTON CURB MARKET

Stocks	High	Low	Close
Amal Nev	4c	4c	4c
Bay State Gas	23c	23c	23c
Cactus	10c	10c	10c
Davis-Ely	2½	2½	2½
First National	1⅞	1⅞	1⅞
Goldfield Cons	4	4	4
La Rose	3¼	3⅛	3⅛
Majestic	45c	42c	45c
Nev Douglas	3¾	3¾	3¾
Ohio Copper	31c	30c	30c

MILITARY CONTESTS AT THE STADIUM

Brilliant Scene at the Olympic Games

STOCKHOLM, July 16.—The stadium, in which most of the field and track events of the Olympic games were decided, underwent during the night a complete transformation. Today it was found to be planted with hydrangeas and other bright flowers and studded with hedges, barred gates, and walls which had displaced the cinder path, the jumping pits and gymnastic apparatus.

A brilliant audience packed the banks of seats around the arena shortly before 1 o'clock. At that hour a long cavalcade of officers who were to compete in the military riding events entered the stadium. In their brilliant uniforms the representatives of the armies of ten nations lined up in front of the royal box and saluted the king and queen and the other members of the royal family.

As soon as they had given their military greeting the competitions were started with soldierly precision.

The fourth event, the prize jumping, in the military riding competition comprising a distance ride, a cross country ride, an individual steeplechase ride, prize jumping and prize riding, was completed in the afternoon, and at its conclusion Germany occupied first place with 118.20 points, and the United States was second with 117.49.

CITY OF BOSTON

ENJOINED FROM SIGNING CONTRACT WITH WELLS BROS. CO.

BOSTON, July 16.—The city of Boston was enjoined today from signing a contract with Wells Bros. Co. of New York for the building of an addition to the city hall on the grounds that the names of the sub-contractors had not been disclosed. Judge Loring of the supreme court issued the injunction. The bid of Wells Bros. was $716,000.

JOHN GLEASON

TO BEGIN A NEW SUIT AGAINST MRS. THAW

NEW YORK, July 16.—John B. Gleason, one of the lawyers who defended Harry K. Thaw for the murder of Stanford White, is about to institute a new suit against Mrs. Mary Thaw for services rendered in the defence of her son.

CARL BUENZ APPOINTED

HAMBURG, July 16.—Carl Buenz, formerly German consul general at New York, afterward German minister to Mexico and later German representative on the board of administration of the Turkish public debt, was appointed today to be the representative in New York for the Hamburg American S. S. Co.

Health and Beauty Advice

BY MRS. MAE MARTYN

Alea M.: A plain quinzoin hair-tonic will quickly stop the irritation and soothe your tender scalp. To prepare, pour 1 ounce quinzoin into ½ pint alcohol and to this add ½ pint water. Using this quinzoin tonic regularly banishes dandruff and excess oiliness, makes the scalp healthy and induces an abundant growth of even-colored, fluffy, brilliant hair.

Myrn S.: I know you feel uncomfortable carrying around so much fat this hot weather, but if you dissolve 4 ounces parnotis in 1½ pints hot water and take a tablespoonful before meals you will soon regain your former weight and shapely figure. The parnotis treatment is quite harmless and dissolves the fat without any present or future ill effects. After your weight is where you want it, your flesh will be solid and the skin free from wrinkles. Then, too, this method does not call for dieting or violent exercise.

Bride: The skin on your hands and face will be of a velvety softness and free from blemish if you apply each day a plain almozoin cream-jelly made by adding 1 ounce almozoin to ½ pint cold water in which has been stirred 2 teaspoonfuls glycerine. This cream-jelly is elegant for ridding the skin of pimples, blackheads, freckles, lines and that "muddy" condition. It also rounds out hollows and lends a charming tint and youth-look to prematurely aged skins. You will find the almozoin cream-jelly far superior to anything you ever used, and it positively will not grow hairs.

Ethel: Use a delatone paste and you will be quickly rid of those annoying hairs. With some water mix enough powdered delatone to cover the hairs not wanted. Apply, and after 2 or 3 minutes rub off and wash the skin. This removes every trace of hair and leaves the skin firm and smooth.

Mrs. Bob—Straggly eyebrows can be made to come in thick and silky if pyroxin be applied occasionally with forefinger. For short lashes, apply pyroxin at lash roots with forefinger and thumb and they will come in long and curly. Be careful and don't get any pyroxin where no hair is wanted.

Edith: Aching eye-muscles do not indicate a pressing need for glasses. Try this harmless eye tonic and I am sure you will find prompt relief: In 1 pint clear, cold water dissolve 1 ounce erystos, then each day put 2 or 3 drops of this in the eyes. The erystos eye-tonic is especially nice for granulated lids and to remove foreign particles. To dull eyes it gives a delightful sparkle and expression.

Aledo: Perspiration will not cause your hair to become "mussy" and unmanagcable if you shampoo frequently with canthrox. Just dissolve a teaspoonful of canthrox in a cup hot water and you will have sufficient mixture for a thorough cleansing. Canthrox creates a wealth of thick, creamy lather that gently and completely removes every atom of dust, dandruff and excess oil. Its use keeps the scalp clean and healthy and insures an abundance of brilliant hair, even in color and of a soft, silken fluff. After a canthrox shampoo the hair dries quickly and is easy to do up in any style.

Mrs. R. M.: You must discard powder and greasy creams, because these clog the pores and cause the skin to grow rough, blotchy, oily and freckled. Using this simple, inexpensive lotion will soon clear your skin and give to it that delightful youth-tint so much admired. Into ½ pint witch hazel (or hot water) stir 2 teaspoonfuls glycerine, then add 4 ounces spurmax. Apply sparingly to the skin and rub lightly until dry. The spurmax lotion is invisible when on and imparts a velvety smoothness to the skin. It is especially fine for hot weather, because perspiration does not spot it, nor does it rub off.

O. L. R.: Your system craves a cleanser and tonic. Into ½ pint alcohol pour 1 ounce kardene, then add ½ cupful sugar and hot water to make a quart. A tablespoonful before meals is the dose, and a course of this treatment will eliminate all poisons from the body, build up waste, worn tissues and give to you full health, strength and energy. This tonic is particularly good for lost appetite and that tired, "all-gone" feeling. Keeping the kardene tonic handy for emergency use often avoids serious sickness and doctor's bills.

BLEW HIS HEAD OFF AGED MAN A SUICIDE

He Placed Dynamite in His Mouth

BROCKTON, July 16.—John Norman, 72, committed suicide today at his home in West Bridgewater by blowing his head off with dynamite. Norman sat on his bed, placed the dynamite in his mouth and held a fuse to the stick till the explosion came.

The shock overturned the stove in an adjoining room, blew out several panes of glass and blew the pictures from the walls. Parts of the victim's head were scattered for many feet from the scene of the accident, portions being found on the front lawn.

A PROTEST

AGAINST PROVISION IN PANAMA CANAL BILL.

BOSTON, July 16.—A protest against the provision in the Panama canal bill excluding railroad owned vessels in the canal was despatched to Massachusetts senators in Washington today by the directors of the port of Boston and by President Mellen of the New York, New Haven & Hartford road.

The port directors state that the regular coastwise lines are now owned or controlled by railroads and it is desirable that the traffic on the Atlantic coast should be extended to the Pacific, especially in the extension of the New England trade.

President Mellen says there is shortly coming to pass "a situation wherein the commercial interests of New England and Boston, especially, are going to be seriously affected unfavorably unless we can operate steamers between Pacific coast points and Boston."

LUMBER BARGE ON FIRE

CLEVELAND, O., July 16.—A lumber barge is afire in Lake Erie just off Rocky River inlet, eight miles west of this city. Two tugs are nearing the barge and will be able to take off the crew if necessary, it is believed.

U. S. FOREIGN COMMERCE

WASHINGTON, July 16.—Foreign commerce of the United States for the fiscal year 1909 was greater than ever before, new high records being established for both imports and exports. The value of merchandise entering free of duty also reached an unprecedented total.

The year's trade figures made public today by the common and labor departments bureau of statistics shows that the imports were $1,653,426,174 and the exports $2,204,222,055 in value. Imports exceeded the former high record, that of 1910, by about $100,000,000.

HEAVY RAINFALL

JACKSONVILLE, Fla., July 16.—Heavy rainfall without damage of any consequence was the only evidence here this morning of the storm which has been threatening the South Atlantic seaboard.

REAR END COLLISION OF FREIGHT TRAINS

Occurred at School St. Crossing This Morning But No One Was Injured

A rear-end collision of two extra freight trains occurred on the Boston and Maine railroad, directly underneath the new School street bridge at 8.27 o'clock this morning. Fortunately no one was injured.

The exact cause of the accident is not known, but it seems that the first train, running under the number 2424, which was extra from East Fitchburg, had slackened up upon reaching the bridge and that the other train, which traveled under the number 1496, as an extra from Westboro, was coming along at a fair rate of speed.

The engineer on the latter train threw the emergency breaks on, but as he could not bring his train to a stop the engine struck the caboose and raised the latter to the bridge. The roof of the buggy was badly damaged as a result of its coming in contact with the girders of the bridge. After the collision the engine when right under the car, or in the railroad vernacular, it was telescoped.

The first train was in charge of Conductor Barnes and was going to Salem, while the other was in charge of Conductor W. Decker and its destination was Mystic Junction. Both conductors held a conference and decided to back the engine out from under the caboose. This was done and the wreck crew was summoned to the scene. A dispatch was also sent to Mystic Junction and the steam derrick and crew left there at 9.50 o'clock and arrived at the scene of the collision at 10.20.

In moving the engine from under the damaged car, the latter turned turtle. The men while awaiting the arrival of the derrick directed their attention to removing the broken parts of the car and clearing the rail so that other trains might pass. The collision occurred on the main line, and it delayed travel considerably.

All the inbound trains were run over the south bound track, while the car was resting over the tracks. Upon the arrival of the crews the engine was detached from the train, and the work of replacing the caboose back on the rails was started. After the separation of the damaged buggy, both trains were made up and then started for their destination.

Agent Taft was an early arrival on the scene and he directed the progress of the work. It was some time before the track was cleared, the men, with the assistance of the derrick, working about four hours straightening out matters.

The caboose is a total wreck, the roof being caved in, and all the running paraphernalia being put out of commission.

Those who were in the vicinity at the time and heard the crash hurried to the scene. All were agreeably surprised to learn that none was injured, but it is miraculous how all escaped from the accident without injury.

Other Trains Late

The 10.33 train into the depot was 25 minutes late and the 11.06, 15 minutes behind schedule, before reaching the School street bridge, and both were delayed there a few minutes. Heavy travel is given as the cause of the lateness.

STEAMER LOST

BUT ALL ON BOARD WERE SAVED

NEW YORK, July 16.—The excursion steamer Rosedale, plying between New York and Rockaway beach, is reported to have sunk off Rockaway beach. All on board are reported saved.

LOWELL POLICE

DEFEATED SALEM POLICE IN GAME TODAY

The Lowell police baseball team went to Salem today and met the police team of that city. The Lowell team won by a score of 41 to 2.

BEAUTIFUL HANDS AND ARMS

A FAMOUS BEAUTY GIVES HER SECRET TO THE WORLD

A Free Prescription You Can Prepare at Your Own Home

Many women take perfect care of their face and clothes, yet neglect their hands. Rough, red hands are almost as unattractive as ill-kept teeth.

It is a simple, easy matter to keep your hands smooth and beautiful. The following prescription, which you can compound at your own home, is famous for the marvelous, instantaneous result it gives:

Get from your druggist one ounce of Kulux Compound. Put it in a two-ounce bottle, add quarter of an ounce of witch hazel, fill with water and shake well.

You will be surprised at the result when applied to your hands, arms or neck. Blemishes of every kind disappear as if by magic. Freckles, tan, rough skin, coarse pores, yield instantly to this application. This is the private prescription of a famous Parisian beauty.

RUSSELL CASE

"FRESNO DAN" GIVES FURTHER ACCOUNT OF HIS MOVEMENTS

CAMBRIDGE, July 16.—Additional details of his recent movements were recited by the Fresno, Cal., claimant to the estate of Daniel Russell at the masters hearing today of the petition of the Dickinson, N. D., claimant.

The Fresno claimant is the one recognized by the Russell family as the rightful and joint heir to the property with William G. Russell, another son.

In his testimony today, he said that since his re-appearance in Melrose two years ago he had been living at the Russell house and that he had received $1200 for his expenses.

He admitted that he asked for his portion of the estate which he understood amounted to $200,000 but that he had been told to wait.

SENATOR BAILEY

ATTACKED PRES. TAFT FOR ATTITUDE IN LORIMER CASE

WASHINGTON, July 16.—Senator Bailey attacked President Taft roundly on the floor of the senate today for his attitude on the Lorimer case, which the Texas senator characterized as "officious and meddlesome." He was referring to the president's expressions on the case in pre-convention speeches and letters to Col. Roosevelt.

THE DRUGGISTS

TO HAVE OUTING AT BASS POINT TOMORROW

Don't be sick tomorrow, for the druggists of the city are going to close shop and enjoy an outing at Bass Point. They will go to the popular resort for an afternoon's recreation.

The stores will close at 11.45 o'clock, and the druggists will then meet in Merrimack square, where they will board special cars and proceed to the Relay house at Bass Point, where dinner will be served. After dinner they will repair to the ball field and play a six inning game. Other sports will also be held and suitable prizes will be given the winners. The prizes were all donated for the affair. The Eastern Drug company, Gilman Bros. and Carter, Carter & Meigs, wholesalers of Boston, gave pipes and other prizes, while R. G. Sullivan sent 500 7-26-4 cigars for the affair.

The return home will be made in the evening.

MORE BANK EXAMINERS

WASHINGTON, July 16.—Because national bank failures have been frequent recently Comptroller of the Currency Murray will increase the number of national bank examiners in all parts of the country.

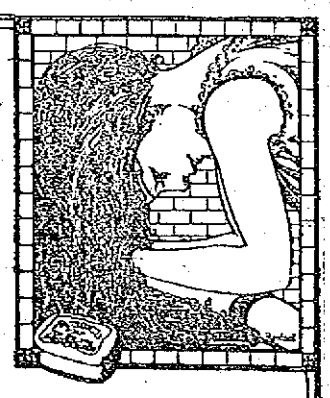
In New York today he appointed H. E. Pollard of the Mechanics and Metals National bank, an additional examiner for the jurisdiction.

35 Evans Street, Buffalo, N. Y., June 6, 1911.

"I was troubled with dandruff, which caused such severe itching that I could not sleep. It sifted onto my clothes in a very annoying way, and my hair began to disappear.

"Having tried many remedies without success, I finally bought a fifty-cent jar of Resinol Ointment, and rubbed it on my scalp twice a week, washing the hair every morning with Resinol Soap. In about a week I was entirely cured."

(Signed) FRED POLITO.



Resinol stops dandruff, itching scalp and loss of hair

Shampoo regularly with Resinol Soap. Its soothing, healing balsams insure a healthy scalp, free from dandruff and itching. This prevents loss of hair and permits its natural growth and beauty. Besides, Resinol Soap is one of the very few soaps that contains no alkali—always so drying and destructive to the hair.

In severe cases of dandruff, scalp-crusts and falling hair, a little Resinol Ointment should be gently massaged into the scalp at night, followed by a shampoo with Resinol Soap in the morning.

Sample free: Your druggist sells Resinol Soap (25c) and Resinol Ointment (50c) and recommends them not only for the cure of the hair, but for all sorts of skin troubles, pimples, blackheads, sores, boils, burns, or severe cuts, poison ivy, eczema, and itching piles. For free samples of each write to Dept. 8C, Resinol Chem. Co., Baltimore, Md.

MR.. KENNGOTT'S BOOK

Continued

the social and industrial conditions of foreigners here is all wrong.

Rev. Mr. Kenngott does not seem to understand the ambition to rise to better conditions that inspires all these people, for he says:

"The Greeks have driven the Irish from the 'Acre' and have opened their attack on 'Little Canada.' Whoever holds these two strategic centres wins in the economic conflict even though it may be at the cost of health, comfort, life itself."

Thus he represents the Irish and the French as fighting to hold the "Acre" and "Little Canada," or in other words to cling to the worst home conditions whereas they are both

Doing Exactly the Opposite

and have been for years. They long ago deserted the "Acre" and "Little Canada" almost entirely and were glad of the ability to do so. If some later class of immigrants had not come to occupy the tenements most of them would now be empty. So far as the Irish and French are concerned any class is welcome to these districts.

That it is necessary to turn the "slums" inside out, as Mr. Kenngott has tried to do, we deny. We deny also that his work in this respect will bring about a remedy, for the remedies he suggests have been proposed long ago, partly by the press and partly by other clergymen. In this respect he has no original idea to offer. The Sun has repeatedly advocated a greater diversity of industries and better homes for the people who reside in the congested districts, while Mr. Kenngott's other remedies—no-license and the application of the gospel to make Lowell a "holy city"—have been advocated by clergymen for a generation past.

But our chief aim in this article is to show that Mr. Kenngott's book

Is Not Suitable

for use in the schools. In our judgment, no book should be used in the schools—

(1) IF IT MISREPRESENTS, MALIGNS OR DISPARAGES THE CITY OF LOWELL.

(2) IF IT WOULD INSTIL RACE PREJUDICE OR STIR UP SOCIAL HOSTILITY TO ANY CLASS.

(3) IF IT GIVES THE SLIGHTEST SUGGESTION OF IMMORALITY IN ANY FORM.

Now if we can show a single line in the entire book offending against any of these three principles, then the book should not be adopted in the schools.

As we do not know what action the school board will take in regard to the matter, let us assume that the book has been introduced and let us then select from its pages a few of the "salutary" lessons which may be chosen for the instruction and moral guidance of the pupils:—

LESSON NO. 1—Kenngott On Church Going (Page 200)

"There are seventy churches. Over fifty of them (non-Catholic) are seeking to satisfy the religious needs of about one-fourth of the population, while eighteen (Roman Catholic, Greek Orthodox and Jewish) are doing the same for the remaining three-fourths of the population. The fact is, however, that there are many so-called Catholics who rarely go to church and there are many non-Catholics who have no church affiliations. An average of scarcely one-fourth of the Protestant population goes to church and the rest of the population does little better. Christmas and Easter may attract larger congregations, but, perhaps, not more worshippers. This does not mean that the people of Lowell are less religious than in the early days, though the forms and ceremonies of religion may have less influence than formerly."

If there is any phase of life in Lowell on which Rev. Mr. Kenngott should be an authority, surely it is church-going, for he has had the very best opportunities of observing it throughout the city; and hence, when he errs on this what can we expect of his conclusions on other matters with which he is less familiar? This whole paragraph is calculated to persuade the reader that Lowell is

An Irreligious City

that while we have many churches, the people pay little attention to them, which in spite of Dr. Kenngott's opinion is very far from the truth.

Here is a statement, however, that is so palpably false, at least as regards what he terms "the rest of the population," that it indicates gross ignorance of the facts:—

"An average of scarcely one-fourth of the Protestant population goes to church and the rest of the population does little better."

If 75 per cent of the people do not go to church the inference is that they do not belong to any church but to the various non-church going classes such as heathens, infidels, agnostics, free lovers and societies or bands of anarchists, who deplore both God and man. What respectable family, think you, dear reader, would care to live in such a city? Is a publication like this, even if true, calculated to help a city? But

We Assert That It Is False

and a calumny upon Lowell and her people. Fully 90 per cent of the Catholic people of our city attend church regularly and the other Christian bodies are good average church goers. The Jews are noted for their devotion to their religion in Lowell.

If instead of working for the last fifteen years on this book in order to secure a degree from Harvard, Dr. Kenngott had labored with the people to induce them to attend church more regularly, surely he could have changed the situation, particularly among those for whose religious guidance he is morally responsible.

LESSON NO. 2—Kenngott on the Lowell Hotels (Page 199)

"Several months ago, on a Sunday, between the hours of 7 a. m. and 9 p. m., over a thousand men were counted as they went into a 'hotel' which had no proper facilities for furnishing meals and had only a few rooms for lodging. Other 'hotels' were found, which had no cooking apparatus in order, whose 'cook' was always sick when called for, and whose 'menu' consisted of a small quantity of pigs' feet, old ham, dried beef and mouldy cheese. The 'Sunday dinner' consisted of a small sandwich, that had served many another customer, and was dry and hard. Several of the hotels gained a bad reputation as houses of assignation. Bottled liquor was sold by these hotels openly on Sundays and legal holidays, to be drunk off the premises. The police board sought to stifle criticism by its arbitrary acts and the liquor laws were declared to be better observed in the breach than in the enforcement."

We are not going to defend the hotels for any breach of the liquor law. We never did so and never defended the liquor business anywhere. We wish the people who are in it were out of it for their own good, but our credulity is seriously taxed in swallowing the statement that one thousand people entered any of the twelve hotels to which he refers, between 7 a. m. and 9 p. m. on a Sunday.

If 1000 entered one hotel in fourteen hours on a Sunday, we are justified in assuming that in the seventeen hours from 6 a. m. to 11 p. m. the number was over 1200. But no hotel had a monopoly of the Sunday liquor business. Indeed the patronage was then and is now pretty equally divided so that if 1200 entered one hotel during business hours on Sunday, then doubtless about the same number entered each of the eleven other hotels referred to by Mr. Kenngott, making in all 14,400, or more than half the adult male population of the city; for the assessed polls in Lowell in 1909 numbered but 26,460

Is it a fact that over half the men of Lowell visited the hotels on Sunday for drink, or is Mr Kenngott's statement a gross exaggeration? The reputation of Lowell is involved in the answer to this question.

As to the hotels or any of them being now or having been houses of assignation, keeping a supply of loose women to be furnished on demand or receiving such women to fill engagements

For Immoral Purposes

we find the charge branded by those who know, as absolutely false. Lowell has been noted for the absence of disorderly houses and we are informed by police authorities that no place of the kind ever ran more than three months in this city without being cleaned out by the police.

The Lowell hotels, we understand, are conducted at least as well as the hotels of other cities throughout the state, and while none of them can be called first class yet we believe they are as good as can be found in the average city like Lowell and a good deal more respectable than those found in almost any other manufacturing city of the state.

But the fact remains that a great many people who do not know the author except by reputation as a clergyman and a sociologist honored by Harvard college, will naturally accept his statements as true. Thus the

Reputation of Our City

is injured and we might expect that no self-respecting person who believed this charge against the hotels could enter one of them without a sense of shame and degradation.

Will it be any wonder, then, if strangers and especially commercial travelers do not care to stop overnight in our hotels since this reputation has been sent out over the state by Dr. Kenngott in his book and in the papers by which it was so favorably reviewed?

How would this lesson serve for the delectation of the school children? How would the teachers like to explain what it all means or how would the parents of the children like to have them read such a lesson? Of course the children, like a great many others, would be inclined to believe implicitly the author's statements, knowing that they are made by a clergyman and a sociologist whose deductions the Courier-Citizen, without going into particulars, says are "scientific" and of course correct.

But in regard to the reliability of statements made by some clergymen, we might here remark that the late Rev. Dr. Dana once made a statement in his pulpit that a certain saloon was the hell of Lowell, and when the reverend doctor was called upon to prove the charge, he simply said he knew nothing about the saloon in question except

What He Had Heard.

Some people, not excluding clergymen, are inclined to believe everything they hear, but that is a very dangerous practice especially for a sociologist, and certainly one that is not scientific.

LESSON NO. 3—Kenngott Quotes Disparaging Article On Lowell (Page 25)

"An article on 'Lowell' in the 'Report of Enquiry' by the London board of trade on the 'Cost of Living in American towns,' has this to say:

"'The importance of the city is directly derived from its manufactures, its commercial and financial activities being of small account. The centre of the largest enterprises is exercised almost entirely from Boston, and it is from that city that the goods manufactured are sold and distributed. These facts react upon the appearance of Lowell, which is characterized by an absence of large office buildings, the small commercial and professional business which the city transacts being concentrated mainly in two streets, which also form the chief shopping thoroughfares. Unless it be the imposing line of mills on the water front, seen to good advantage from the bridge, there is little in Lowell to impress the ordinary visitor. Some of the residential portions of the city, are, however, very attractive, thanks chiefly to the abundance of trees, while the surrounding country, particularly along the Merrimack valley, is of marked beauty.'"

This is quoted by the author from a report belittling our city and its "two business streets"; but Dr. Kenngott may consider it complimentary as he does not say whether it is just or unjust. Wouldn't this be a very fine conception of the city of Lowell to have impressed upon the minds of our school children? Why should a disparaging view by a foreign delegation be sent down to future generations without a word of criticism or explanation?

We may say here that when the London writer came to Lowell Rev. Mr. Kenngott was one of the gentlemen from whom he sought reliable information.

LESSON NO. 4—Kenngott On the Blight Of Lowell (Pages 225-8)

"The textile corporations have sold their tenements and boarding houses. Rents have been doubled and trebled; the native Americans have moved into the suburbs or gone to other cities; the foreigners from the far east have crowded into these once happy homes and transformed them into caravansaries. The mill agents no longer control or supervise these houses to any great extent; the corporation streets, once well cared for, have no master and have become the dumping ground for the refuse of a teeming population. The Greeks crowd the French-Canadians; the French-Canadians the Irish, the Irish the native Americans, each earlier race giving way before the lower standard of living of the latter.

"The profits of the textile corporations flow largely into the pockets of absentee landlords, and the wages of the employes, after supplying the barest necessities, go in foreign remittance to the friends across the sea."

Oh! what a wail. Alas! for the "native" American about to be crowded off the earth by the horde of foreigners, "the refuse of a teeming population." Really if it were not for the beautiful science of sociology and this prophet who has lifted his head in our midst, we should never have dreamed of [illegible] calamities. Why no[illegible] have the school children commit this lesson to memory as a sociological concept of local conditions?

LESSON NO. 5—Kenngott On the Battle Of Standards (Page 102)

"Each new alien race has brought a lower standard of living. This has shown itself in the overcrowding of tenements, in the use of cheap and often insufficient food, and in the absence of the simplest comforts of life. Each new alien race under the impulse of larger wages here than in the homeland spends much of its energy in reproduction, until, becoming acquainted with the high standards of the new land, it raises its standard, only to be in turn assailed by a new race with again a lower standard; and so the battle of the standards continues. Thus at present, the Greeks, receiving in actual wages five times as much as in their own land, where they lived as farmer or shepherd, are beating at the gates of the French-Canadians, who have steadily raised their standard of life. Each race withholds its increase under the depressing influence of newcomers."

Can it be that Dr. Kenngott is opposed to large families, while one of his brother ministers, but a few days ago, urged as a reason for resigning, the fact that while the membership of his church is exposed to the rapacity of death, there is no adequate reimbursements by birth or migration? Unrestricted reproduction is a baneful custom in the opinion of some writers, and we can see wherein the Malthusian theory might be promoted by having it impressed upon

The Minds of School Children

so that the latter when grown up may not fall into what some reformers would call the grievous mistake of having large families.

But we would respectfully ask Dr. Kenngott what would ultimately happen to Lowell if the aliens were kept out and if at the same time those who are already here practiced the Malthusian policy under the improved methods of race suicide? Verily we do not see much room for discussion as to the comparative merits of a large family and no family at all.

Lest we should be misunderstood we might state that Rev. Robert Malthus, who lived several hundred years ago in England, alarmed the nation at the prospect of impending doom as a result of the population increasing faster than the food supply obtained from the soil. He laid down rules for reducing the number of children. He did not realize that the English people by their commercial enterprise could draw supplies from every quarter of the globe. Had the Britons followed the teachings of Malthus, England as a nation would long ago have vanished from the earth. For this reason we would calm Rev. Dr. Kenngott's fears in regard to the dangers of "reproduction" as we know that although many families do live in poverty yet they are gradually rising to better conditions and the time will come when the children of the foreigners now so much dreaded will be

The Mainstay of the State

and the men most ready to give their lives if necessary in defense of the American flag.

LESSON NO. 6—Kenngott On the Instability Of Our Population (Page 233)

"The very fact that the city is so dependent on the cotton mills with their low wages, has led to a great mobility of population. The procession on Merrimack street on a Saturday night is but an index of the procession to and from the city. That scarcely one-seventh of the entire population are voters is another indication of the same instability of the inhabitants, who do not stay long enough to gain a residence and become voters. Many have no interest in the city except to draw nourishment from its mills. When the cotton mills fail, shut down, shorten hours, or reduce wages, the employes must either suffer and wait, or move on to some other city, for few doors of opportunity for remunerative labor open before them in this city. For that reason, few of the operatives in the mills buy or build homes, which would serve to anchor them and make them less mobile."

Everybody in Lowell knows that on Saturday night in good weather the procession on Merrimack street includes a mass of people passing to and fro as closely as they can crowd on the sidewalks, and Mr. Kenngott tells us that this is an index of the procession to and from the city, implying of course, that as soon as the people and foreigners too, arrive here and look around for awhile they move out to Lawrence, New Bedford, Fall River or some other mill cities, any of which this author by implication sets above the city of Lowell. But let us examine his statements that the mobility of the population is shown by the alleged fact that scarcely one-seventh of the entire population are voters.

The population of Lowell is 106,294. One-seventh of that number is 15,184, and the voting list at our last election showed 15,507 voters. But our author may say that he dealt with the population of the city and the voting list of 1909. The population in 1909, according to the previous census was 94,889 while the number of voters then was 15,466, or 1911 more than one-seventh, whereas Dr. Kenngott says the number of voters is less than one-seventh.

The board of health in 1909 estimated the population at 96,380. Even with that population the voters are 1098 more than one-seventh of the whole, so that Mr. Kenngott in this statement is wrong no matter how he may twist the figures. But neither the press outside Lowell nor the department of ethics at Harvard knows anything of these misstatements which seriously misrepresent and tend to injure our city. Our school children should not be taught what is false and misleading.

In point of stability of population and the percentage of voters Lowell stands

Ahead of Most Mill Cities

as we shall prove by incontrovertible figures.

Let us make a comparison of Lowell and each of the cities mentioned in the following table to see which has the highest percentage of voters, the population in each case being that of the

Continued to page seven

CADUM

for pimples and other skin troubles

It is truly remarkable how Cadum makes pimples disappear. No matter how many remedies you have tried, you can take fresh courage, because Cadum is different from anything else. It is antiseptic, destroys disease germs and begins healing with the first application. Trial box 10c. Large box 25c. At druggists.

FOR PROGRESS

A CLEAR TRACK

In addition to the fourteen and a half millions spent for completed improvements there are

$15,576,411.24 authorized for improvements now under construction; of which over half are finished today.

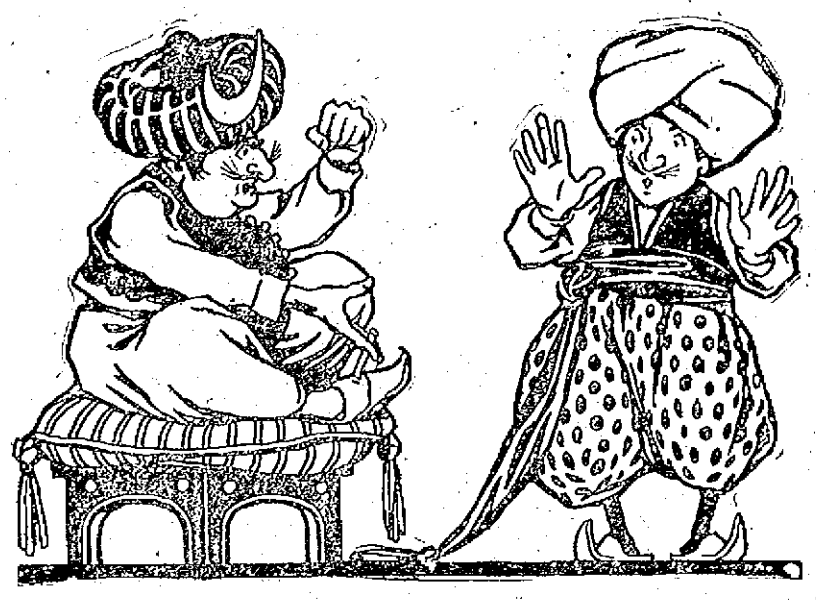
Of This New Fifteen Millions

the equipment of passenger cars to meet the requirements of the Safety Appliance Laws will require $37,680.00

More Facilities, More Efficiency

The BOSTON and MAINE Railroad

TALES of the TURKISH TROPHIES



TALE 7 - THE GARDENER

"WHAT style of fish is cooking in the Royal Kitchen?" asked the Kink, as he noted smoke coming through the study window.

"It is not fish, sire," said the Royal Secretary. "It is the new gardener. He is smoking a pipe"

"Have I not commanded that only Turkish Trophies be smoked within the Palace Grounds?" roared the Kink.

"Run the lawn-mower over the gardener and turn the hose on him. He needs pruning."

"It's a pipe," said the secretary, gleefully.

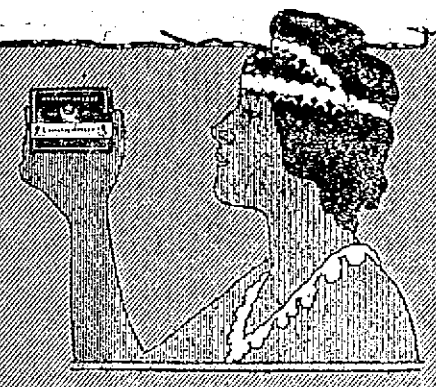
S. ANARGYROS MAKER A CORPORATION

TURKISH TROPHIES CIGARETTES

HAMILTON KING GIRLS on LEATHER and SATIN

(10 X 12 in.) (7X9 in.)

GIFT-SLIP in each PACKAGE



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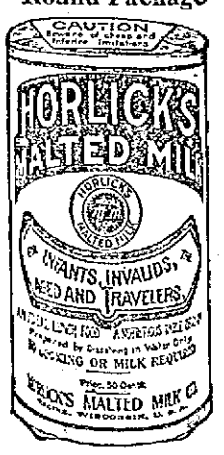

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MR. KENNGOTT'S BOOK

Continued

last censur and the number of voters that at the last election excepting in case of New Bedford which is credited with a number registered up to April, 20, 1912, an advantage in New Bedford's favor:—

	Population	Voters	P. C. Voters
Lowell	100,294	15,007	14.6
Fall River ..	119,295	16,123	14.35
Lawrence ...	85,892	11,878	13.8
New Bedford	96,652	12,844	13.08

Lowell, therefore, so far from being behind the average city in respect to the percentage of her voters and the stability of her population is shown to be ahead and thus a false charge, highly

Derogatory to Our City

stands refuted in spite of the fact that it is vouched for as scientific by the literary lights of our neighbor, the Courier-Citizen.

This libel upon Lowell is further contradicted by figures given by William S. Southworth, former agent of the Massachusetts mills. On page 162 of Mr. Kenngott's book it is shown that out of 2267 operatives 1,400 have worked less than five years and 1,045 between one and five years, with 867 five years or over. The fact seems to be that there is quite as much if not a great deal more permanency among mill operatives than among ministers of the gospel; and if they, too, after prayerful consideration, decide to go where they can get more money we do not see why anybody should charge them with instability or lack of permanency.

LESSON NO. 7—Kenngott On Cheap Labor (Page 109)

"Southern competition in the textile industries during the last decade, with the immediate advantages of child labor, long hours, proximity to the sources of raw materials and coal, put all the northern cotton mills at a disadvantage. With the lessening margin of profit, Fall River, New Bedford and other tidewater cities in the north gained an advantage over the inland cities through cheaper transportation of cotton and coal by water, while the inability to increase the power of the Merrimack river to meet the large demands on it caused the Lowell mills to depend more and more on coal transported by water and rail at large expense from the far-away coal fields. High capital costs led to the employment of cheaper labor, and the Greeks and Polanders were introduced as unskilled laborers."

The effect of this statement is to show that Lowell as a textile city is unable to compete with Fall River and New Bedford and that it was this disadvantage which led to the employment of Greeks and Poles. We do not agree with this statement inasmuch as Fall River, New Bedford and other mill cities supposed, according to this author, to have advantages over Lowell, have

Just as Much Cheap Labor

as we have and some of them a great deal more. Our school children should be taught the truth.

If the per capita savings as shown by the local savings banks is any indication of the thrift and skill of Lowell mill operatives, then it would appear that after all Lowell does not suffer from cheap labor as Mr. Kenngott tries to show. In the reports of the savings banks of Lowell given on page 192-193 of the book, it appears that in per capita savings Lowell leads Fall River, Cambridge, New Bedford, Lawrence and Lynn and shows a total amount of savings higher than any of these cities and equalling that of the city of Springfield. These figures do not support Mr. Kenngott's contention that Lowell is the battleground of "cheap labor."

LESSON NO. 8—Kenngott On Local Greek History (Pages 30-31)

"The great majority of these Greeks come from Mani or Laconia, the mountainous central and western peninsula of Greece, rocky and barren. Only by the most careful terracing can olive trees be made to grow on the hillsides, and this is the only district of the Peloponnesus where the vine is not cultivated. The inhabitants of this region claim to be the purest blooded descendants of the ancients of any of the modern Greeks, and pride themselves on their language and independent spirit. Unfortunately they still maintain bloody vendettas. At any time, without the slightest warning, a little village is likely to be disturbed by a volley of revolver shots. Everybody rushes indoors, barricades the house, and remains within for a day or so until the excitement is over. Among the other Greeks, and the foreigners living in the kingdom, the Laconians have the reputation of being a rather reckless and turbulent lot. Such then is the source of the main body of Greek population in Lowell. But there are now representatives from almost every part of the Greek world. Recently Macedonians have been coming in large numbers. The Greek colony of Lowell is probably the most exclusive and distinctively Greek settlement, of any considerable size, in the United States.

The above is quoted in Mr. Kenngott's book, but as it is apparently approved by the author it is to be regarded as his own, especially in the hands of children. That is certainly a very prejudiced account of the origin of a people whose illustrious past shines out conspicuously in the history of nations.

In another chapter, relative to the Greeks, their methods of finding employment, their amusements and their vices, the author says:—

"The Greeks in Lowell have suffered little from the padrone system, though many have come 'numbered and tagged' in charge of some leader, to friends already here. There are several Greek agents who act as interpreters, find places in the mills for the new arrivals, and receive a generous fee therefor. These agents are in league with second-hands and others in some of the mills, and they occasionally exploit the ignorant immigrants. Five dollars is the customary fee for 'finding a job,' and it is to the interest of the interpreter and his accomplice in the mill that the job should not be held too long, in order to give another Greek a chance to earn some money, and, incidentally, to furnish business for the interpreter, who usually dresses well and speaks several languages fluently. The mill agents are doing their best to break up this system."

Is that a fair statement of the industrial conditions among the Greeks? We do not believe so and we challenge any proof in support of the charge.

Here is another statement which may be still more objectionable to the Greeks:

"The Greeks are, in general, a law-abiding people. They are addicted to gambling with cards, and much of this is carried on in hidden ways, in the numerous coffee houses, and the police make occasional arrests. The absence of home restraints and family ties lead to sexual vice. Loyalty to their own native towns and districts leads to feuds and rivalries, and cases of assault and battery are not infrequent. Drunkenness is not yet common among them, though tendencies in that direction begin to appear."

Would not this be nice reading for the school children of Lowell?

The following is also of interest in relation to the Greeks and we are inclined to believe that the case referred to as witnessed by a physician was an exception and not the rule:—

BATHROOMS UNKNOWN—Page 55

"Only by a personal visit can one understand the housing conditions of some of the Greeks and Syrians. Often they are crowded in close and narrow quarters, with three or four in a room, little or no ventilation, rooms often without windows, no facilities for bathing, no opportunity for drying clothes except in the crowded kitchen, and with extremely bad toilet accommodations. Many of the Greeks have a common commissariat, and often live in poverty, filth and disease. This is due, in large part, to the fact that in this population of nearly 9000 there are 6500 men and boys over fourteen years of age. A physician, who called recently to attend a Greek woman, found her lying on a cot, in a room with four men asleep on the floor. Five and six are sometimes in a room where there is sickness, with scores of others coming in to give their condolence. Worse conditions can hardly be imagined than in certain old wooden tenement houses in the Greek district, where bathtubs and bathrooms are unknown."

The greedy American owners of the property, not the Greek tenants, are responsible for the lack of bathtubs in the tenements; but we would inform Mr. Kenngott that for several years there has been a Greek bathhouse with a considerable number of tub and shower baths, running at 463 Market street. Following the custom of their ancestors, the modern Greeks are devoted to baths and bathing and they have established a general bathhouse to serve until such times as they can afford more modern homes. Mr. Kenngott should tell the truth about them.

Here is another wail about lack of local interest among the Greeks and about cheap labor:—

EXPLOITING THE MILLS—Page 44

"One reason why there is not a larger co-operation among the residents of the city for any definite end is, that so many of the recent immigrants do not have sufficient interest in the country or the city to become citizens. They have come here to exploit the mills and city for their own ends, hoping to return to their native land. Indeed, a large body of Greek young men have organized a military company for the defence of Greece against Turkey, and within four days $9000 was raised for the Greek navy

"It is evident that a great change has come in the population of Lowell in the last decade with the introduction of the cheap labor of the east. New social conditions have arisen, evidenced in the housing and in the standard of living."

Apparently Rev. Mr. Kenngott has no faith in the men who are still devoted to their native land. When the Greeks formed a military company to fight for the fatherland and contributed $9000 within four days they showed something of the old Spartan spirit. If Uncle Sam needed their service they would do the same.

LESSON 9—Kenngott On Local French History (Page 51)

"When immigrants arrive in the city and for many years after, they have a tendency to crowd into the wooden cottages of the Acre and the great tenements of Little Canada. The Irish showed this tendency first, but there is now no particular Little Ireland in Lowell. The French Canadians live for the most part in Little Canada, Centralville, between Salem street and Ford street and on Middlesex street and its vicinity. During the last few years the French have moved from the centre to the various parts of the city. The Branch street Baptist church in the Highlands has recently been purchased by French Catholics. Nearly all are associated with the Roman Catholic church. There may be a thousand or more who are non-Catholic according to the reports from the French Protestant clergyman."

Page 122—"The rents which are fairly uniform in the tenements, averaging about eight dollars a month for four or five small rooms including the kitchen, consume from eight to 25 per cent, averaging about 15 per cent of the combined earnings of the French Canadian families. The size of the family makes but little difference to the size of the tenement, number of rooms occupied or rent paid. The tenement is a sort of a Procrustean bed.

"The native Americans have left the mills, largely because they could not or would not lower their standard of living, including food and housing to the plane of the immigrants. The Irish have given way largely to the French Canadians in the mills. Can the French Canadians maintain their place in this battle of the standards with the Greeks?"

Page 117—"One fears to imagine the holocaust which may some day occur in the immense overcrowded wooden caravansaries of the French Canadians, with their often overheated cook stoves and their kerosene oil lamps, or in the old ramshackle wooden tenements of the 'Acre' where the teeming Greek population is pressing so closely upon the French Canadians and nearby Little Canada, in the fierce competition for the mill work and in the battle of the standards of living."

We cannot believe that the French people of this city would approve of having these statements instilled into the minds of the children attending the public schools.

Mr. Kenngott repeats in several places that the native Americans have left the mills, having been driven out by the foreigners, meaning the Irish, French, Greeks and other races. That is sheer nonsense. The so-called native Americans are still in the mills so far as they care to be, in various clerical and other capacities; and the claim that the Yankee girls were similarly driven out is equally absurd. They were not numerous enough to do the work and the manufacturing companies being obliged to hire somebody to run their machines, employed the foreigners that came to our shores. Had no foreigners come here it is very evident that while Mr. Kenngott's melting sympathy for the Yankee girl and the native American might have been fully gratified, there would be no line of big mills along the Merrimack river today, nor would the city of Lowell have reached the degree of progress, prominence and enterprise which it holds among the cities of New England.

LESSON NO. 10—Kenngott On Local Irish History (Page 29)

"Lowell had its 'foreign problem' and its 'housing problem' early, and the contrast between the rich and the poor was striking, even in 1833, seven years after the incorporation of the town, when 'The Acre' was established, as the following report shows: 'In the suburbs of Lowell, near the canal, is a settlement called New Dublin, which occupies upwards of an acre of ground. It contains not far from five hundred Irish people, and about one hundred cabins, from seven to ten feet high, built of slabs and rough boards, a fireplace made of stones in one end, topped out with several flour barrels or lime casks. In a central situation is the schoolhouse, built in a similar style, turfed up to the eaves, with a window in one end, and small holes in two sides for the admission of air and light—all this under the eye of capitalists having their seven millions invested in establishments alongside of them.'"

KEEPING IRISH BLOOD UNMIXED

Page 99—In our analysis we aim to keep the blood unmixed so far as is possible and place the individual with the racial group to which he is related by blood. A child born of one or both parents of Irish blood is placed in the Irish racial group whether or not he or his parents are natives of this country and this system of classification is followed in all cases."

TWISTED POLICE RECORDS

Page 103—"Care has been taken to find the exact number of arrests for the various nationalities, according to foreign birth and foreign parentage; and in some cases the names have been relied upon to reveal the nationality. The records of the board of police give simply the nationality of the person arrested according to his birthplace. The figures show clearly, however, the tendency of the Irish to intoxication, so that there are three times as many arrests proportionately for drunkenness among the Irish as among any other race and as many as all the other races put together."

That the early Irish came here penniless and lived in primitive conditions nobody will deny. But if Mr. Kenngott described contemporaneous conditions, even what he quotes would not seem so outlandish. There is little in his book to show that the Irish are any better off today except what is said of Mr. Flynn's block, the "Hotel Philadelphia," on Elm street, and the fact that he owns 120 tenements; and care is taken to say that Mr. Flynn is a man of Irish parentage.

We are not told the parentage of the men who built the great blocks in Little Canada or of the owner of the Greek tenement condemned by the board of health and from which Mr. Kenngott secured photographs of a filthy water closet, for the enlightenment of his readers!

Is it not just as important to the people of Lowell to know the parentage of the men who built the other mammoth blocks as to know the "racial group" that produced the great and mighty builder of the "Hotel Philadelphia?"

From wrong premises come wrong conclusions and from

False or Uncertain Data

no writer can draw accurate statistics. We have quoted sufficiently from Dr. Kenngott's book to show the spirit with which he assails the Irish racial group as he calls it in his "Record of a City." We did not bother looking up the errors of his figures on the death rate among the Irish as Dr. Kenngott cannot convince anybody that the Irish are all dead or about to die. Yet we confess that a disinterested reader who would place any credence in his absurd statistics of death rate and police record among the Irish would naturally conclude that the higher the death rate among this racial group the better it will be for the city.

Dr. Kenngott starts out to trace all the prisoners arrested back to the original races from which they sprang or as he puts it to keep the blood unmixed. This Dr. Kenngott does with the Irish and he does it with a vengeance, for in the Irish group he undoubtedly places people who do not belong there at all. Any prisoner whose name Dr. Kenngott thinks is Irish is classed with the Irish even though his ancestors have been here for a hundred years regardless of where he was born, whether in Canada, Australia, South America, Asia or Africa. If he applied the same rule to all we should have no complaint to make but he does not and the method he adopts multiplies the arrests which he calls Irish and cuts those of the other English speaking races in halves.

Does he attempt to trace the latter to their racial origin? Oh no, he classes these as Natives if they were born here, and thus he fails to do as he promised to do "in all cases." Why this discrimination, Mr. Kenngott?"

Mr. Kenngott has thus evolved

A New Nationality

which he calls "Natives." He does not tell how long a person's ancestors must reside here before he can belong to Mr. Kenngott's new nationality. Indeed it appears from Mr. Kenngott's statement that if an American citizen whose ancestors fought at Bunker Hill still bears his Irish name, he can never become "Native." With the other English speaking nationalities it is different.

This segregation of one particular element of the population is one of the greatest absurdities in Rev. Dr. Kenngott's book and that is saying a great deal. Neither the state nor federal census bureau ever undertook to do this because they knew it was impossible to do it fairly or thoroughly and what they cannot do, no sociological bungler like Mr. Kenngott need attempt lest his prejudices might prompt him to stigmatize a particular nationality. Were we to judge of the Irish racial group by Mr. Kenngott's statistics we should be forced to conclude that this element is physically and morally the most worthless of our entire population, yet the Irish possess certain sturdy virtues that cause them to respect their marriage vows, that keep them out of the divorce courts and, so far as we know, with all their faults they have seldom figured in capital cases calling for the attention of the state executioner.

We freely admit that the weakness of the Irish people is too frequent indulgence in intoxicating liquors. We admit that too many of them frequent the barrooms and when they get slightly intoxicated they are not inclined like other peoples to go quietly home and sleep it off. They get boisterous and as a result too many wind up in the police station. But although the number of arrests are numerous the statement that there are three times as many arrests proportionately for drunkenness among the Irish as among any other race and as many as among all the other races put together

Is Glaringly False

which is most damaging to the Irish people as a whole. We wonder whom he employed to count the Irish drunks? In the police court record for drunkenness for the year 1909 Mr. Kenngott gives the total number of arrests as 3518 and of this number he credits the Irish nationality with 2019. By his own special method he includes in this the names of all he sees fit to designate as Irish. When did Mr. Kenngott become an authority on Irish names? We have looked up the records in this particular case. We employed an expert on Irish names to go over the record and he finds that the highest number who can at all be classed as Irish is 1600. Where did Mr Kenngott get the other 419 except by including names that are not Irish? Even our neighbor, the Courier-Citizen, can hardly claim that this is scientific.

Then we take the record as we find it in the police station where the distinction is given on the place of birth alone. In that case the number of arrests for the Irish is 957 and those born here listed as Americans regardless of their race origin 1482. Now we take the English and on the record of the police station this nationality is given 262 arrests of people who gave their birthplace as England. Turning to Mr. Kenngott's record on page 105 of his book for that year he gives the English exactly 164 arrests or 68 less than the actual number. We cannot explain the discrepancy in either case nor is it material as the whole

Calculation is Unfair

because it is based upon guess work and a juggling comparison of all the arrests in the Irish racial group with but a part of the arrests in each of the other English speaking groups.

The drunks of Irish nativity and Irish names furnish 811 arrests or 22 per cent. of the whole.

The regular statistics at the police station show that the Irish arrests for drunkenness are 27.2 of the whole, but Mr. Kenngott makes it appear that the percentage is 57.3 of the whole or more than double the actual figures. Counting in all the names that seem to be Irish regardless of birthplace, the percentage would be 45 and not 57.3 as his figures show.

What would be thought of a fruit dealer, who to discredit Florida oranges as compared with the California product, should exhibit the refuse of a whole carload of Floridas as against the refuse of half a carload of the Californias, claiming that in the latter case the refuse represented a whole carload? What the fruiterer did to the Floridas in this case, Mr. Kenngott practically and we hope unwittingly does to the Irish when he follows out racial groups in one case and in the other segregates the native groups into a separate nationality which he calls "Natives." Following out his plan to its logical conclusion the only real natives are the Indians.

PRESS REVIEWS HIGHLY DAMAGING TO LOWELL

This book has been reviewed by numerous papers in Boston and elsewhere and in a manner decidedly calculated to injure Lowell by representing it as the home of cheap labor, the mecca of eastern races, a city overrun with the "refuse of a teeming population."

In order to show how the book has been exploited in the press of other cities at the expense of Lowell's reputation we may cite the review in the Boston Herald of Sunday, April 7, 1912, a paper that is not in the category of the "yellows." A whole page was given to the book with many of the illustrations reproduced. Across the top of the page is this quotation, which we submit is neither complimentary nor true of Lowell:

"They (meaning the mills) have builded their Tower of Babel on the Banks of the Merrimack, and the Pride of Life, the Thirst for Gold, the Demand for Cheap Labor have brought hither a Confusion of Tongues that no Pentecost of Love has yet Transformed into a Harmony of Single Devotion and United Effort."

Underneath this is a line across the entire page in large type as follows:

LOWELL BATTLEFIELD OF CHEAP LABOR

The other part of the heading reads: "An analysis of conditions there by Rev. George F. Kenngott, who has spent 15 years in gathering the data—the case of many workers pitiable and deplorable."

That was a damaging advertisement for the city of Lowell spread broadcast throughout the country. No one can calculate the real injury which that article has done to our city, its people, its industry and its trade.

What better invitation could be extended to the I. W. W. leaders than that heading in the Boston Sunday Herald and the heading was fully sustained by the articles and the pictures by which it was illustrated. All taken from Doctor Kenngott's book.

The average American reader is thus led to believe that Lowell above all the other cities of New England is the mecca for all the racial dregs of the world. Mr. Kenngott asserts that there are forty different races in this babel of tongues. Chief Pidgin informs us but 21 of the nationalities are represented by 251 persons and eleven nationalities by 38 persons so that it is hardly correct to represent Lowell as a babel in which the "confusion of tongues" renders the people unable to understand one another. A vast majority of the foreigners in Lowell at the present time can speak more or less English or at least enough to get along.

Of course papers outside of Lowell cannot be expected to contradict an author writing about his own city and unless a local paper points out what is wrong the mis-representation will go unchallenged to be quoted to our discredit all over the country and even by historians in future ages.

If any local paper undertakes to defend the book let it bear part of the odium attached to such a gross libel upon Lowell and her people. We do not approve the work as fair or truthful and we contend that we have proved conclusively that it violates every one of the three principles laid down as making a book objectionable for use in the schools. It grossly disparages the city of Lowell; it has references to immorality and certain vices that should not be brought to the attention of children; and lastly it has highly unfair statements regarding certain nationalities which it would be very wrong to teach our school children.

The public school is the one place where the races meet

Upon An Equality

and if we supplied the pupils with Mr. Kenngott's estimate of the various races, we can easily imagine how readily they would cast up to one another the nasty things thus put into their mouths from this book. We will say, however, that if about one-third of the book were eliminated the rest of it would be harmless although of little historical value as it consists mainly of a conglomeration of statistical matter culled from annual reports and interlarded with the one sided views of the author.

We stand firmly opposed to the introduction of any such rubbish into the public schools in which the various races should be moulded into one body of American citizens in which there will be

No Hyphenated Americans

but one composite body of citizens having equal rights and equal burdens before the law and all devoted to the one starry banner which holds out the promise of liberty to the oppressed peoples of the earth provided they respect our laws, and are loyal to our flag and our constitution.

Mr. Kenngott is a very amiable gentleman for whom we entertain the most friendly feelings but we candidly believe if his book had never been written the city would have been saved a good deal of ill repute; or, had the whole edition been offered as a contribution to one of the Fourth of July bonfires the city might well rejoice at getting rid of such an alleged "Record."

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Why, such hands call forth *pity* from other women!

They judge her by her *hands*. It shows that she works *too hard* with the *wrong* kind of laundry soap.

If she used "Welcome" Soap her hands would be *soft* and *white*. The washing would be out *early*. And the colors and dainty fabrics would be *preserved* rather than *destroyed*.

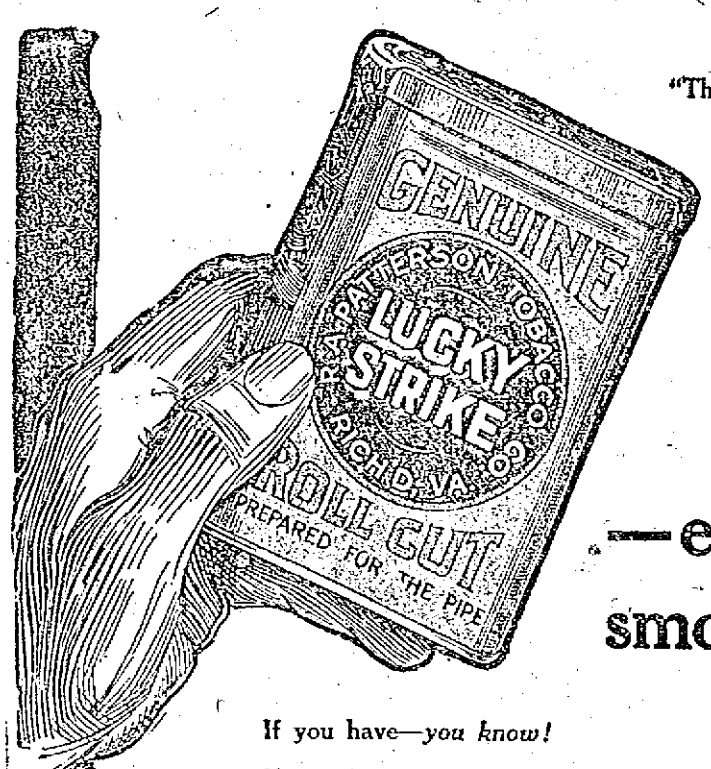
There is just enough Borax in "Welcome" Soap to soften the water perfectly and to protect the clothes and hands. In fact, there is more Borax used in "Welcome" Soap during *one* year than in *all* other soaps manufactured in New England in *five* years.

There is twice as much "Welcome" sold in New England stores as any other soap. A big cake 5c. Of your Grocer.

Welcome Soap

"For Generations the Choice of New England Women"

Manufactured by LEVER BROTHERS COMPANY, Cambridge, Mass. (37)



"The tobacco that doubled the value of a dime"

—ever smoke this?

If you have—*you know!*

If you haven't, then your luck is on its way right now—you haven't found out yet, at all, how good a smoke can be.

Some men never do find a steady, chummy, life-long smoke. Some men—the *lucky* men—do.

If *YOU'RE* hankering for a smoke you can *tie to*—if you want to cut out that eternal "switching"—just let your pipe show you what Lucky Strike Roll Cut can do.

The Roll Cut is handy for your pipe—the can is handy for your pocket. At any dealer's— 10c

OLIVE OIL FOR CONSTIPATION

If you only knew how easy it is to get rid of constipation, you would become a convert to the Pompeian Olive Oil habit immediately. While more people suffer from this trouble, and are compelled to almost daily resort to the use of cathartics, purgatives and pills of all kinds, this is possibly the easiest trouble to correct. Olive Oil, if it is absolutely pure, is the best laxative known, and the one which thousands of physicians recommend. In Pompeian Olive Oil you get the purest possible, being from the first pressing of selected, hand-picked, ripe Italian olives. It is not chemically treated or adulterated in any way. Simply the pure olive oil itself. That is why Pompeian gives you the sweet, nutty flavor lacking in other kinds, and without the least greasy taste.

A teaspoonful of Pompeian Olive Oil taken with each meal acts as a gentle laxative. The bowels will be kept open naturally and you will not suffer any more from constipation. In addition it is the greatest health-food known, will keep away many diseases, build up the body, keep your complexion clear and give you health and strength. Thousands of healthy men, women and children today owe their health to the use of Pompeian Olive Oil at all their meals.

Pompeian Olive Oil is sold by druggists and grocers. Full one-half pint cans, 25 cents; full pint cans, 50 cents; full quart cans, 90 cents.

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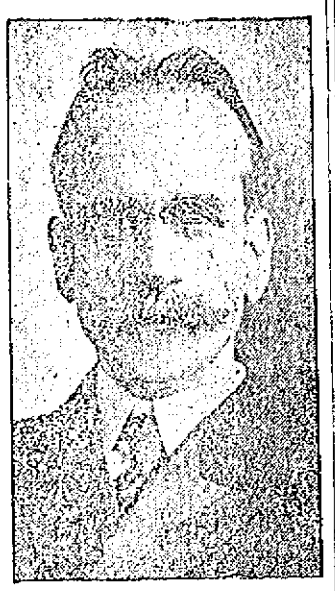
A Miracle as a Blood Purifier

Say thousands who have used them. A positive cure for Rheumatism, Constipation and Foul breath. Best remedy for Liver, Kidney and Stomach. Eliminates all poisons from the system, without griping. Purely vegetable and guaranteed under Pure Food and Drug Law. Free samples on request to SCHENCK CHEMICAL CO., 34 Franklin street, New York. 25 cents a box at

HALL & LYON CO., 67-69 Merrimack Street, Lowell, Mass.

A.O.H. DELEGATES REACH CHICAGO

James O'Sullivan Being Boomed For State President



JAMES O'SULLIVAN

The Ancient Order of Hibernian contingent from Massachusetts to the national convention in Chicago, which opened this morning, made the first leg on its journey to the Windy city, arriving in Montreal on Sunday morning at 7.15 o'clock.

The delegation were in high spirits when they reached the King's dominion, the delegates numbering 180 from the New England states including about 60 women. Breakfast was served at the Queen's hotel, Montreal, after which special cars were provided for the company by the brother Hibernians of Montreal and proceeded to St. Patrick's church where a special mass was celebrated and also a special sermon was preached in honor of the occasion. The company was augmented by a contingent from Canada and also part of the New Jersey delegation, and left Montreal at 10.50 a. m. enroute for Chicago by way of the Grand Trunk railroad. Jeffrey Sullivan, the state delegate of Massachusetts, is in charge of the party and is looking after their interests.

There are many candidates spoken of for national honors. Massachusetts will be a big factor in the convention owing to the large number of delegates. Many friends of James O'Sullivan of Lowell are requesting him to stand for national president. Mr. O'Sullivan has refused all overtures in this direction. Patrick Canney of Worcester has a boom on for national secretary; Matthew Cummings of Neponset is mentioned as a candidate for national director.

It is hard at this early date to give any outline as to the chances of the prospective candidates. As soon as Chicago is reached and the Massachusetts men meet with the delegates from the various states throughout the country, an outline will be had, and statements made, many of which no doubt will be broken.

IN TORONTO

(Special Correspondence)

TOPONTO, Sunday, July 14, 1912.—The Massachusetts delegation of the A. O. H. left Montreal at 10.40 Sunday morning, well pleased with their visit to that ancient city. The A. O. H. of Montreal treated all the delegates most royally. The services at St. Patrick's church will long be remembered. Never was such homage paid to any body of men as that shown by the pastor of the church, Rev. Fr. McCabe. The music was most inspiring; all the most patriotic Irish airs were rendered by the boys' choir of 250 voices. This church was erected in 1847.

The journey from Montreal to Toronto was very sultry en route on train, notwithstanding the special extra fans that were placed in the carriages for the benefit of the delegates.

Among the surprises of the day was the announcement of Capt. John Dillon of Boston, state president of the A. O. H. of Massachusetts, that he had withdrawn from the race as being a candidate for re-election. When the announcement was made by the captain it caused many conjectures as to who his successor would be. The consensus of opinion among the delegates from the old Bay State as to the logical candidate to succeed Mr. Dillon was James O'Sullivan of Lowell. In all probability Mr. O'Sullivan will throw his hat into the ring as soon as it is learned how the national convention in Chicago will terminate.

Patrick Cannon of Clinton is out hustling to get every man in line for his boomlet for national secretary. Mr. Cannon is one of the rare Hibernians met nowadays. He belongs to the old school and is not trained as a diplomat for a big deal like that which he has entered upon. Mr. Cannon hopes for the best, and his friends pray for his success, which at this time looks very doubtful, owing to the many other states made, and some agreed upon by the leaders.

Jeffrey Sullivan of Fall River has declared himself as a candidate for state secretary of the A. O. H. of Massachusetts for the third term, to succeed himself. Mr. Sullivan stands high in the councils and friendship of the majority of the officers of Massachusetts, and it is believed that he can pull through for the third term.

Toronto was reached at 3.15 p. m. A large delegation of Irishmen and Irish women, with their friends of other nationalities, were at the station to meet the Irish-American train as it steamed in, and a cheer went up that was heard for many blocks away. The citizens of Toronto welcomed all hands with a truly hearty welcome, and as the train departed an hour later there were many handshakes and farewells given, with a wish for their God-speed to the City of the Jungle on the shores of Lake Michigan.

DELEGATES REACH CHICAGO

CHICAGO, July 16.—With a burst of Irish melody and a flash of green the Ancient Order of Hibernians, represented by delegations from every state in the Union, descended upon Chicago yesterday for the biennial convention of the order.

The New England delegation of 150 people in the Hibernian special arrived at noon yesterday and marched to their headquarters in the Hotel Laselle, headed by a band.

There is keen rivalry for the various national offices. New England having several candidates in the field, who were busy shaking hands and getting acquainted with delegates last night.

The principal contests are being made by P. F. Cannon of Massachusetts and Philip J. Sullivan of Connecticut for the office of national secretary and Mrs. Ellen Ryan Jolly of Rhode Island for first national president of the Ladies' Auxiliary.

One of the incidents of the journey west was the presence on the Hibernian special of John J. Dwyer and his bride, who chose this occasion for their wedding tour. They hail from Webster, Mass.

Col. John McCarthy, ex-adjutant general of Massachusetts, towering head and shoulders above the throngs in the hotel corridors, is a fine example of the destroyer of a hoodoo. He left Massachusetts on the 13th day of the month, found himself assigned to berth 13 in the sleeper, and when he arrived in Chicago discovered that his room in the hotel is No. 1323 on the 13th floor.

Despite this formidable combination, Col. McCarthy is having the time of his life.

It is expected that the convention will draw from 8000 to 10,000 visitors to the city during the week.

GIRLISH COMPLEXION NOW EASILY ACQUIRED

"A skin of blended snow, cream and rose" is the way an Ohio correspondent describes her newly acquired complexion. She is one who has adopted mercolized wax in place of cosmetics, massage, steaming and other methods. Many who have tried this marvelous wax report that its effects are quite different from those of any other treatment. It produces a complexion of exquisite girlish naturalness, rather than one bearing evidence of having been artificially "made over." One that is indeed "Nature's own," the result of gradually absorbing dead particles of surface skin, permitting the younger, healthier skin beneath to show itself and giving its pores a chance to breathe. Mercolized wax, procurable at any drug store in original one ounce package, is put on at night like cold cream and washed off in the morning.

I have also had many favorable letters from those who have tried the wrinkle-removing face bath which I recommended recently. If any have mislaid the formula, here it is: 1 oz. powdered saxolite, dissolved in ½ pt. witch hazel.—Julia Orff in The Clubwoman.

The Daintiest Desserts for Hot Weather Can Be Quickly and Easily Made in the

White Mountain Ice Cream Freezer

TRIPLE MOTION

Every part that touches the cream is covered with pure block tin.

SIZES 1 TO 25 QUARTS

CROQUET SETS

Hard Wood, Well Made
Handsomely Finished

Bartlett & Dow

216 CENTRAL STREET.

WANTED

Young lady at once to operate our electric cut out border machine in window. Apply to Mr. Wilson, local manager, United Wall Paper Stores of America, Nelson's Dept. Store.

WHEN YOU ARE HUNGRY AND WANT A REAL

GOOD DINNER

TRY THE

LOWELL INN

ALLAN LINE

GLASGOW—DERRY—BOSTON
ONE CLASS CABIN SERVICE
No Cattle Carried
FORTNIGHTLY SAILING —POPULAR STEAMERS
Rates Glasgow or Derry, $45; Liverpool, $48.65; London, $51.25; Stockholm, $64.75; Paris, $62.95.
Send for Booklet, "Great Britain on $225"

THIRD CLASS AT LOWEST RATES
DENIS MURPHY, 18 Appleton St.
FREDERICK B. LEEDS, 5 Bridge St.
H. & A. ALLAN, 90 State St., Boston

DROWNED

All your sorrows, if they are caused from Piles, Old Sores or a Skin Disease, by using St. Thhomas' Salve Price 35c. All Druggists.

Have You Seen the Ivory Smile This Week at

HALL & LYON'S CO.'S?

Any number of persons this week have visited Hall & Lyon Co to see the educational demonstration of Dentyne Peroxide. A few days ago few persons in Lowell realized that the reason for their decayed, discolored teeth was not inattention but lack of proper attention to their teeth. Thanks to our progressiveness, our citizens are fast learning how and why it is the easiest, simplest, and most inexpensive thing in the world to have clean, white, beautiful, lustrous teeth and a sweet smelling breath. The answer is Dentyne Peroxide, and we predict that within a very short time Lowell will be Dentyne Peroxide wise. This demonstration is as interesting as it is valuable and necessary to the welfare of every household. Be sure to see the water test, and notice how the oxygen rises from the Dentyne Peroxide and you will understand why Dentyne Peroxide Paste or Powder is the only thing that can properly put and keep your teeth and breath in proper condition.

(Peroxide Products Co., New York)

All the Silk Dresses, some 75 in the lot, at two prices, $5.00 and $8.75

25 Dozen New Lawn and Middy Style Waists—Today 95c

A Remarkable Purchase of 649 Summer Dresses

FROM THE WELL KNOWN FIRM OF BEGG, HIRSCH & CO. THEY WISHED TO MAKE FALL SAMPLES. WE DID NOT NEED THE DRESSES, BUT THE OFFER WAS SO RIDICULOUSLY LOW, THAT WE ACCEPTED THEM. LAWNS, LINENS, TISSUE, VOILE, SILK, A VARIED ASSORTMENT. THE PRICES TO YOU ARE COST OF MAKING ONLY.

DRESSES —AT— $1.97

About 230 Fine Dresses, made to sell at $3.00, $4.00 and $5.00. A big variety of styles and colors. All sizes..... $1.97

DRESSES —AT— $2.97

Voile, Tissue, Norfolk, Pique Dresses. All kinds. $4.00 and $6.00, at..... $2.97

DRESSES —AT— $3.97

All Over Hamburg, Tan, French Linen, Striped Lawns, Voile and Tissue. Dresses similar to what we have been selling at $7.00 and $8.00.

50 DRESSES MADE TO SELL AT $2.00..... $1.00

$12.50 PURE LINEN SUITS FROM OUR OWN STOCK, NOW $5.00 and $7.67

New York Cloak and Suit Co.

12-18 JOHN STREET

REST AND HEALTH TO MOTHER AND CHILD.

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP has been used for over SIXTY YEARS by MILLIONS of MOTHERS for their CHILDREN WHILE TEETHING, with PERFECT SUCCESS. It SOOTHES the CHILD, SOFTENS the GUMS, ALLAYS all PAIN; CURES WIND COLIC, and is the best remedy for DIARRHŒA. It is absolutely harmless. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup," and take no other kind. Twenty-five cents a bottle.

AN ASSAULT CASE IN POLICE COURT

One Man Called Another a Scab

Adolphe Dhenwe was arraigned before Judge Fisher in police court this morning on a complaint charging him with assault and battery on Fred De-Middleaer. He entered a plea of not guilty, but after testimony had been offered by the government the court found him guilty and ordered him to pay a fine of $10. He was also charged with drunkenness and after being found guilty of that offense an additional fine of $2 was imposed.

Dhenwe and De Middleaer live in the same house in Prince street and according to the testimony of the complainant as he was entering the house about 11.30 o'clock Saturday night the defendant called him a scab and then struck him in the face.

Neglected His Children

John Bennett was charged with failing to provide proper support for his two minor children who are now in the hands of the state board of charity. He admitted that he had not paid towards their support lately but said that it was owing to the fact that he had been sick and was unable to work.

Bennett's wife is dead and shortly after her death his two children were turned over to the state board of charity and the understanding was that he was to contribute towards their support, which he has failed to do.

After Edwin R. Sparrow, counsel for the state board, explained the case to the court Judge Fisher ordered the man placed on probation.

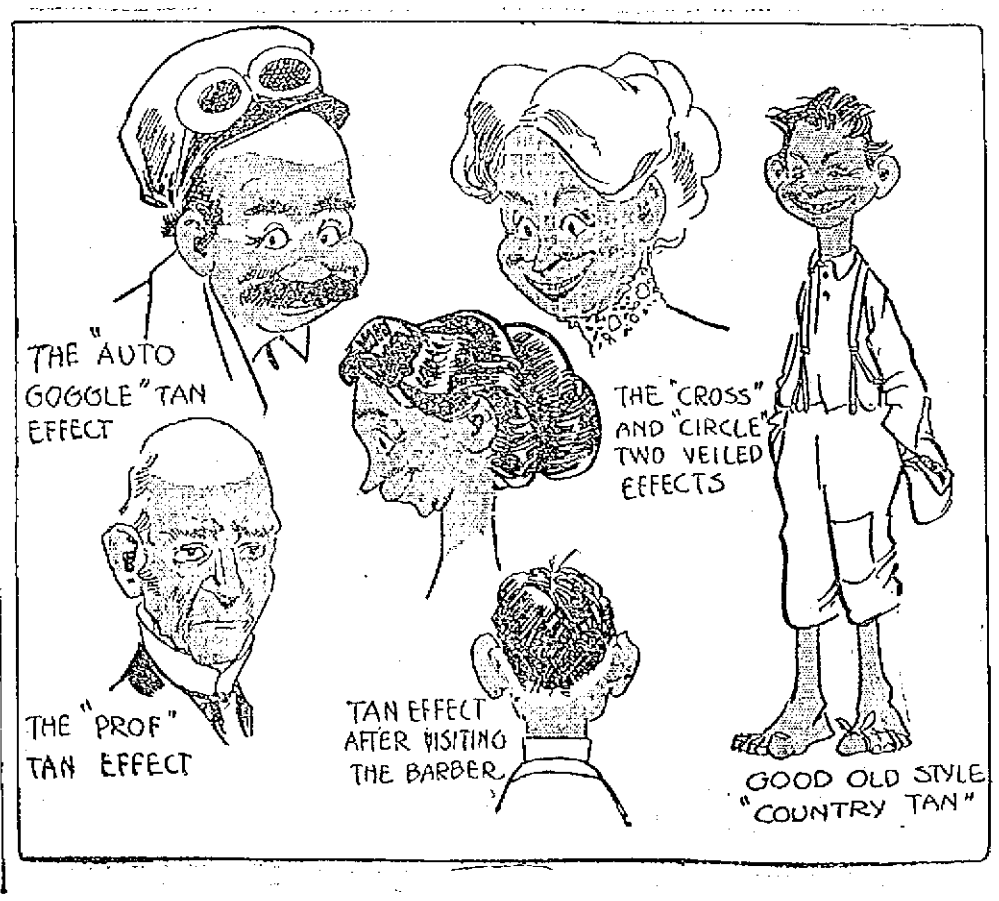
Neglected His Wife

Alfred Morse, charged with neglecting to provide for his wife, was placed on probation on condition that he pay her $5 a week.

Drunken Offenders

Annie Donahue, charged with drunkenness, was sentenced to one month in jail. John H. Donahue and John E. Snell were fined $6 each and two first offenders were fined $2 each.

THE LATEST TAN EFFECTS



LOWELL WOMAN EXTINGUISHED FIRE

That Was Started by Lightning

MILFORD, N. H., July 16.—During a fierce electrical storm yesterday lightning struck the large summer boarding and farmhouse owned by Mrs. Martha Jewett, on Federal hill.

In the first shower the lightning struck the large barn, doing much damage but not setting it on fire. A few moments later it struck the house and entered the bedroom occupied by Miss Alice Bassett of Lowell.

It set fire to the room, but Miss Bassett, although partly stunned, grasped a pitcher of water and put out the flames. The house was considerably damaged by the bolt.

Porter Colby sustained a broken ankle when he attempted to close the large doors of his barn. The wind blew a heavy limb from a tree, which struck Mr. Colby on the leg.

JUDGE HANFORD

ALLOWS APPEAL OF CASE OF LEONARD OLSSEN

SEATTLE, Wash., July 16.—Judge C. H. Hanford of the United States district court has allowed entry of the appeal of the case of Leonard Olssen, the socialist, whose naturalization he recently revoked on the ground that he had deceived the court as to his attachment to the constitution of the United States.

ANOTHER SENTENCE FOR LOWELL MAN

Ganley Had Just Completed a Term

NEWBURYPORT, July 16.—In police court yesterday, James Ganley of Lowell was sentenced to two months in jail for the larceny of $18 from a Newburyport hotel in April. Ganley stopped at the hotel the night before the money was stolen, and was in the office alone for a few minutes while the clerk had his attention called somewhere outside. When the clerk returned Ganley was gone, the cash drawer was open, and $18 was missing.

The police traced Ganley to Lawrence, where it was found that he had been sentenced to the house of correction for larceny. He served three months, his time being up a few days ago. An officer from this city met him at the jail when he was discharged and brought him here.

THIS WOMAN'S TROUBLES GONE

Terrible Cramps, Dizzy Spells Nervousness, Misery—Her Story of How She Got Well Again.

Hindsboro, Ill.—"Your remedies have relieved me of all my troubles. I would have such bearing down misery and cramps and such weak, nervous, dizzy spells that I would have to go to bed. Some days I could hardly stay up long enough to get a meal.

"The doctor's medicine did me no good so I changed to Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and got good results from the first bottle. I kept on taking it and used the Sanative Wash with it, until I was well again. I think every woman who suffers as I have, could take no better medicine."—Mrs. CHARLES MATTISON, Box 58, Hindsboro, Ill.

Testimony of Trained Nurse.

Cathlamet, Wash.—"I am a nurse and when I do much lifting I have a female weakness, but I take Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and I cannot say enough in praise of it. I always recommend it for female troubles."—Mrs. ELVA BARBER EDWARDS, Box 54, Cathlamet, Wash.

The makers of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound have thousands of such letters as those above—they tell the truth, else they could not have been obtained for love or money. This medicine is no stranger—it has stood the test for years.

Small accounts solicited and appreciated. Old Lowell National Bank.

THE IRISH LEAGUE CONVENTION

Call Has Been Issued by President Michael Ryan

National President Michael J. Ryan of the United Irish League of America has issued the following call for the sixth biennial convention of that organization, which will open in the Academy of Music, Philadelphia, on Sept. 23, and last for three days.

William H. K. Redmond, M. P., brother of the Irish leader, is coming out to attend the convention as the representative of the Irish parliamentary party, and can only remain two weeks after the convention, as he must return for the committee stage of the home rule bill.

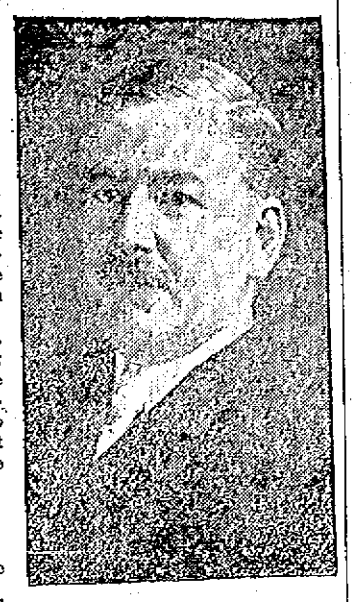
President Ryan's Call

President Ryan's call is as follows:

"Philadelphia, July 15, 1912.

"To the Officers and Members of the United Irish League of America:

"By unanimous vote of the national executive committee, Philadelphia has been decided upon as the place and Sept. 23, 24, 25 and 26, 1912, as the time for the holding of the biennial convention of the United Irish League of America. The national officers hope that it will be possible for the leader of the Irish people, the Hon. John E. Redmond, to attend in person, but it is certain that some of the most distinguished colleagues of the party will speak for him and Ireland and so lend added interest and importance to the occasion. Every branch of the organization, it is hoped, will take immediate steps to see that it is represented, so that the delegates from Ireland shall carry back with them convincing evidence by the presence of the most representative gathering our race has held in America, of the continue support and encouragement of their kindred on this side of the Atlantic.



MICHAEL J. RYAN
Pres. United Irish League

Land Won for People

"There is no need to recount the achievements of the Irish Parliamentary Party. Ireland has been advanced immeasurably. The land has been won for the people. Self-government is within their grasp. The house of lords, so long the barrier to the prosperity and happiness of our race, has been practically destroyed. Religious rancors have been banished, and with a unanimity unparalleled in the history of our cradleland, all creeds and sections of the island are moving together to bring back peace, happiness, prosperity and freedom to all its inhabitants. That we have been helpers in the winning of victories for the motherland is of itself a distinction and in the glory of the achievements we have a right to be proud.

"It is unquestioned that the cause is on the threshold of victory; but there must be no diminution of effort, and no withholding of aid, and I therefore earnestly urge every friend of the league to be present in Philadelphia at the opening of the national convention, and to make of it the greatest success in point of numbers ever held in the United States, and give overwhelming proof that now and forever the exiles of Erin are as one with their kindred in the old land.

Urge More Organizations

"I hope that no branch of the league will be unrepresented and I request that in those localities which have hitherto been laggard, organizations will spring up, and come in, and so be able to rightfully make claim that their adhesion made victory certain.

"Arrangements are under way to secure reduced railroad rates. The particulars will be furnished later, as will also all information as to the basis of representation and other matters of detail, such as the headquarters, halls, hotels, arrangements, etc.

"The branches are requested to communicate as speedily as possible with the national secretary, John O'Callaghan, Room 43, Globe building, Boston, Mass., and those who may be delinquent are urged to fulfill their obligations by promptly making payment to the national treasurer, Thomas B. Fitzpatrick, 104 Kingston street, Boston, Mass."

Lakeview Park

WEEK BEGINNING JULY 14

THE CANOPY OF THE GODS

FREE DISPLAY OF

Italian Fireworks

TUESDAY EVENING

BAND CONCERT

Sunday Afternoon and Evening

AT THE THEATRE

The Majestic Players in

The Parish Priest

AFTERNOON AND EVENING

MERRIMACK SQUARE THEATRE

Cool and Comfortable

FOR WEEK OF JULY 15

Second Week by Popular Request

EDGAR FOREMAN AND COMPANY PRESENTING

"A DUEL OF HEARTS"

A Bright Comedy Playlet

DE GRANT AND MacCLENNAN "Those Comedy Boys"

MAX HOLDEN Shadowgraph Artist

ALICE BAGLEY—Soloist

The Very Best in Photo-Plays

Never Too Late—Continuous Performance, 1 to 10.30 P. M.

Canobie Lake Park

Week of July 15

The Best in

VAUDEVILLE

Free seats to evening performance. Apply to conductors on park cars after 6 p. m.

Sunday, July 21

BAND CONCERT

3 TO 5 P. M.

TROLLEY AND BOAT

LOWELL —TO— NANTASKET

ROUND TRIP 90c

Tickets at Bay State St. Ry. Co. Office, good Mondays, Wednesdays and Saturdays after July 5.

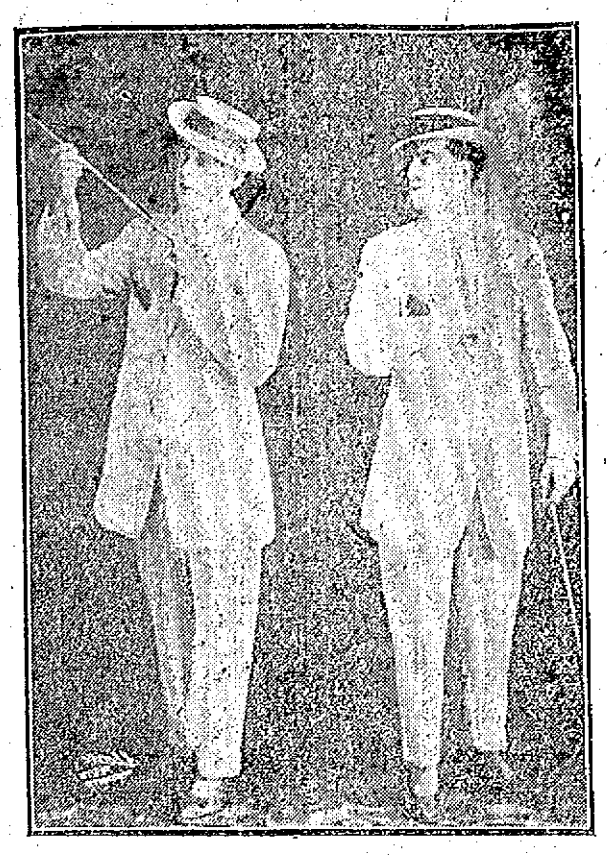
KASINO

BEST DANCING HALL IN NEW ENGLAND

Concert and Dancing All'n and Evening

Willow Dale

Can be secured for club outings or church picnics, with orchestra for dancing, both afternoon and evening. Boat will make regular trips to meet all cars, including the last one. Telephone 8103-3.



DE GRANT AND McCLENNAN,
At the Merrimack Square Theatre This Week.

MERRIMACK SQUARE THEATRE

Edgar Foreman and company who are appearing at the Merrimack Square theatre for the second week, present this week a dainty little playlet entitled "A Duel of Hearts." The comedy contains many bright and witty passages and is very cleverly handled by Mr. Foreman and Miss Orr. It treats of a young couple who have developed a jealous streak toward each other. The suspicions of the young wife become more acute when she discovers her husband handing another woman a note which she afterwards picks up and finds it addressed in endearing terms. She then decides that her method of getting square will be an effort on her part to make her husband suspicious of her, but her work proves a dismal failure. The pair carry through numerous laughable stunts in their endeavors to get the upper hand, and for a time both believe that they are making wonderful progress, but in the end they just give up and allow that the ultimate result must be a separation. The climax is reached when they suddenly awaken to the fact that both were wrong in their suspicions and the finale finds them reconciled and happy in the thought of a pleasant future.

"The Comedy Boys," De Gant and MacClennan, are clever comedians and very good singers. Their act consists of bright snappy comedy with a touch of fine singing, and their work is very commendable.

Max Holden gives a very interesting shadowgraph exhibition. The many figures which he throws on the canvas by the use of his hands, stamps him as a real leader in his class. To fully appreciate his work one must witness his act.

The photo-plays for the first three days of the week are again among the very best shown locally. They include some excellent dramatic offerings, a few comedy sketches and, last but not least, a wonderful series of views of historic spots in Canada, as well as many of the well known and leading statesmen of that country. This picture will be especially interesting to all French Canadians of the city and surroundings. Miss Alice Bagley, the local vocalist, is heard in new illustrated songs that are greatly appreciated. The photo-plays for the last three days of the week are all new and novel. Remember this theatre is always cool and comfortable. Continuous performances from 1 to 10.30 p. m.

THE KASINO

Old Timers' Night at the Kasino tomorrow will undoubtedly prove an attraction for many hundreds of people who enjoy the melodies of 20 and 30 years ago. Director James H. Buckley of the Kasino orchestra has arranged an excellent program of music appropriate to the occasion, among the numbers being: "Ben Bolt," "Silver Threads Among the Gold," "Comin' Thro' the Rye," "Annie Laurie," "Should Auld Acquaintance Be Forgot," "The Last Rose of Summer," "My Old Kentucky Home," "Swanee River," "When Johnny Comes Marching Home," and many others of happy musical memory. The Kasino is probably the coolest spot in Lowell. It is built on an elevation overlooking the South common, and is exposed to every ripple of the atmosphere.

CANOBIE LAKE PARK

Although Canobie Lake park has been the resort of many athletic meets and carnivals since its opening, it has never been the scene of a swimming exhibition. The new pool, the largest one of its kind in the country, however, has presented an unequaled opportunity for aquatic diversion, and next Saturday evening at 8 o'clock swimmers from all the surrounding towns will compete for the prizes which have been offered in the six events. All contestants must be registered athletes, and if any swimmer is not registered as yet he may do so immediately by notifying J. Frank Facey of Cambridge, secretary of the N. E. A. A. U., under whose sanction the swimming carnival will be held. In addition to these events for registered athletes, there will also be open contests, including a tub race, fat man's race and obstacle race. John Kelley of Lawrence, who won the All-Ireland swimming prize last year at Dublin, will compete in the races. The Dorchester ladies' lifesaving crew, consisting of six comely young ladies, will give an exhibition of fancy swimming and diving. Two big searchlights will illuminate the tank. The entry blanks may be secured at the Y. M. C. A. and at this office. The program of the events for registered athletes is as follows:

Swimming

Event 1—50 yards race.

Event 2—100 yards race, back stroke and breast stroke.

Event 3—250 yards race.

Diving

Event 4—High diving from firm take-off. Plain back dive, backward somersault, running plain dive, forward spring and forward dive, with half-twist, forward somersault, jack-knife forward.

Event 5—Fancy diving from springboard. Running front dive, back dive, front jack-knife, backward somersault, handspring dive with somersault.

Event 6—Plunge for distance.

LAKEVIEW THEATRE

The first performance of "The Parish Priest" was given by the Majestic Players at Lakeview last night before a large and appreciative audience. This is the play that Daniel Sully immortalized by his acting in the role of the parish priest and is one of such inherent beauty and pleasing comedy that its popularity today is as great as when it was first produced. In the production at Lakeview, the role of the priest is taken by Arthur Claire, and this popular actor certainly gave it a finished interpretation last evening. The whole company is one of unusual strength and skill, and the patrons of the theatre are sure to be pleased with the quality of the plays produced and the artistic manner in which they are staged.

ARTHUR E. CLAIRE

The cast of the Majestic Players' production is as follows:

Father Whalen .....Arthur Claire
Jim Welsh .....Willis D. Steadman
Dr. Edward Welsh .....Pete Craig
Frank Dougher .....Daniel Reed
Dr. Cassidy ..... Joseph Prosser
Michael ..... Harry Hughes
Nellie Durgin ..... Miss Elsie Gladys
Agnes Cassidy.... Miss Evelyn Silver
Katherine Corrigan..Miss Alice Hazen

Act I—Exterior of Dr. Cassidy's house. Faith.
Act II—The same. Hope.
Act III—Father Whalen's home. Charity.

The play will be given all this week, afternoon and evening, and all should take the advantage to witness the high class production of this famous play.

Act Well!

And that you may, profit by the health-restoring, strength-giving properties of the time-tested famous family remedy

BEECHAM'S PILLS

Sold everywhere In boxes 10c., 25c.

Baseball fans need the "IRONLESS" PANT PRESSERS after the game.

LIMB OF TREE FELL

A limb of a black ash tree at the Crane place, 613 School street, which is one of the oldest trees in these parts, fell yesterday, and greatly damaged the tree. No one was passing at the time, fortunately.

The Crane place, as it has been known in the past, is the residence now of Wm. N. Osgood, the original old house having been moved back to face Osgood street.

The tree has been one of the most beautiful in that part of the city, and it will probably be possible to save the part still standing.

LAPSE OF MEMORY

STRANGE CASE OF WEST ROXBURY MAN

FARMINGTON, Me., July 15.—A strange case of lapse of memory was reported yesterday from Kingfield, when George Lambert, who resides in West Roxbury, Mass., came to himself among strangers and in a strange country. He had just been given a drink of water by a farmer at whose house he had called.

He gave his age as 31, is single and is a gardner. He stands 5 feet 9 inches tall, is of dark complexion and smooth shaven.

He says the last he can remember, he was setting out a Japanese hedge the last of May for his employer, J. W. Tufts of 135 Corey street, West Roxbury. Since then everything is a blank.

When he recovered his memory he was neatly dressed, but had only 50 cents in his pocket. He showed no signs of hardship and can remember no sickness except a peculiar buzzing in his head. His working clothes he carried in a knapsack.

He is being cared for in Kingsfield and his former employer and his mother, Mrs. Frank Dansrow of 31 Hill Crest street, West Roxbury, have been notified, as have his two sisters, Mrs. Perry Downs and Mrs. Charles Nutting, both of Millinocket.

Lambert says he never was in Maine before.

LAKEVIEW DANCE HALL

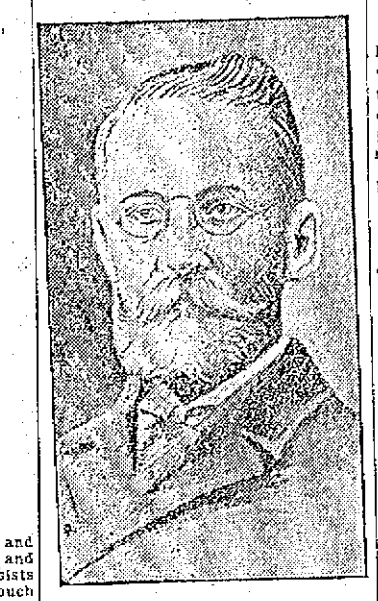
If you care to have an enjoyable time,
Take a Lakeview car and follow the line,
Where all are going in the summertime,
For the dance hall there is the coolest clime.

One of the best dancing floors in this vicinity is the one at the Lakeview dance hall, and while the majority of the dancers of Lowell are acquainted with that fact there are seven in this city who did not know it, and for the benefit of the baker's half dozen this is published. The floor manager took a course in the work at Boston and has met with remarkable success since going to the lake. Kittredge's orchestra of eight pieces is playing better than ever and the solos by John Y. Myers, reputed to be one of the best at that line in New England, are meeting with the approval of all who visit the hall. Novelty numbers will be introduced at the different sessions which are held every afternoon and evening. The hall is the real "coolest spot in town," and, judging from the large crowds attending there, the dancing public knows it. At the fountain the thirsty may procure drinks served by a most efficient corps of clerks.

MULREADY BOOMED FOR PRISON CHAIRMAN

Probation Commissioner Well Known Here

BOSTON, July 16.—There was talk yesterday that Edwin Mulready of Rockland, deputy commissioner of probation, might be appointed chairman of the prison commission by Gov. Foss. Chairman Pettigrove has been a holdover since last year, but the governor announced last week in a letter to Miss Mary Boyle O'Reilly that he expects to appoint a new commissioner soon.



EDWIN MULREADY.

Mr. Mulready is one of the foremost experts on probation work in the country. He was for years probation officer in Plymouth and Norfolk counties, and was appointed to his present position when the probation commission was created several years ago. He has not been a candidate for the position because his present work is thoroughly congenial although work has been done in his behalf by some of the men interested in prison reform.

Well Known Here

Edwin Mulready, now being boomed for chairman of the prison commission, is well and favorably known here, and comes to Lowell quite frequently in the discharge of his duties as deputy probation commissioner. He is a close friend of Probation Officer Edward F. Slattery and John A. McKenna, and has spoken before the Mathews on several occasions.

The "IRONLESS" two minutes to adjust. They work while you rest.

MAINE FARMERS

FEAR ATTACK FROM JAIL BREAKERS WHO ARE AT LARGE

PORTLAND, July 16.—The farmers and their families in the vicinity of this city are in fear of attack by four of five men who broke jail here last Thursday night. One, Harry Brown, alias Harry Willie, was captured Saturday.

The other four are at large, and it is believed they have been able to arm themselves. The store of Stephen W. Shackford at Gorham was broken into and food and knives were stolen. It is believed this was the work of the four desperate men.

Sheriff Louis W. Moulton, with a force of deputies, assisted by volunteers, is searching the woods for the convicts. It is believed the leader is Dennis Mayberry of Westbrook, Me., who is well acquainted with the country. His companions are Harry Cooney or Portland, Edward Parker of Boston and Felix Farmenzello of Portland.

The men were arrested for breaking and entering and for assault. They got out of jail by getting into an unoccupied cell and cutting a hole through the ceiling to a room from which they reached a low roof.

GOV. MARSHALL

MEETS MEMBERS OF DEMOCRATIC NATIONAL COMMITTEE

INDIANAPOLIS, July 16.—Members of the democratic national committee following its formal meeting in Chicago came here early today to confer with Governor Marshall, the party's candidate for vice president. Delegations representing the democratic clubs took the national committeemen to a hotel for breakfast at eight o'clock. The meeting with Governor Marshall was scheduled for ten o'clock at the state house and it was arranged that the guests should be escorted to the capital by several marching clubs and a band.

THE PORTUGUESE

OF THE I. W. W. HELD REGULAR MEETING LAST NIGHT

The Portuguese branch of the I. W. W. held its regular meeting at its headquarters in Hanover street last night. The principal business of the evening concerned a communication received from Agent Bowen of the Appleton company relative to requests made by the I. W. W. members who are employed in that mill. It had to do with teaching workers who were not members of the I. W. W., and also regarding men and women who had found it a physical impossibility to continue work throughout these hot days.

The reply of the mill officials was to the effect that they should reserve the right to fill all vacancies; that all workers who perform their duties properly and well may remain in the employ of the company without regard to the question of membership in a labor organization, and that all persons who were not able to work through the hot spell would not be forced to work.

If you want help at home or in your business, try The Sun "Want" column.

POLICE SUPERINTENDENT REPORTS TO MAYOR

On His Trip to Convention in Canada—He Advises Purchase of Dictagraph

Supt. of Police Redmond Welch, who has just returned from the annual convention of the International Associations of Chiefs of Police, held at Toronto, Canada, today made the following report of his trip to Mayor O'Donnell:

Lowell, Mass., July 15, 1912.

Hon. James E. O'Donnell, Mayor of Lowell.

Dear Sir: I attended the convention of the International Association of Chiefs of Police at Toronto, beginning Tuesday, July 9, and concluding Friday, July 12. There was probably a representation of 300 people present, representing cities in almost, I may say, every state in the union, together with a number throughout Canada. Letters of regret were read from the police officials of Germany, France, England, Argentine Republic, Brazil and Australia.

A great many subjects of interest to police in general were discussed, but I failed to note anything that was brought before the convention, that we are not already familiar with. Representatives of the Colt Firearms Co., Savage Automatic Co., Gamewell police and fire alarm systems, and also a demonstrator of the dictagraph, of which we have heard so much, were present. I found the dictagraph of the utmost interest and cannot but believe that its adoption will be of the greatest importance to any well regulated, up-to-date police department. The price of the same, purchased outright, I was informed would be $250. They also arrange to lease their machine. I referred the representative to you, and was informed that he would communicate with you with reference to his invention. The officials at Toronto treated us with the greatest courtesy. We were tendered the services of the street railway, ferry, and were also guests at a ball game between Toronto and Buffalo. After the game a banquet was held in our honor at which many pleasant things were said. I left Friday night and arrived home Saturday, thoroughly tired, but fully prepared to take up the task of police routine once more. Respectfully,

Redmond Welch,
Supt. of Police.

Mayor O'Donnell, in acknowledging the report, expressed pleasure at learning that the superintendent's visit was both pleasurable and profitable, and stated that he would be pleased to discuss the matter of installing a dictagraph with the superintendent or the representative of the company. His Honor also had a good word to say for Deputy Downey, who as acting superintendent, conducted the affairs of the department in an eminently satisfactory manner.

JOHN WALMSLEY OF THIS CITY

Sought Through British Consul by Daughter

Supt. Welch of the police department has received the following self-explanatory letter from the office of the British consulate-general in Boston:

British Consulate General
Boston, July 6, 1912.

Sir:—

I would esteem it a great favor if you could furnish me with any information regarding one John Walmsley, last heard of at Lowell, Mass., U. S. A. The inquiry is being made on behalf of his daughter, who states that she does not know whether he is dead or alive.

I regret that the particulars are so scanty but I am endeavoring to obtain more details.

Thanking you in anticipation of your courtesy, I am, sir,

Your obedient servant,
J. E. Bell,
Acting Consul General.

Chief of Police
Lowell, Mass.

Vacation outfit not complete without the "IRONLESS" PANT PRESSERS.

MAY WARN AMERICANS TO LEAVE THE TOWN

They Will be in Danger From Rebels

JUAREZ, Mexico, July 16.—More than 500 American citizens, together with their wives and families in towns along the Mexican Northwestern railroad are threatened with isolation far from the American border with scant means of escaping depredations of Mexican rebels.

Sufficient facts became known today of the situation along the Mexican Northwestern to warrant the statement that it would cause no surprise if the Americans in all the towns along the line were warned to leave Mexico at once.

BOY CHECK ROBBER CAUGHT IN BUFFALO

He Was Waiting for Train for Denver

NEW YORK, July 16.—Joseph Killeen, the seventeen-year-old messenger boy who left town last Saturday with more than $500,000 in checks and $220 in cash belonging to the United Cigar Stores company, was arrested yesterday in Buffalo. A detective found him in the New York Central railroad station, waiting for a train to take him to Denver Colo. The youth let slip the fact that he had thrown up a $4 a week job with the cigar company to try his luck in the west and that convinced the police he was the boy wanted in this city.

The boy explained after a while how it came about that he made up his mind to drop his bag of checks in Albany. He knew that a lot of money had been entrusted to him and he was able to realize $220 all right, but when he came to look over the checks a big fear came in to relieve the deficiencies of his imagination and he concluded that no check for more than $100,000 was a fit traveling companion for him. So when he reached Albany he hung the bag of paper on a fence in Lafayette street and moved rapidly away from there.

Joe had $99 with him when he was arrested. He had spent the rest for railroad tickets and for his keep on the way. His idea was to get to Kansas City, which he thinks is a place where cowboys make their headquarters. He appears to be less puzzled over the west than he was by the fact that there is as much money in the world as was given him to deposit with the National Bank of Commerce. He is undersized and talks like a boy considerably younger than he is. He will be held in Buffalo until an officer arrives from New York to take charge of him.

The Killeen home is at 101 Armstrong avenue, Jersey City. Joe's father is a mechanic and there are a sister and four younger brothers. Joe and his father have been bringing in the family income, and his mother said last night that it wasn't much of an income. She was crying when she said it.

CARD OF THANKS

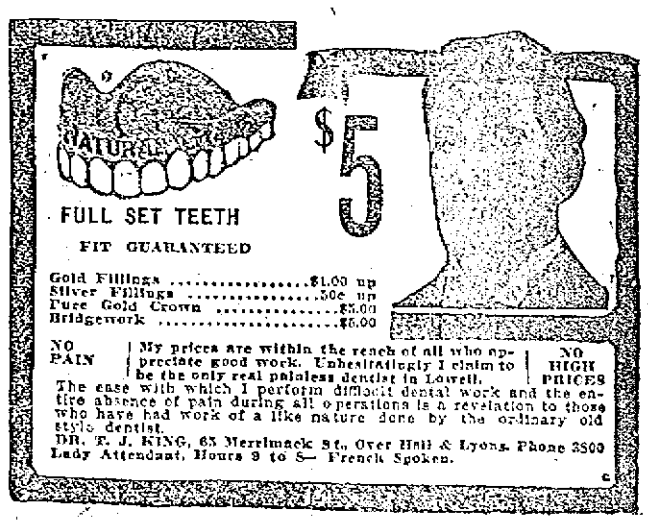
We, the undersigned, take this means of expressing our heartfelt thanks to all our relatives and friends who so kindly assisted us by words of consolation, acts of kindness and spiritual and floral offerings during the hour of our bereavement in the death of our dear wife, and mother Catherine. To each and all we are deeply grateful and their kindness will always be remembered. Signed.

Mr. William Brennan,
W. Frank Brennan,
George F. Brennan.

BEST—COOLEST

Lakeview DANCE Hall

PRETTIEST—CLASSIEST



FULL SET TEETH

FIT GUARANTEED

Gold Fillings .....$1.00 up
Silver Fillings .....50c up
Pure Gold Crown $5.00
Bridgework $5.00

NO PAIN | My prices are within the reach of all who appreciate good work. Unhesitatingly I claim to be the only real painless dentist in Lowell. | NO HIGH PRICES

The ease with which I perform difficult dental work and the entire absence of pain during all operations is a revelation to those who have had work of a like nature done by the ordinary old style dentist.

DR. T. J. KING, 65 Merrimack St., Over Hall & Lyons. Phone 3800

Lady Attendant, Hours 9 to 8— French Spoken.

THE LOWELL SUN

JOHN H. HARRINGTON, Proprietor
SUN BUILDING, MERRIMACK SQUARE, LOWELL, MASS.
Member of the Associated Press
THREE DOLLARS PER YEAR. TWENTY-FIVE CENTS PER MONTH

EXTRA SESSION TALK

The question of whether the governor will call an extra session of the legislature to put through certain measures that failed of enactment is now under discussion among the politicians of the state. The principal objects in view are the Boston tunnel, the electrification bills and the public utilities commission for a more effective control of railroads. The last named measure was one of the governor's hobbies and because of its rejection he refused to sign some of the other bills mentioned. Unless an understanding could be reached in advance as to what would be done with these various measures it would hardly be advisable to take the risk of calling an extra session that might be fruitless in results.

The legislature if now in session, however, might do something to put an end to the Boston car strike that is proving a great source of danger and inconvenience to the traveling public. Had the legislature done its full duty it would have enacted a measure similar to the law now in force in Canada for the preservation of industrial peace particularly in reference to public service corporations. Had such a measure been passed it would probably have averted the present strike and thus have saved the people of Boston and vicinity a vast amount of inconvenience while the various accidents, fatal or otherwise, that have resulted would have never occurred.

The legislature, it seems, has an important duty to perform in this matter, and if there was no other business to be attended to this alone might justify an extra session.

FOSS AND WALSH

Gov. Foss has put an end to the suspense which had become rather intense on the question of whether he would again be a candidate for re-election. He now states that he will be a candidate if Hon. David I. Walsh will run again for second place on the ticket. Mr. Walsh was ready to announce his candidacy for first place in case the governor would step aside, but now that the governor is to run again we presume Mr. Walsh will consent to be a candidate for lieutenant governor.

Foss and Walsh should constitute a winning ticket this year. There is little doubt of the re-election of the governor, and as for Mr. Walsh, he has grown very much in popular esteem since last November. He is a very able man, an orator of ability and his record is without a blemish. He would make an ideal lieutenant governor and could fill the higher place as acceptably as any man who has occupied the position for a considerable number of years.

GENERAL DELIVERY LETTERS

The postal authorities have issued an order to postmasters of large cities to stop the custom followed by certain young women of having their mail addressed to the general delivery. When they expect a letter they call frequently, importuning the clerks to an extent that is very annoying. The question is asked why they do not give their home address. The supposed reason is that they do not want anybody at home to know that they are carrying on any correspondence. The postal authorities say the general delivery window was established for the convenience of travelers, not for flirts of either sex, much less for the class that can properly be set down as home-breakers. The postal officials in some cities claim this abuse is carried to an alarming extreme. The action of the authorities would stop a great many people from using the mails for immoral purposes.

The republicans are awaiting the bandana platform, knowing that it will amount to nothing but mere bluff. Roosevelt is his own platform and Taft is "his'n". Platforms have been of no use to the republican party of late except to enable it to break its word a little oftener than it otherwise would. Roosevelt's platform is against Taft and Taft's against Roosevelt, both against the country. Better eliminate both men and their platforms and leave the contest to the democratic and prohibition party.

As the episodes of the Baltimore convention are forgotten and the result is sized up to be the best that could possibly be procured, there are those who pay high tribute to Mr. Bryan for blocking action, preventing the nomination of Clark and shaping things not for Wilson but for somebody else. The final outcome pleases the country much better than Mr. Bryan. The country thinks it is the best nomination that could be made. Mr. Bryan has a different opinion.

The republican party has not yet got over the effect of the shocks received at Chicago and Baltimore. Chicago was expected but who ever heard of the democrats nominating their strongest candidate? Not since Jefferson. It is really terrible this annihilation of the republican machine!

The republicans, we mean the honest republicans, not the robbers and money kings, are tumbling over one another to catch on to the Wilson band wagon. The best nomination since Jefferson is what they say. Victory is assured. Hurrah for Wilson!

The New Bedford police will have an opportunity to show their ability in preserving order during the strike. Much of their success will depend upon their commander. If he is a man of tact and courage a dozen cops can do more than a militia company.

Will the national conventions of the future be deprived of the opportunity for a good scrap by the mandate of the people at the preferential primaries? If the fighting features be removed it will be difficult to get democrats to attend.

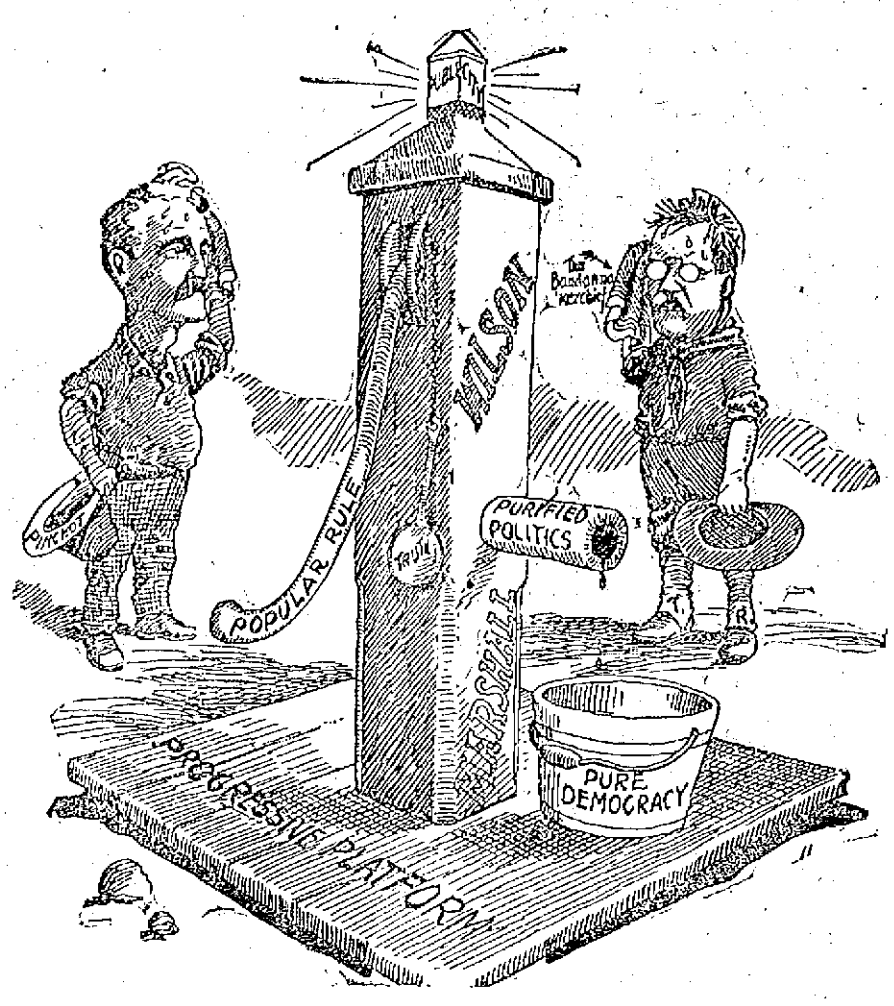
Col. Harvey, who with Col. Watterson broke with Governor Wilson when they found they could not control him, is now out for the democratic ticket. It is remarkable how many of the dissidents, high and low, are watching an opportunity to catch on to Wilson's coat-tails.

Governor Wilson has declined to appoint a campaign manager apart from the chairman of the national committee. The campaign manager plan was tried in the Parker campaign of 1904 but with disastrous results.

Goodness gracious, what's the use of Taft republicans voting for their candidate if Roosevelt is going to steal the electors! Far better is it to vote for Wilson where the vote is sure to count.

It is understood that Morse Henry of St. Louis doesn't understand this Baltimore business. He wonders now if Wilson is going to be a world wonder.

WALK UP, PROGRESSIVE PILGRIMS, AND HELP YOURSELVES



PROMINENT WOMAN HELD AS SHOPLIFTER

Mrs. Jackson Denies She Stole Anything

BROCKTON, July 16.—On complaint of a clerk in a dry goods store here, a woman who said she was Mrs. Susan Howard Jackson of 781 Warren avenue, this city, prominent in philanthropic work and reputed to be worth considerable money, was arrested on a charge of shoplifting.

Mrs. Jackson's only complaint at the "outrageous action of the police" was that she feared a score of elderly women at the Wales Home, who were to be chaperoned by her at Nantasket today, would not be able to go and have a day's pleasure, as she would have to appear in court.

Denying she had taken anything, Mrs. Jackson talked freely at her home after she had been admitted to bail. She said policemen went to her home with a warrant and searched the place. She said they took away two baskets full of vases and crockery she had bought and had been given her. She didn't know what they took it for, she said.

The clerk in the store contended he saw Mrs. Jackson slip crockery in her handbag. He admitted no one else saw the act. Mrs. Jackson says there was a colored woman following her around and she is sure the woman took some cloth out of her bag.

Mrs. Jackson has property in the city assessed for fully $5000; has done a great deal of charitable work, especially among the elderly women at the Wales Home.

WHAT A TONIC SHOULD DO

Increase the Strength and Give Vigor to the System.

Webster's dictionary defines a tonic as a medicine that increases the strength and gives vigor to the system. That tells why Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People are a real tonic. Thousands of men and women are ailing today, not sick in bed but without strength and ambition to do a full day's work. No one organ seems to be at fault yet the whole system is lacking in health. They cannot sleep or get rest, are always tired out or nervous. Many have headaches, backaches and stomach trouble. All such people need the tonic help of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People. The beneficial influence of this medicine reaches the whole system. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills do more than relieve one or two of the symptoms, they remove the cause.

The experience of Mrs. James F. Meynell, of Sullivan, Me., with this blood-making medicine is given in her own words, as follows: "My reason for recommending Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People to others is that they saved me from a long illness and probably from consumption a few years ago. When teaching a country school I became so completely run down that I could not attend to my duties. My appetite failed me and I became so weak that it was with great difficulty that I could walk upstairs. I had palpitation of the heart and was short of breath. I also lost in weight. The people with whom I boarded recommended Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People. I gave the remedy a trial and soon felt my strength returning. In a very short time I was perfectly well. More recently I again took Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. I had been suffering from rheumatism for several months. The disease settled in the joints all over my body. I could just get around the house by the aid of a chair. The pains were so sharp that I could hardly keep from screaming. I suffered all through the summer until early fall. As the doctor did not help me I again turned to Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. I gradually got better and took the pills until cured and have had no return of the rheumatism since."

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are sold by all druggists, or sent by mail, postpaid, on receipt of price, 50 cents per box; six boxes for $2.50, by the Dr. Williams Medicine Company, Schenectady, N. Y.

Everybody's Doing It

HAVING THEIR WORK DONE AT BAY STATE

It is now the good old summer time and people who are thinking of going on a vacation should look over their wardrobe and see what should go to the Bay State Dye works for cleansing and pressing. Your work done in the best possible manner and by expert workmen and with the latest improved machinery. Follow the wise ones and go to the place where you will surely be pleased.

Bay State Dye Works

D. J. Leary, Prop. 54 Prescott st.

Those Mean, Little, Brown Tail Moths!!

The sharp stinging little hairs, they drop around places and almost make you hate to see summer come — almost, but not quite, because if you have Toiletine handy to rub on the place you want to scratch, you have fooled Mr. Brown Tail. Toiletine takes away the pain and the itch of moth nettles or a mosquito bite right away. No time lost and no suffering—no digging with your nails at your own skin—none of that feeling that you would like to scratch a hole in your wrist or face. Just rub on Toiletine.

TOILETINE REGISTERED U.S. PAT. OFF.

Soothes and Heals

People use Toiletine for sunburn, chapped hands and face, cracked skin—even for hang nails. Also for cuts and burns and sprains and bruises. When and after shaving Toiletine is fine. It's a true friend to the skin and when you need it you need it bad. Get a small bottle free to try.

Write for FREE Sample

Ask for it. Send a postcard. We will send the free sample right away. Write for it now—don't wait till you have to send somebody running to the drug store to buy a bottle. After you have tried the sample you will want to buy Toiletine. All druggists sell Toiletine, 25c a bottle, and guarantee it. Money back if you want it.

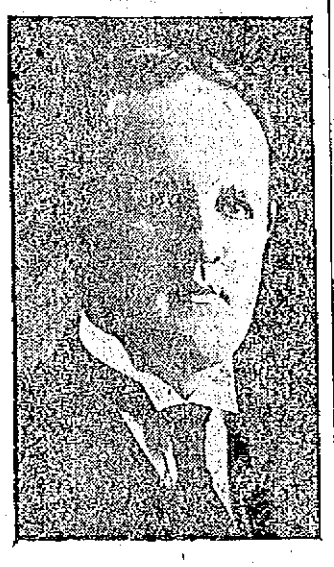
THE TOILETINE COMPANY
1316 Hope St., Greenfield, Mass.

RECALL PETITION FILED IN LAWRENCE

Against Member of the School Board

LAWRENCE, July 16.—A petition for the recall of School Committeeman John J. Breen, who was found guilty in the superior court and fined $500 for conspiracy to injure property by "planting" dynamite during the great textile strike here last spring, was filed yesterday in the clerk's office.

Those who filed the petition were



JOHN J. BREEN

the Rev. E. M. Lake, pastor of the Second Baptist church; E. L. Leighton, secretary of the Lawrence C. L. U., and former Alderman Timothy Donovan, former president of the C. L. U. The petition contained over 2500 names.

As the result of the petition a special election will probably be held, the date to be announced later after the names are verified by the city clerk. If the petition contains the names of 2591 registered voters the election date will be announced. This is the first petition for a recall under the new city charter.

The leaders in the movement believe that Breen is unfit to hold public office by reason of his conviction in the superior court.

AMERICAN GLEE CLUB NOTES

The regular meeting of the American Glee club was held at its camp at Willow Dale yesterday. President Eastman presided and all business of importance was transacted and four new members were admitted

James Curry swam the entire circuit of the lake yesterday in 1 hour and 55 minutes which is considered very fast time. Curry will uphold the colors of the club against all comers in swimming the entire lake.

President Eastman's motor launch, the Titanic, is receiving much attention lately owing to the traffic it is doing. Sunday night the camp was the scene of the first of a series of ladies' nights and a general good time was enjoyed. Halstead's orchestra rendered all the popular selections and a musical program was given by the members, the program being as follows: "Everybody's Doing It," Thomas Roghan; solo, "Honeymoon Love," Alex Ray; recitation, "The Green House on the Farm," Wm. McPherson; solo, "Garden of Love," James Johnston; solo "Where You Bain Going," John Eastman; recitation, "You Can Keep Your Xmas Dinner," Lanpo Gorman. Refreshments were served and the party broke up at a late hour. Among the guests were members of the Monhegans and Lenox campers.

D. Roghan is "cutting up" of late. He has been seen at the lake quite frequently.

A new swimming raft was launched Saturday and it was well occupied yesterday.

Thomas Cavarty pulled in a 4 lbs. bass Saturday night.

The Glee club will hold an open camp Sunday afternoon and all friends are invited to visit the place for inspection.

An Easy Trip Through Yellowstone Park

What can wipe out the weariness of a hard winter like a good vacation trip? And nowhere else in all the world are there so many curious and awe-inspiring sights as in Yellowstone National Park.

The journey to the entrance itself via the Burlington Route is full of pleasure and once inside, you are in a world of wonders. Your tour of the Park may be made by stage-coach with stops at perfectly appointed hotels, or if you care for tent life you can spend a glorious week in camping out. Day after day is filled with eye-delighting geysers, mountain vistas that stretch to heaven, rocks the color of a sunset, and strange tumbling rivers that plunge thousands of feet in thundering falls. You will come home made over in mind and body.

I can make your trip all the more enjoyable if you will write me asking any questions you may want to know. I'm employed by the Burlington Route to look after your interests and it's my job to take as many of the little details off your mind as possible. I'll send you our beautiful illustrated folders, I'll tell you about special excursion rates and when is the best time to go. I'll buy and deliver your railroad and sleeper tickets and I'll fix everything so you won't have a worry during the whole trip. Just write me—a postal will do.

Alex Stocks, New England Pass. Agent, C. B. & Q. R. R., 264 Washington St., Boston, Mass.

CUT PRICES ON

Leather Goods

DEVINE'S

124 MERRIMACK STREET
Repairing, Etc. Telephone 2161

PUTNAM & SON CO.

166 CENTRAL STREET.

Excellent Suits

AT MOST ECONOMICAL PRICES

The following lots have brought us a splendid business.

Men's and Young Men's Suits, sold for $12, $13.50 and $15, in a Sale for $9.50

All new this season, every coat made with a hand felled collar, and representing the most desirable models of the season.

Worsteds, cassimeres, cheviots, in blue grays, grays, tans and browns. Suits sold for $12, $13.50 and $15, now $9.50

50 Suits from our Young Men's Stock, $4.95

All small sizes from 30 to 33 breast measure. Just the right sizes for boys 14 to 17 years. Capital chance to save the boy's better suit through vacation.

These suits are from lots that sold for $10, $12 and even higher. There isn't a bit of trouble with these suits except the sizes. They're small—and we are quite ready to sell them for a ridiculously small figure..... $4.95

Blue Serge Suits $7.75

Coat, vest and long trousers—from the young men's stock—more trouble with small sizes. These are 30 to 32 breast measure—fit boys 14 to 16. All wool—warranted fast color—sold for $10, and the large sizes are $10 today—These small serge suits..... $7.75

Boy Scout Shoes $1.88, instead of $2.50

The genuine Scout Shoes bearing the official seal of the "Boy Scouts of America." Made from soft brown calf skin, with Elk hide soles—bellows tongues to keep out the dirt—

Best shoes made for camp, country, seashore or tramping $1.88

KOSHER MEAT SHOPS FORCED TO CLOSE

Butchers Found There Was No Business

BOSTON, July 16.—Twenty butchers who opened their meat shops last Thursday were forced to close their shops yesterday by lack of business, resulting from the kosher meat strike.

The butchers who closed their shops yesterday claimed that since they opened they did not take in enough money to pay the cost of the ice necessary to preserve the meat. More butchers are expected to lock their meat shops today.

The third week of the kosher meat strike started yesterday with 200 pickets surrounding the open meat shops in the West End. Extra details of police were on guard, and there was no serious trouble. Mrs. Eva Hoffman, president of the Mothers' Protective association and leader of the Boston kosher meat strikers, left the city yesterday for a week's rest at Wilmington, Mass., and temporarily gave up her leadership to Mrs. Annie Finkelstein, leader of the Malden boycotters.

A committee consisting of Mrs. Rose Herman and David Knaller waited on Henry H. Levenson, secretary of the Jewish community of Greater Boston, and asked him to call a mass meeting of all the presidents of congregations, lodges and trade unions of Greater Boston and ask them to join the meat campaign. Mr. Levenson promised that he will help the committee to carry the plan through.

FIRST AID FOR ACHES

The Severest Pains of Rheumatism, Lumbago, Sciatica, Sore Muscles, Neuralgia, Stiff Neck, Tonsilitis, Croup, Colic, Quinsy Sore Throat, Asthma, Sprains, Back Ache, Uterine and Ovarian Pains, Chest Pains, and all Soreness arising from Inflammation or Congestion, quickly, safely and easily relieved by the new remedy,

FYRO FLEECE

FYRO FLEECE relieves any pain caused by Congestion or Inflammation almost instantly. It is what the doctors call a counter irritant—yet different, pleasanter and safer than anything of this nature you have ever used before.

FYRO is a soft, light, clean and delightfully soothing medicated fleece, that lies flat on the skin, sending to the pain-affected part a continuous stream of gentle curative heat, that quickly reduces all inflammation and swelling, removes all congestion, and drives away all soreness, ache and pain.

To get its effect, merely lay the FYRO on the skin where the pain is. Pin it to the underclothing and go about your work. Forget you are wearing FYRO, and in ten minutes forget you ever had a pain.

Next time you need a plaster, poultice or hot water bag try FYRO instead. FYRO is not a plaster, not a hot water bag, not a poultice, but does all that these things do, and, in addition, has these advantages:

FYRO needs no warming. It is always ready. It never cools like a hot water bottle. It never sticks like a mustard plaster. It never becomes clammy like a poultice. It will not blister the tenderest skin. Made by the Fyro Company, Syracuse, N. Y.

No Family Medicine Chest Complete Without It.
A Large 25c Package Gives Quick Relief to Any Pain, or Money Back

Sold by all the Riker-Jaynes Drug Stores

THE SUN CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS

TO LET

FURNISHED ROOMS TO LET FOR light housekeeping; bathing suits; auto storage stable connected; two kitchens and two dining rooms. Mrs. M. A. Hastings, Manchester House, at the end of Portsmouth ave., Hampton Beach, N. H.

MODERN COTTAGE AND STABLE to let, with two stalls and lot of carriage and storage room; $15 per month, at 58 Main st. Inquire at 252 Lincoln street.

PRACTICALLY NEW 6-ROOM TENEment to let; hot and cold water; on West Ninth st. Inquire 16 Elmwood ave.

A FIVE AND SIX ROOM FLAT TO let; pantry, bath, set tubs, hard wood floor, gas, electricity and furnished throughout; rent $12. Apply at 778 Gorham st.

TWO TENEMENTS OF 5 ROOMS each, to let at 598 Gorham st. Inquire on premises.

ONE-HALF DOUBLE HOUSE TO let; six square rooms; eight minutes' walk from square; rent $2.75 per week; at 24 West Fourth st. Inquire at 22.

5-ROOM TENEMENT TO LET; JUST remodelled like new; gas, water, toilet; separate back door; $7 per week. Rear 712 Gorham st. Keys at 1021 Gorham street.

5-ROOM UPPER FLAT AT 25 BURlington ave., to let. 6-room tenement at 63 Tyler st.; modern conveniences. Inquire on premises.

NEW STORES, ALL SIZES, TO let very reasonable; corner Lakeview ave. and West Sixth st. Apply to Eugine Chaput, agent, 146 Orleans st., Centralville, or phone 1232-5.

FURNISHED ROOMS TO LET; GAS and bath, $1 upwards. Mrs. McMillan, Gallagher House, William st.

TENEMENT OF FIVE ROOMS TO let. Apply to Mrs. Cole, 33 North st.

FOUR-ROOM TENEMENTS THAT are really clean and desirable with separate toilet and cellar. Best of neighborhood and location. George E. Brown, 79 Chestnut st.

MODERN 8-ROOM HOUSE TO LET; stable and auto shed, hard wood floors, steam heat, set tubs at 103 So. Loring st. Inquire at 118 So. Loring st. Tel. 2318-3.

5-ROOM TENEMENT TO LET; bath, hot water, $12.00, at 195 Grand st. Apply Schutz Furniture Co., 332 Middlesex st.

FIRST CLASS TENEMENT IN A desirable location in the Highlands, to let; good lot of land $16 per month. Apply to Eugene G. Russell, 407 Middlesex st.

BARN TO LET, FOR THREE horses and lots of carriage room; would make a fine place for a garage, near Westford st. $6 a month. Apply to Eugene G. Russell, 407 Middlesex st.

4-ROOM TENEMENT TO LET NEAR mills, $8 per month. Apply to Eugene G. Russell, 407 Middlesex st.

MODERN 5-ROOM FLAT AND large open attic, to let; hardwood floors, hot and cold water, open plumbing, steam heat, gas and electricity for lighting; electric bells and speaking tubes; large lot of land for garden, in the most desirable part of the Highlands. Price $25 per month. Apply to Eugene G. Russell, 407 Middlesex st.

FIVE ROOM LOWER TENEMENT to let at 112 Chapel st; also five-room upper tenement at 108 Chapel st. Apply to Mr. Kelley, 108 Chapel st.

LARGE HOUSE TO LET AT 815-819 Merrimack st. Suitable for large family or lodging house. Rent reasonable. C. A. Richardson, Five Cent Savings Bank.

5-ROOM FLAT TO LET, WITH ALL modern conveniences; hot and cold water, set tubs, bath, steam heat, large veranda at 74 Walker st., off Broadway. Inquire 202 Hildreth bldg. Tel. 1888.

NEWLY FIXED UP FLATS AT 43 and 55 Elm st., to let; 4 and 5 rooms each. One flat 4 rooms, 149 Cushing st., $1.50 a week; one big 7-room tenement, 43 Prospect st., $10 month. Inquire Jos. Flynn, 71 Chapel st.

UPSTAIRS FLAT OF 5 ROOMS AT 177 Stackpole st., to let; rent $15. Bath, pantry, hot and cold water, wash trays, hardwood floors, gas and electric light. Inquire Geo. Fairburn, 351 High st.

7-ROOM COTTAGE TO LET AT 61 Claire st. Modern improvements. Inquire at 16 Marginal st.

5-ROOM TENEMENTS TO LET; COR. Agawam and Grifin sts. Just been remodeled; up to date, $2.50 and $2.75 per week. Inquire of Greenwood Bros. or O. O. Greenwood, 180 Hale st. Tel. 3615-1 or 535-13.

Baby Carriage Tires

Put on, 25c up. Prompt service and good work.

Geo. H. Bachelder

POST OFFICE SQUARE

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE

TWO TENEMENT AND STORE FOR sale; stocked, $3100. 5-room cottage, store, $1600. 4-room cottage, barn, $1200. Two cottages, $1250. A good variety store, $600; will exchange. If you have $200 and want a home see F. L. Vance, 88 Third st., Centralville.

SMALL GROCERY, CONFECTIONery, tobacco, cigars, ice cream and tonic store, for sale; doing a good cash business. Price very low. 553 Gorham st.

NEAR FLOYD STREET, MODERN two-tenement house of 7 and 5 rooms to each tenement for sale. Baths, pantries, hot and cold water. Never vacant. A splendid investment and a fine house. $3600. Abel R. Campbell, 417 Middlesex st., cor. Thorndike.

NEAR MT. VERNON ST. 10 ROOM house for sale, in absolutely perfect condition, bath, furnace heat, nice lot land, near cars. $3100. Abel R. Campbell, 417 Middlesex st., cor. Thorndike.

NEAR STEVENS STREET, NEW two-tenement house for sale; 5 rooms each tenement, steam bath pantry, cem. cellar, slate roof, hardwood floors, electricity, fine lot of land. Very high and dry location. Two minutes to cars. $4700. Abel R. Campbell, 417 Middlesex st., cor. Thorndike.

SEVERAL DESIRABLE HOUSE lots at Old Orchard, Me., for sale cheap. Write or apply today to Eugene G. Russell, 407 Middlesex st.

ON HIGHLAND HEIGHTS

House of 8 rooms with pantry and bath, steam heat, electric light and gas. All hardwood floors, 4000 ft. of land, situated on Chauncey ave., near St. Margaret's church. The best value ever offered in this section.

PRICE FOR QUICK SALE **$3500** WORTH $4500

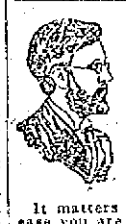
Inquire of Abraham Chalifoux, R. F. D., Chelmsford Centre.

SITUATIONS WANTED

STRONG, CAPABLE WOMAN WOULD like work at house cleaning or office cleaning. Address C 6, Sun Office.

YOUNG MAN, HIGH SCHOOL GRADuate, with knowledge of stenography and typewriting wants position. Address B 27, Sun Office.

WOMAN WANTS ONE OR TWO children to mind, to be taken home nights. Address 164 Warren st.



FREE TO THE SICK

It matters not the name of the disease you are suffering with, how many physicians you have taken treatment with, do not be discouraged. DR. TEMPLE'S TREATMENT WILL CURE YOU. Cancers, Tumors, all Acute and Chronic Blood and Nervous Diseases of Men and Women; Hydrocele, Varicocele, Stricture, Prostatic Diseases, Piles, Fistula, Fissures, Ulcers, and all Rectal Diseases WITHOUT THE USE OF THE KNIFE. Diseases of the Eye, Ear, Nose, Throat, Skin, Stomach, Liver, Kidneys, Bladder, Bowels and Rectum, Epilepsy, and all Nervous diseases.

Terms are always made to suit the convenience of anyone applying for treatment, and very reasonable charges. Do not treat elsewhere until you have investigated methods and terms. Lowell office, 97 Central street, Mansur Block, Wednesdays, 2 to 4; 7 to 8. Sundays, 10 to 12. Consultation, Examination, Advice FREE.

Boston Office, 68 Court st. Hours Daily, 10 to 8; also by Appointment.

Middlesex Street Investment

ASSESSED $7600
PRICE $6500
RENTS $1080

If this looks good see me at once.

W. E. DODGE
22 CENTRAL STREET

DO YOU WANT AN ELEVATOR?

We have a dandy for sale. Come and look at it. Inquire at The Sun Office.

A LITTLE NONSENSE

MISTAKE SOMEWHERE.

Hubby—I went to a palmist today, and she told me I was all that is noble and good.

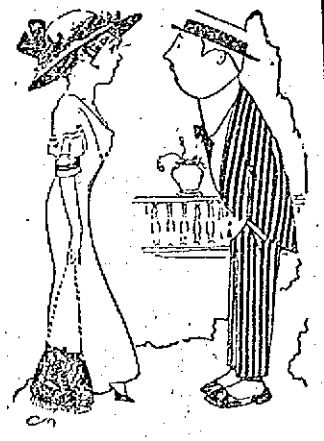
Wifey—She must have read your palm with your glove on.

QUITE AN IDEA.

Mazie—I'll get even with her.

Marie—How?

Mazie—I'll tell her she must have been rather pretty as a girl.



THE HAPPY FAMILY.

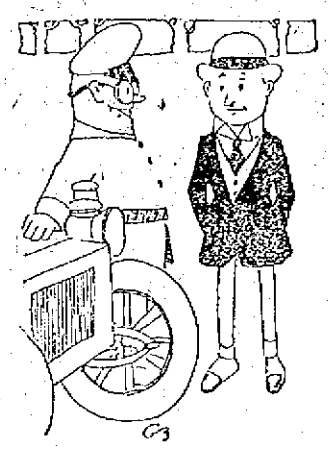
Wifey—Mrs. Biggs has invited me to make her a nice, long visit.

Hubby—When do you expect to call her bluff?

HIS OPINION.

"Do you think the average girl will accept a man as soon as he proposes?"

"As soon as he proposes? Great Scott, man, she'll accept him as soon as he begins to propose."



A PENDING DIVORCE.

"Who gets the custody of the automobile?"

"I told my wife she might have it. I can't keep up a machine and pay alimony, too."

STUPID!

Mr. Pfusser—Aren't you most *ready*?

Mrs. Pfusser—I wish you'd stop asking me that question. I've been telling you for the last hour that I'd be ready in a minute.

SUMMER RESORTS.

CAMP TO LET NEAR BELLE Grove. Inquire 66 Willow st.

SALEM WILLOWS—PRIVATE SAILing parties and fishing trips. See the beautiful North shore. Address Merrill Landing, Salem Willows, Mass.

BUNGALOW TO LET AT OLD ORchard, Me., for September; pleasantly situated; three bed rooms and kitchen; $8 per week. Tel. 3378-1.

CAMP TO LET—5 ROOMS, ALL screened; large piazza, with boat, at Keyes' pond, Groton road, Westford. Apply to Mr. Hobson, Normal school, Lowell, or on premises.

NEW HOUSE HAMPTON BEACH to let; rent low for July. Inquire Mahoney, 370 Lakeview ave.

SIX FURNISHED COTTAGES TO let at Salisbury Beach; $8 to $10 per week, excepting holidays; 15 minute walk from centre. Apply Mrs. M. Allen, 851 Essex st., Lawrence.

CAMP TO LET, NEAR BEAVER Brook, N. Pelham, N. H. Well furnished, boats, swings, spring water; wood for use. Near store and post office. 7 minutes from electric cars. Call at 61 Church st.

THE OCEAN PARK HOUSE, LYNN Beach is now open for the season. Best home cooking and the finest bathing along the coast. Mrs. T. Finnan, Prop.

THREE ROOM CAMP FOR SALE; motor boat, boat house, floating wharf, on north side of Merrimack; three minutes' walk from Stanley's; price $350. Address 24½ French st., Methuen.

Hampton Beach, N. H. LOW RATES FOR JULY

At the Pelham. Most beautiful beach on the coast; many places accessible by trolley; our modern hotel is on the beach front; leaflets sent. H. W. Ford, Prop.

Carroll Bros.

Plumbers, Steam Fitters and Sheet Metal Workers

36 Middle St. Telephone 1650

SPECIAL NOTICES

HAVE YOUR OLD CARPETS MADE into handsome and durable rugs. Tel. or write, Lowell Steam Carpet Cleaning Works, 42 Weed st.

I BUY SECOND HAND FURNITURE of all kinds. Highest spot cash prices paid. A. S. Edwards, 531 Dutton st. Tel. 1975-5.

PIANOS AND ORGANS TUNED AND repaired. Tuning $1.00. J. Kershaw, 199 Cumberland road.

BENT'S NO. 1 KILLS LICE ON children. Excellent for browntail moth itching, ivy poison, hives, mange, salt rheum, falling hair. 25 cents at Falls & Burkinshaw's.

LIMBURG CO., CHIMNEY EXPERTS —Chimneys swept and repaired. Residence 1175 Bridge st. Tel. 945.

THE SUN IN BOSTON—THE SUN IS on sale every day at both news stands of the Union station in Boston. Don't forget this when taking your train for Lowell.

WANTED

BOARDERS AND ROOMERS WANTed. Ladies $2.00, gentlemen $2.50. Electric lights, hot and cold water, baths, steam heated rooms. Quincy House, 53 Lee st. Mrs. McGregor sets a first class table and her bed chambers are clean in every respect.

CHILDREN WANTED TO BOARD at a good place in the country. Address Mrs. Frederick McKee, Kenwood, Dracut, Kilby st., cement house.

BOARDERS AND ROOMERS WANTed. Ladies $2.25, gentlemen $2.75. Hot and cold water baths, steam heated rooms. Fleming House, 41 Rock st.

Pekin Restaurant

The BEST PLACE in the city to get your DINNER during the hot weather is at the Pekin, 29 Central st. Open Sundays. Prompt and efficient service.

MONUMENTS AND MEMORIALS Of all descriptions in granite, marble and bronze. Our manufacturing plant has the most modern power equipment and every labor saving device.

GUMB BROS.
Cor. Gorham and Anderson Sts.
Near Edson Cemetery.
Telephone 1017.

CUT GRANITE FOR SALE

All the cut granite, front of first story of Y. M. C. A. building in Hurd st., must be sold and removed at once.

FOR SALE

CARRIAGE SHOP FOR SALE CONsisting of horse shoeing and general jobbing; also paint shop with tools and stock. For particulars write to F. D. Currier, 55 Howe st., Methuen, Mass.

BATH TUB FOR SALE, IN GOOD condition. Address C 3, Sun Office.

MUST BE SOLD. A MARVELOUS bargain, a piano for only $39, that cost $400. It is in the best of condition. Call tomorrow. W. F. Trumbell, 101 Westford st.

TWO HORSE POWER ELECTRIC motor, d. c. 500 voltage G. E., for sale; good condition; or exchange for stationary gasoline engine. Call or write, Hill, 17 Arlington st.

HIND PART OF A THREE TIER wood wagon, for sale; good condition. A. A. Brown, 73 Inland st. Tel. 2329.

SAW AND WOOD TURNING MILL for sale; good business, custom sawing and manufacture tool handles. Price $2000. Part on time. Write J. M. Hull, Madison, Conn.

UPRIGHT PIANO FOR SALE; little used, standard make; low price for quick sale, at 65 Dover st.

THREE TWO-HORSE AND ONE single horse dump carts, one stone wagon, single and double harnesses, also lot of shelving and doors suitable for a shoe store, for sale. Everything in first class condition. Inquire J. W. McCarthy, 120 Adams st., South Lawrence, Mass. Tel. 1690, Lawrence.

ROLL TOP DESK FOR SALE; IN perfect condition. Made of oak. Plenty of pigeon-holes and eight drawers. Can be seen at my office. Cheap. Abel R. Campbell, 417 Middlesex st., cor. Thorndike.

BEEF COW FOR SALE, IN EXCELlent condition. 468 Central st. Tel. 1384.

MISCELLANEOUS

ELIE COTE, GENERAL CONTRACtor for well digging, cementing and stone work of all kinds. R. F. D. No. 1, Lowell, Mass.

DRINK GLORIA FOR HEALTH. Sold everywhere.

E. F. Gilligan Co.

PAINTERS AND PAPERHANGERS

Kalsomining; hardwood floors polished. Estimates given on all work. Res. 111 Cabot st. Tel. 3607-2.

Splendid Pasture

To let, splendid pasture land for horses. Beautiful spring water from trout brook. $6.00 for the season. Gregoire's farm, Tyngsboro, just above Lakeview. Inquire at Gregoire's Millinery Store, 145 Merrimack st.

The Taylor Roofing Co.

Are sole agents for Marley's Rubber Roofing for Lowell and adjoining towns —All goods delivered to any part of the city free of charge. 35 years practical experience at roofing. Galvanized nails used for shingling. Shop and residence 140 Humphrey St. Tel. 900.

MANUFACTURERS OF

Cabinet Work of All Kinds to Order

Stores and offices fitted up. Wood turning, Jobbing and repairing. Old furniture repaired and finished. New furniture made to order.

40 Fletcher Street Telephone

F. W. CRAGIN & CO.
LOWELL, MASS.

CHIN LEE & CO.

Chinese and American Restaurant

Dining rooms reserved for ladies or private parties. This restaurant is open from 11.30 a. m. to 1 a. m. including Sundays. 117 Merrimack st., near John st. Telephone 1322.

HELP WANTED

OUTSIDE CUTTERS AND McKAY sewers wanted. Mears, Feeley & Adams, Lincoln st.

COOK WANTED. APPLY PARK Hotel.

CHAMBER MAID WANTED AT once. Apply New American Hotel.

AN EXPERIENCED MACHINE warp drawer wanted; steady work; good pay. Write Box C 7, Sun Office.

GOOD FARMER WANTED, ALSO two farm hands; $2 per day. Inquire John Flynn, Freemont ave., Dracut Centre.

WEAVERS, CARDROOM HANDS, finishing hands wanted. Come ready for work Tuesday morning; out of town fares advanced. A Martel, 407 Middlesex st.

HELP WANTED ON RESERVOIR, Sixth st.; pay 22 cents per hour. Apply to foreman.

TWO FIRST CLASS SHOE CUTTERS wanted on men's work. Field-Lambert Co., 21 West Adams st.

YOUNG LADY WANTED AT ONCE as billing clerk and stenographer. Apply by letter stating experience and salary expected. The Holbrook Marshall Co., Wholesale Grocers, Nashua, N. H.

EXPERIENCED KITCHEN AND table girl wanted at 92 John st.

HELP WANTED FOR TAILOR SHOP. Call at once. 365 Market st. Tel. 2912-4.

20 SHOVELERS WANTED AT ONCE. Apply to John A. Healey, Granitville, Mass.

GOVERNMENT WANTS POST OFfice clerks, carriers, $85 month. Lowell examinations coming. Coaching free. Franklin Institute, Dept. 158 R., Rochester, N. Y.

EARN $10 WEEKLY ADDRESSING postcards at home. Bunch of cards and particulars 10c. G. W. Keena, Station D, Grand Rapids, Mich.

WORSTED DRAWING ROOM HELP wanted. Worsted twisters and spinners. Apply Hillsborough Mills, Wilton, N. H.

Stitchers Wanted

We need 4 back stay stitchers, 4 closers-on, 4 top stitchers, and can use operators on many other parts. Derry Shoe Co., Derry, N. H.

Help Wanted

WORSTED CAP SPINNERS and DOFFERS. WORSTED RING AND CAP TWISTERS. Apply Silesia Worsted Co., North Chelmsford, Mass.

WANTED —FANCY— Woolen Weavers

APPLY BAY STATE MILLS

Weavers - Wanted

TALBOT MILLS

NORTH BILLERICA

Knitters---Loopers

EXPERIENCED AND LEARNERS Steady Work Guaranteed

Shaw Stocking Co

PROPOSALS

BUILDING DEPARTMENT

Separate sealed proposals will be received at the office of the Inspector of Buildings, Saturday, July 20, 1912, between 9 a. m. and 10 a. m. for the following:

PLASTERING
ELECTRICAL WORK

at Hose 9 Fire Engine House on Lincoln street.

No bid will be accepted previous to 9 a. m., or after 10 a. m.

Specifications for the work may be seen at the office of the Inspector of Buildings at City Hall, daily from 9 a. m. till 4 p. m.

The Commissioner of Public Property and Licenses and the Inspector of Buildings reserve the right to reject any or all proposals.

Per order
LAWRENCE CUMMINGS,
Commissioner.
FRANCIS A. CONNOR,
Inspector.

MONEY TO LOAN

LOANS

to mill operatives, clerks and housekeepers at 12 per cent, payable in weekly payments. No investigations or red tape. No delays; you get the money same day of application. Business strictly confidential. Two private offices.

Equitable Loan Co.
67 MERRIMACK STREET
Rooms 202-203 Hildreth Bldg., up one flight at head of stairs.
Tel. 1888

THIS MEANS YOU

Every working man and woman. Loans made while you wait. No delay. No charge for application.

Interest 1 Per Cent. Per Month

Lowell LOAN CO.
22 CENTRAL STREET
Fourth Floor Take Elevator
Open 8 a. m. to 6 p. m., Fridays until 8 p. m., and Mondays and Saturdays until 9 p. m.

LOST AND FOUND

TRIP BOOK ON PENNSYLVANIA R. R. found. Owner can have same by proving property and paying for this adv. at 45 Moody st., William Shanley.

POCKETBOOK LOST SUNDAY night, either on Central st. or Church st. Reward if returned to 105 Church street.

BROOCH PIN LOST SATURDAY eve., in Colonial theatre. Reward at 57 Marshall st.

LADY'S GOLD WATCH AND BLUE watch pin, lost Saturday noon, on Gorham st., between Davis sq. and Moore st. Reward if returned to 598 Gorham st.

POULTRY FOR SALE

MRS. HAVEN'S BABY CHICK CURE will cure white diarrhoea in baby chicks in two hours, or money refunded. Sold at J. B. Cover's, 160 Middle st.

NEAR FORREST STREET

A fine 7-room cottage, hot water heat, cemented cellar, large lot of land, all in good repair. Price **$2200**

NEAR PINE STREET

An up-to-date 10-room house, bath, hot and cold water, steam heat, set tubs, laundry, open fireplaces; 4 minutes to cars. Price..... **$5200**

IN CHELMSFORD

A nice 8-room house, furnace heat, water in house, 3 acres of land, fruit trees, berry bushes, strawberry vines, barn and carriage shed, hen houses, near a large pond. Price **$4500**

Eugene G. Russell
407 Middlesex St., Near Depot

STORAGE FOR FURNITURE

Separate rooms $1 per month for regular $2 two-horse load. The driest and cleanest place for storage in Lowell. Telephone connection. O. F. Prentiss, 356 Bridge st.

Dr. E. A. Kent DENTIST

When you want to have your teeth attended to, either for extracting or filling, or even if you want a new set of teeth, try Dr. Kent. You can always be sure that your work will be the best and most satisfactory. It is very important that you should always get the best and Dr. Kent is prepared to attend to your wants at short notice. Once a customer always a customer.

407 Middlesex St.

DWYER & CO.

PAINTERS' DECORATORS AND PAPER HANGERS

Estimates on all kinds of jobs, large or small, at 370 Appleton street.

W. A. LEW

Steam dyeing and cleansing of ladies' and gents' wearing apparel. 30 years in the business.

40 JOHN STREET

THE SUN'S DAILY PICTURE PUZZLE

MA YELL FOR IT.
Oh! do not call me early, Ma!
The work will surely keep—
If I'm to be queen of the beauty show,
I'll need my beauty sleep.

Where is Ma?

ANSWER TO YESTERDAY'S PUZZLE

Left side down, under right arm.

WE CARRY A COMPLETE LINE OF

HOUSEHOLD FURNISHINGS

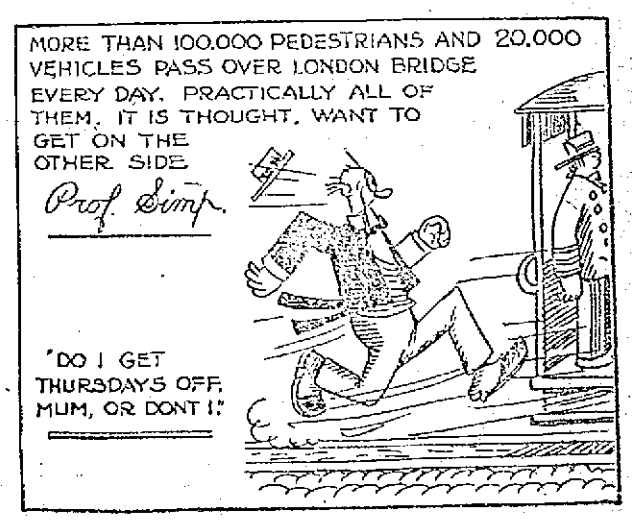
AT LOWEST PRICES, AND ARE SOLE AGENTS IN LOWELL FOR THE CELEBRATED

CRESCENT RANGE

PETER DAVEY

384 MARKET ST. TELEPHONE CONNECTION 78-3

FURNITURE DEALER, UNDERTAKER, FUNERAL DIRECTOR



TRAINS TO AND FROM BOSTON

SOUTHERN DIV.

To Boston Lve.	To Boston Arr.	From Boston Lve.	From Boston Arr.
5.45	6.50	8.00	8.41
6.23	7.26	6.14	7.32
6.48	7.30	7.23	8.28
x6.40	7.53	7.58	8.43
7.00	8.00	x8.21	9.25
7.21	8.03	9.00	9.37
x7.28	8.48	9.30	10.07
7.58	8.33	10.00	10.36
8.00	8.38	11.30	12.07
x8.10	10.22	12.30	1.07
9.45	10.28	1.00	1.37
9.33	11.03	2.00	2.36
10.33	11.10	3.00	3.31
11.05	11.45	b3.47	5.02
12.13	1.00	4.00	4.36
1.45	2.23	x4.14	5.12
2.34	3.27	5.00	5.37
3.23	4.05	b5.21	6.32
3.33	4.15	5.27	6.15
4.37	5.31	b6.31	7.06
5.25	6.15	x6.14	7.10
b5.11	7.14	6.40	8.37
6.17	7.00	8.00	9.07
7.14	7.52	10.30	11.38
9.45	10.27	11.17	12.15

WESTERN DIV.

To Boston Lve.	To Boston Arr.	From Boston Lve.	From Boston Arr.
6.46	7.57	x6.55	8.06
8.05	9.06	8.23	9.25
9.35	10.43	9.14	10.29
x10.10	11.19	10.55	11.56
11.05	12.15	11.50	12.54
12.02	1.10	2.14	3.22
x1.27	2.32	3.39	4.43
3.17	6.23	6.14	6.11
7.06	8.19	6.03	7.34
9.56	11.14	7.00	7.50
		9.35	10.37

SUNDAY TRAINS

WESTERN DIVISION

8.25	9.23	8.00	8.08
12.10	1.35	12.00	1.10
3.30	4.45	2.14	3.21
6.45	7.00	3.30	4.46
8.50	10.02	8.20	8.58
		8.40	9.12

SUNDAY TRAINS

SOUTHERN DIVISION

6.48	7.50	9.00	10.00
7.21	8.05	10.00	10.59
8.08	9.03	11.30	12.07
8.48	9.49	1.00	1.52
9.20	10.12	5.30	6.32
10.20	11.21	8.00	8.52
2.28	3.05	8.30	9.08
5.10	6.00	9.15	10.10
6.23	7.05	10.14	10.55
7.31	8.10	10.29	11.05
9.45	10.27		

References:

x Runs to Lowell Saturdays only.
a Via Lawrence Junction.
b Via Bedford.
6 Via Salem Jct.
x Via Wilmington Junction.
n Will not run September 2.

LOCAL NEWS

Commercial printery, Tobin's.

Try Lawler's for Printing, 29 Prescott.

When placing insurance consult J. F. Donohoe, Donovan building, Tel.

If your teeth trouble you, see Dr. Gagnon, 461 Merrimack street.

Arthur P. Knapp of this city is at Renebago, Rangeley Lakes, Me.

Mr. L. J. Barnum is spending a pleasant vacation at Kennebunk, Me.

Mr. Benjamin Green is at Old Orchard for a few weeks.

Mr. L. L. Hall is at Intervale, N. H., for a short time.

Mr. and Mrs. John J. Doherty are at York beach for the summer.

C. K. Robbins of this city is at Old Orchard, Me.

Mr. J. M. McEvoy of this city is at Old Orchard beach for a short time.

Mrs. A. G. Williams and family are at Lake Sunapee, N. H.

A daughter has been born to Mr. and Mrs. D. St. Pierre of Ardell street.

A daughter has been born to Mr. and Mrs. Cyrille Labrie.

Mr. and Mrs. John W. Stott of this city are at Beachwood, Me., for the summer.

Edward E. Moore of this city is spending his vacation at Old Orchard, Me.

Mr. and Mrs. Sheldon W. Churchill and daughter are at Lake Winnepesaukee.

Lawyer Albert J. Blazon of this city is spending a short vacation at Old Orchard beach.

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Scribner and son Harold of Westford street are at Beachmont, Me., for a few weeks.

Mrs. M. B. Farrington of this city is at the Russell cottage, Kearsage, N. H., for the summer.

Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Hall are spending a most pleasant vacation at Intervale, N. H.

Mr. and Mrs. V. G. Barnard of Harvard street are at Beachwood, Me., for several weeks.

Mrs. James Beede and Miss Beede of Westford street are at the Hillside house, Campton, N. H.

Mr. and Mrs. Ernest Gardner of Parker street are spending their vacation at York beach, Me.

Miss Aurore Tourangeau of Gershom avenue is visiting relatives in Albany, Troy and New York city.

Edmour Foisy of Hildreth street has accepted a position as clerk at the Old Lowell National bank.

Mrs. Victorie Lahaise of Gershom avenue is enjoying a two-weeks' rest at Lewiston, Me.

Miss Marietta O'Neil of 11 Carter avenue is spending the month of July in Etna, N. H.

Mrs. Eudore Morin of Aiken avenue and her two daughters, Laura and Yvonne, are spending a couple of weeks in Bradford, N. H.

Arthur Glouet, a graduate of the class of 1912 of the high school, has accepted a position on the clerical force of the Bigelow Carpet Co.

Tomorrow morning at 8 o'clock, in St. Patrick's church, an anniversary mass of requiem will be celebrated for the repose of the soul of the late Mrs. Julia Saunders.

Mrs. Maxime Papillon of St. Ours, Que., Mr. and Mrs. Fred Papillon and their sons, Albert and Pierre, are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Alfred Bibeault of Ford street.

Mrs. Jacques Boisvert and her daughters, Blanche and Bernadette are the guests of Albert Boisvert of Salem, Mass., and later they will go to Salisbury, where they will spend the summer.

Misses Katherine O'Neil, Maud E. Kelly, Elizabeth Duffy and Ella Mullligan of the Heinze Electric Co. will enjoy the sea breezes at Lynn and Revere beaches for the next two weeks.

Mr. Erson Harlow, manager of the T. C. Lee Insurance Co., paid a visit to the city farm yesterday afternoon and held a conference with Mayor O'Donnell, Messrs. Cummings and Connor regarding the adjusting of the insurance on the building destroyed by fire during the thunder storm last Thursday.

L. H. Martin of Huntington street is to enter the tournament at Longwood, in which the entrants will compete for the Longwood bowl now held by E. P. Larned. Mr. Martin is undoubtedly the best tennis player in the city. He is a member of the Vesper Country club tennis team, and will certainly make it interesting for his opponents at Longwood. Mr. Martin played in the match at Longwood last year but failed to qualify.

During the past two weeks two valuable black and tan dogs, owned by Mrs. L. M. Milliken and Mrs. Andrew Gray, have been poisoned, and have died after long and severe sufferings. They were both great pets, and absolutely harmless. Mrs. Gray is living in Providence, R. I., at the present time and the dogs were kept by her mother, Mrs. Milliken, at 682 School street.

The entertainment committee of Industry council, 1722, Royal Arcanum, at its meeting last night completed arrangements for the reception to Grand Orator C. E. Searing of Stockbridge, on Wednesday evening. The degree staff under the direction of R. T. Mower will confer the degree according to the Alpha ritual, on several candidates. While refreshments are being served, an opportunity will be given all members of the order to meet the guest of the evening.

Why wear out your trousers with heat or friction? Use the "IRONLESS"

FUNERAL NOTICES

KOCHERSPERGER—Died, in this city, July 16, at the home of her daughter, Mrs. Dudley L. Page, 636 Rogers street, Mrs. Louise G. Kochersperger, aged 86 years, 3 months, 15 days, widow of John J. She leaves besides her daughter, Mrs. D. L. Page, one brother, W. C. Middle of Philadelphia, Pa. Funeral services Wednesday. Prayers at the house, 636 Rogers street at three o'clock. Friends invited. C. M. Young in charge.

HANLEY—The funeral of Charles J. Hanley will take place Wednesday afternoon at 2 o'clock from the home of his parents, James and Mary Hanley, 72 Summer street. Burial will take place in St. Patrick's cemetery. Undertakers M. H. McDonough Sons in charge.

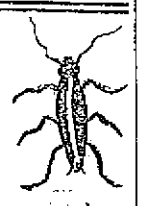
AUKINS—The funeral of Mrs. Agnes Aukins will take place Friday morning at 8.15 o'clock from the home of her brother, 94 First street. High mass of requiem at St. Michael's church at 9 o'clock. Funeral Director Jas. W. McKenna in charge.

KOCHERSPERGER—Died in this city July 16, at the home of her daughter, Mrs. Dudley L. Page, 636 Rogers street, Mrs. Louisa G. Kochersperger, aged 86 years 3 months 15 days, widow of John J. She leaves, besides her daughter, Mrs. D. L. Page, one brother, W. C. Biddle of Philadelphia Pa. Funeral services Wednesday. Prayers at the house, 636 Rogers street, at 3 o'clock. Friends invited. C. M. Young in charge.

McELROY—The funeral of Mrs. Bridget McElroy will take place Wednesday morning at 8.15 o'clock from her late home, 76 French street, and there will be a high mass of requiem at the Immaculate Conception church at 9 o'clock. Funeral Director James W. McKenna in charge.

$1.50 is far below their value. Get the "IRONLESS" PANT PRESSERS.

What is This Bug Doing Here?



O, I see, it is only a printed bug. Bugs can't live in the same house with

INSECT Exterminator

Wherever it is used red ants are ostracized.

Large Bottle 25c

FREE CITY AUTO DELIVERY

C. B. Coburn Co.

AT 91 MARKET ST.

Furniture Sale at Keyes' Commission Rooms, Green St., Next Thursday, July 18th, at 1.30 P. M.

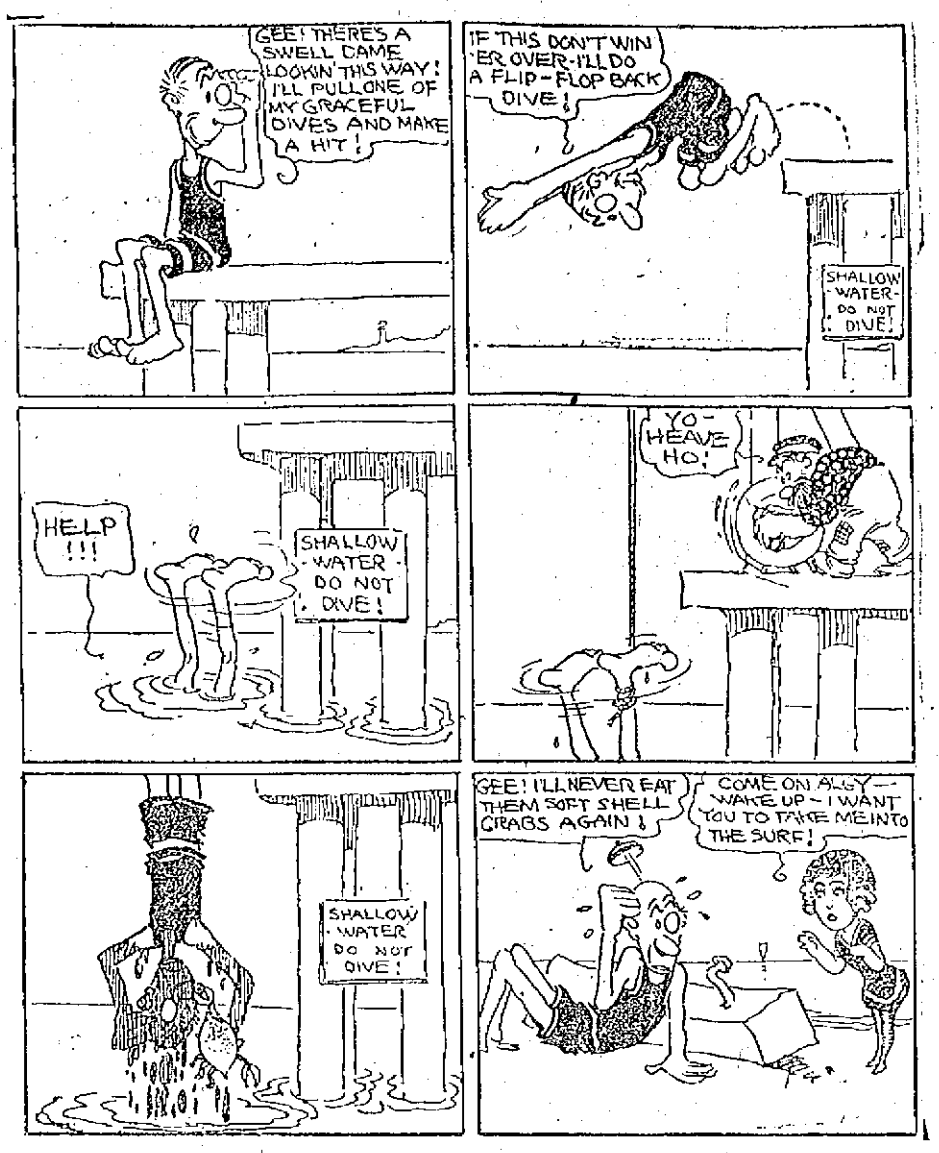
Goods consist in part of an upright piano, practically new, will have to be seen to be appreciated; a very handsome birch chamber suit; oak bookcase; 9 dining-room chairs with leather seats; Princess oak dresser; oak hall tree; 5 velvet rugs, 9x12; 2 seamless tapestry rugs, 9x12; roll top desk, flat desk, 4 office chairs, couch, 2 cold dressers; 3 Morris chairs; 24 cold rockers, 3-piece parlor suit with mahogany frame; combination bookcase and desk in oak, dresser, commode, 3 chairs and rocker in oak, 2 lots of straw matting, oak dresser, commode, 2 chairs and rocker, 2 small tables, 3 iron beds with national springs; round dining-room table, parlor suit, 2 refrigerators in perfect condition, 6 dining-room chairs with leather seats and backs, New Process gas range, No. 8 Victoria range, Social Household range, No. 8 Magee range, Success gas range, No. 8 Crawford range with hot water front, 2 sewing machines, key safe, combination house safe, office safe, 45 inches high, 28 inches wide, outside measurements; reclining doctor's chair; black walnut bookcase, 8 ft. long 5 ft. wide, with four drawers, upright show case 21x62 in size; 2 sets of drummer's samples of harness, rubber trimmed harness with Swift breastplate; nickel driving harness with Swift breastplate, express harness with New York breeching, fancy trimmed, 4½ inch saddle, 4 fire extinguishers, Underwriters.

SPECIAL AT 3 O'CLOCK

Five hundred rolls of wall paper in various designs; lots average from 2 to 20 rolls.

OPEN EVENINGS.

A DISASTROUS DIVE



DEATHS

HANLEY—Charles J. Hanley, aged two years and two months, beloved child of James and Mary Hanley, died Monday evening at the home of his parents, 72 Summer street.

LAVENDER—Mary Lavender, a former resident, died yesterday at her home in South Boston, aged 73 years. The body will be brought to this city by Undertakers J. F. O'Donnell & Sons.

SHANOS—Antony Shanos, aged 18 years, died yesterday at the Tewksbury hospital. The body was removed to the funeral parlors of Undertaker J. B. Bilodeau.

PATTERSON—Herbert A. Patterson died this morning at his home, 27 Myrtle street, aged 56 years, 2 months. Besides his wife, Lillian M., he is survived by one daughter, S. Frances Patterson, and two sisters, Miss Georgia Patterson of Lawrence and Mrs. Hattie Frost of East Putney, Vt., also one brother, George W. Patterson of Henniker, N. H. Funeral notice later.

AUKINS—Mrs. Agnes Aukins, a resident of Pawtucket, R. I., died this morning at the home of her brother, James Powell, 94 First street, aged 43 years. She is survived by five brothers, Richard and John Powell of Toronto, Can., Joseph of Syracuse, N. Y., Edward of Utica, N. Y., and James of this city; three sisters, Mrs. Elizabeth Mills of Utica, N. Y., Mrs. Alice Hanley of Hamilton, Can. and Mrs. Mary Hadley of Lowell.

FUNERALS

CALLAHAN—The funeral of the late Mrs. Margaret E. Callahan, one of the oldest residents of Centralville, took place this morning at 8.30 o'clock from her late home, No. 79 Lakeview avenue, and was largely attended by sorrowing relatives and friends including many from out of town. The cortege wended its way to St. Michael's church where at 9 o'clock a high mass of requiem was sung by Rev. Fr. C. J. McCarthy, O. M. I. The chair under the direction of Mr. Thomas Boulger sang the gregorian mass, the solos being sustained by Miss Margaret Griffin and Mr. Boulger. Miss Carolyn White presided at the organ. The bearers were Messrs James Martin, Patrick Martin, John Martin of Lawrence, nephews of the deceased, Thomas Riley of Newport, Thomas Callahan and Thomas Hamilton.

There were a profusion of beautiful floral tributes showing the high esteem in which the deceased was held among which were: Pillow, inscribed "Mother" from the bereaved family, large wreath sympathy of Mary Callahan, large wreath of galax leaves from Mr. and Mrs. James Martin and Mr. and Mrs. John Slaughter, cross of sweet peas from Mr. and Mrs. Austin Kennedy, large spray of roses and pinks sympathy of Ettime Godfiott, large wreath of roses from Mr. and Mrs. James Powers, also several other wreaths and sprays from other friends.

The interment was in the family lot in St. Patrick's cemetery where the last sad rites of the Catholic church were recited by Rev. Fr. Denis Murphy. The funeral arrangements were in charge of Undertaker James H. McDermott.

LYONS—The funeral of John J. Lyons took place yesterday afternoon. At the grave, Rev. Bernard Fletcher, O. M. I., read the committal prayers and the burial was in St. Patrick's cemetery, in charge of Undertakers J. F. O'Donnell & Sons.

EVERARD—The funeral of the late Miss Mary Everard took place this morning at 9.30 o'clock from the home of Miss Elizabeth Kearns, 27 Stanley street, and was largely attended. The cortege proceeded to St. Michael's church, where at 9.45 o'clock a high mass of requiem was celebrated by Rev. John J. Shaw. The choir, directed by Mr. Thomas P. Boulger, sang the Gregorian mass. The solos were sustained by Mr. Boulger and Miss Griffin. Miss Carolyn White presided at the organ. The floral offerings consisted of a pillow of roses, ferns ad carnations, inscribed "Mary," from the Kearns family; wreath of galax leaves and roses with ribbon inscribed "At Rest," from Mrs. James Walsh.

The bearers were Messrs. James Duddy, George Hendricks, William Wilson and Thomas Kearns. Burial took place in the family lot in St. Patrick's cemetery, where Rev. Fr. Murphy read the committal prayers at the grave. Funeral Director James W. McKenna in charge.

CHAIRMAN HILLES

LEAVES FOR NEW YORK TO BEGIN CAMPAIGN WORK

WASHINGTON, July 16.—Charles D. Hilles, chairman of the republican national committee, left Washington early today for New York to organize the campaign for the re-election of President Taft. Mr. Hilles, it was said today, had not severed his connection with the White House and it is believed he will resume his position as secretary to the president next November.

Mr. Hilles is not expected to spend all of his time in New York but will be in frequent consultation with the president and other party leaders here as long as congress is in session and is expected to visit the headquarters to be established in Chicago and the west.

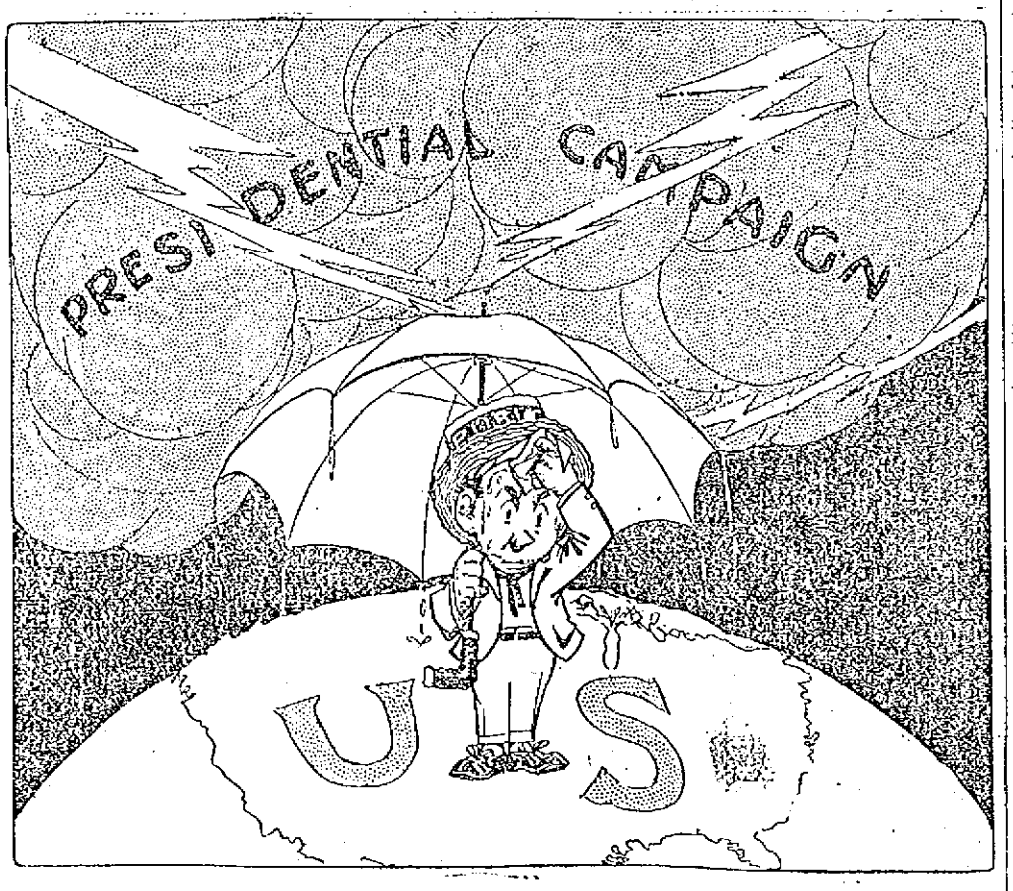
WORLD'S RECORD

BROKEN BY THE CALIFORNIA NAVAL MILITIA

U. S. S. MARBLEHEAD, Strait of Fuca, July 15—(By wireless to Seattle, July 16)—The California naval militia at target practice today broke the world's record, making 55 consecutive hits with the four-inch guns and 45 consecutive hits with the three-pounder guns.

No heat, searching, gloss or friction—saves—The "IRONLESS."

WEATHER FORECAST—STORMY



BELMONT GAVE $250,000 TO THE CAMPAIGN FUND

He Says That He Was Greatly Interested in the Nomination of Judge Parker

WASHINGTON, July 16.—A quarter of a million dollars was the estimate which August Belmont, testifying today before the senate committee investigating campaign contributions placed upon his contribution to the democratic national committee in 1904. He was not sure that that was the sum but was "satisfied to let it go at that."

"My habit has been that if I feel responsible for anything my obligation is not measured by dollars and cents," said Mr. Belmont, when Senator Paynter asked if his large contribution embarrassed him. Mr. Belmont was a member of the campaign executive committee that year.

Mr. Belmont told first of advancing $50,000 to the democratic national committee. He said he had been reimbursed $42,000.

"Those committees always start out that way," he explained. "They ask for advances and then begin to raise funds. Later they reimbursed me so that the balance of $8000 only was a contribution."

The capitalist remembered he had paid "two small items" of $1000 each to Maurice Cucor, a Hungarian leader in New York. He said he seldom contributed by check and could not remember the exact amount, "but I am satisfied with an estimate of $250,000."

Senator Jones asked Mr. Belmont how much he contributed in addition to the $250,000 given to the national campaign. The witness replied he always contributed to the campaign in his own locality and to the state campaign. He was not able to tell how much that made in addition to the $250,000.

"Do you care to give any reasons why you contributed so large a sum?" inquired Senator Jones.

"I was very active in the nomination," began Mr. Belmont, "and had been selected to serve on the committee. I never intended to make any such contribution but when deficits arose I contributed."

Mr. Belmont said he had no understanding of reward from Judge Parker, the presidential candidate, nor did he expect to have any special legislation. He said he was very much interested in the campaign and contributed purely as a democrat.

Mr. Belmont was unable to give an accurate estimate of the total of the funds at the disposal of the democratic national committee in 1904. When Senator Clapp asked if it were a million dollars he "guessed" it was not more than $600,000.

"I never asked for the specific amount," said Mr. Belmont. "You see these things are not conducted like a business concern. Keeping accounts is expensive and I doubt if any committee ever did it before it was obligatory to do so."

When asked if he could remember any contributions from individuals or corporations Mr. Belmont replied there were none from corporations.

"Any from individuals for corporations?" asked Senator Clapp.

"No—yes," replied the witness.

"From whom?" insisted Senator Clapp.

"Henry Havemeyer, but it was returned," Mr. Belmont said. The contribution was regarded as undesirable.

Mr. Belmont estimated the Havemeyer contribution at $10,000. He recalled that he had asked Morton F. Plant for a contribution and got "probably $2,500."

In answer to a question Mr. Belmont said he solicited money from his friends and acquaintances.

"Who was the most active in raising funds?" the chairman asked.

"Oh, that is a thing no one devotes all his time to," was the response. "Assigning speakers and distributing literature is the great work. Every democrat was supposed to contribute."

After telling the committee he was unable to give any information of the whereabouts of Charles Hall, assistant treasurer of the democratic committee in 1904, Mr. Belmont was excused.

THOMPSON FOR GOVERNOR

HUNTINGTON, W. Va., July 16.—It was expected when the democratic state convention convened here today that its business would be disposed of before evening. Leaders admitted that the nomination of William R. Thompson of Huntington for governor would be made without a contest.

PROGRESSIVE CONVENTION

CHEYENNE, Wyo., July 16.—Governor Carey last night issued a call for a meeting to be held at Cheyenne July 27 to elect delegates to the progressive convention in Chicago.

TENNIS CHAMPIONSHIP

BOSTON, July 16.—The eastern championship in doubles tennis tournament was started today as a joint attraction to the Longwood cup singles at the Longwood Cricket club. The heat was intense and one of the matches in singles was defaulted after going two sets because of the collapse of F. C. Bags of New York. F. H. Hackett, who won the national championship in doubles several years ago with W. B. Alexander reappeared this year with W. H. Maban of New York as a playing mate and the pair showed brilliant tennis in their match today with E. H. Woods and G. W. Wightman, a local team.

The feature of the forenoon play in singles was the defeat of G. C. Caner of Philadelphia, who yesterday put C. F. Whitney of Boston, one of the Massachusetts doubles champions.

THE SUN

LOWELL'S GREATEST NEWSPAPER

EVERYBODY'S READING IT NOW

Order it mailed to your vacation address. No trouble to send it every day to any address for one cent a copy. Have it sent for any length of time.

If you want help at home or in your business, try The Sun "Want" column.

THOMAS H. KELLEY, Auctioneer

Office, Paige Street, Opposite Merrimack Square Theatre

THE MOST DESIRABLE RENTING AND INVESTMENT PROPERTY AT 657-659 MIDDLESEX STREET AT ABSOLUTE AUCTION SALE JULY 20TH AT 4 O'CLOCK IN THE AFTERNOON.

This property consists of the four-tenement brick block together with 2615 square feet of land at 657-659 Middlesex street, admirably situated for renting as tenements as at present or for remodeling for store purposes. Tenements in this vicinity are always let and to a good paying class of tenants. There has not been an idle tenement in this block for the past ten years. There are four tenements of six and seven rooms each renting from $9 to $12 per month, or a total rental of $468 per year. The land is practically all covered with buildings with the exception of a yard in the rear with plenty of room for shed and clothes lines. There is a 25 ft. alley in the rear which must always be kept open.

The location of this parcel of real estate, just above the Davis & Sargent box shop, not far from the corner of Branch street, on Middlesex street, one of the main business streets of the city, not far from the depot, upon a street smooth paved, with electric cars passing every five minutes in the day, where property must increase in value, makes it a most desirable parcel to own. The property is today paying a good per cent. upon the assessed value, and with the expenditure of a few dollars for alterations might be greatly increased. It is seldom that a brick building upon one of Lowell's principal business streets is offered at auction sale.

Sixty per cent. or more of purchase price may remain on mortgage at five per cent. For further terms and conditions of sale, make inquiry of the auctioneer.

THOMAS H. KELLEY.

JOHN M. FARRELL, Real Estate and Personal Property Auctioneer

162 MARKET STREET, LOWELL, MASS.

Real Estate Auction Sale at Kenwood, Dracut, Mass., Saturday, July 20th, 1912, at 3 P. M.

I will sell without limit at public auction this very desirable suburban home, consisting of a cottage house of five rooms, barn for two horses, carriage room, and 15000 square feet of land, situated on the corner of three streets, Grant, Leveret and Jacob streets. The land is level and good soil; fruit trees and shrubbery all set out; has maple shade trees all along the three streets, making it a pleasant place within 5c car limit; just off the car line. To reach the sale get off at Grant street; it is but a few steps.

This property is owned by out-of-town parties and must be sold to the highest bidder.

Terms of sale: $100 must be paid to the auctioneer at time of sale. Other terms at sale. Per order F. A. DODGE.